## ENOCHIIAN



The
Original System of Angel Magic

## Donald Tyson

## Open the Gates of Understanding

Fegen with a clear atol combehtenside orerview of the entire system of Erochian magic-nor just arother rellash of previously published material tracerian Magic for Beginners presents the authentic system of angelic mag̣ic taught to Dee and Kelley in its natural order, and places these teachings in their hiscorical context. Drawing upon such obscure and hard-to-find sources as Dee's Hepmerchia Mygtios, Lber sientide Amexillia et Viczoriae and others, Donald Tyson has painslakingly reconislructed the mosh accurate angl accessible wersion of Enochian magic published to date.

Here are all the essential parts of the original system of Enochian magic, as it was delivered to John Deecompletely restored and corrected. All of the sipils, seals, and other magical symhals have heen cate[ully vedrawn based upon photographs of Dr. Dee"s oripinal drawings and varlous plates in Causabon"s True and Fuibrul Feld tion Everything you need to become a practicioner of Encochian magic -or to learn what it's all about-is prowided in an easy-ta-use format, in simple language.

## About the Author

Donald Tyson resides in Halifax, Nova Sootia, Canada. Early in life he was drawil to science by an intense fascination with astronomy, building a relescope by hand when he was twelve. He began university seekimg a science degree, bur became disillusioned with the aridity and futility of a mechanistic view of the universe and shiflen his major to English literature, After graduating with honvrs he has pursued a writing career.

Now he devotes bis life to the athanment of a complete gnosis of the ant of magic in theory and practice. His purpose is to formulate an atcessible systent of personal training composed of East and West, past and present, that will help the individual discover the reason For one's existence and a way to fulfill it.

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# Enochian Magic ${ }^{\text {br }}$ Beginnris 

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Donald Tyson

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## Introduction

## Legacy of the Angels

## The Original Enochian Magic

This book contains the complete and original system of Enochian magic. It was Iransnuitted to the Elizahethan sage Dr. John Dee through bis seer the alchernist Edward Kelley by a group of spiritual beings wha presented thenselves as the same holy angels who had instructed the patriarch Enoch. Whether thep were really angels is a moot point. since thay ceased to speak writh humankind after Dee and Kelley separated in 1569 , but their legacy is without question the most renuarkable: artifact in the entire history of spirit emmmunication.

It is botll a system of theurgy (a method for simmmoning and commanding angelic beingb) and goery (a method for shmmoning and commanding demunsi], Alttough the angels gave Dee strict instructions that he should newer use the mapic for evoking cril spirits, the names of evil spitits are prowided in Enochian magic nonetheless, along with teclaniques fior summoninf, them, In the following pages 1 put forth the premisi that Enowhian maric may have a deeper and darker purpose that was never rewealed by the angels to bee. II is my belief that the angels inlerated it to serve as a magical trigger for the chaotic transition-generally referced to as the apocalypse-between the present aeon and the next.

## Origin of the System

The practical efficacy and ultimate purpose of this system depends in large measure on its oriogin. For corturies it was dismissed by scholars as either a constious falbricalion by kelley to dereive Due or a device Dee ereated to conceal a dechnique of cryprography he used in his politiGal espionage. The eridence is persuasive that Dice was indeed a secret apent working for the Eraglish govemment, and he did possess an extensive knowledge of ciphers. Kelley, for his part, was a rogue who had engaged in mumerous criminal activitios including forgery, chunterfeiting, and black linapic before enterian Deres employ is a seer. Yet there is no evitence that Enochian mapic was ever used to entode tspionage ciphers, nor is it Jikely that Kellcy was intellectually capahle of creating so complex anil beautiful a system of mapic.

Aryone who makes a scrichs study of Dee's magical diaries is forced to conclute that Enochian magic is a genwine phenomenon of spiritualism, Whatever the true nature of the angels-ntussengers of God or sladow personalities withirn the unconstious minds of the two menthey clearly inteluted the information they transmited to sipre sone highter purposc: one which they newer explicitly revealed to Tlee. On seweral occasions they told Dee and Kelley that the men hall been brought together to act is. key agents in a divine plan, and that united they were greater than ilte sum of their parls. They infonned Kelley that his acrizzing talent as a psychic was a pitt they had Eestowed upon the alchernist, a gift that would be withdrawn should Relley over leave Dee's service.

Ore thing is heyond cjuestion-hhere exist levels of mystery and fower in Enochian magic that no scholar and roo rituralist has ever begun to exploit. Much of cle
system, inchuding the complex set of magic squares that makes up Dee's Bionk of Eroch and the mumbering that appeats in the hauntingly beautiful poetry of the Enochian Keys, pergists as a complete enigma to this day, For centuries Enochian magicians have made use of parts of the system. Ofher parts remain beyond their meach, just as they were beroond the monderstanding of Dee and Kelley. The angels reserved to themselves many secrets.

## The Dinision of Fate

Enochian magtic falls into two parts. This structure was not intentional, but ati accident of fate. Originally the angels cransmitted the system in bils and pieces that were not in any logical order, but were scrambled logether. This may have heen the result of the angels" difficulties in alealing with linear time, of it may have been a deliberate way of concealing the magic from casual eyts, Dee was able to sort out some of the confusion in his manuscriphs, but after his death his Enochian papers became split into two collections.

The papers that concem the later half of Enochian magic were published in 1659 by Meric Cusaubon. This is the material that is generally koown as Envehian magic. It contains the four Watchuwers, the Enochian Keys or Calls, and the vocabulary of the Enochian language. It was this second hall of the system that found its way into the magic of the Victorian ocoult society known as the Hermetic Order of the Colden Dawri. Through the teachings of the Colten Dawn, Enochian magic has spreatd widely in the English-speaking pocult community over the last cemury.

The papers that address the first ball of the Encehian system remained unpublished until modern
times. They were available to serious researchers in the original manuscripts by Dee and early handwritten copies by athers, but were virtually unknown to the average working ritualisc. They deal with the inwocation of planetary angels usirig a systeni of sigils and magic squares. This early portion of Enochian matic known as the Heptarchia Mysrica is still widely regarded as a separate system, more or less unrelated to the magic of che Watchtowers and the Enochian language. This is incors rect, however. Enochian magic is a single, complex entity that can only he understond as a whole.

## The Reasons for This book

I wrote this book for two reasors. The first purpose was to present live entire spectruon of Enechian magic as an inteprated system. Hecause of its early division into two parts, and because of the sheer complexity of the subject, it has been the temency of writers to treat single aspects (such as the Watchouwers) in great detail, but to ignore other aspects. This can be disorienting to the novice, who is unable to place the topic under examination inlo the context of Enochian Mapic as a whole.

Too often, Enoclian magic is presented as something eternally existent. There is no serious altempt to give a detailed history of Dee and Kelley during their partuership, or to show the technical elernents revesaled by the angels in a wider context. Usually no more than a few pages is alevoted to the ritual methot by which the communications were received, to what the angers actually sad to Dee and Ficlley on a personal level, or to Ihe significance of their philosophical teachings, While I have treated the ritual mechanics of Enochian magic with great thoroughness, I have nol neglected the larger
picture Those who wish to know what Enochian maghe is all about will find their questions answered here, insofar as such questions have an answer.
the second reasor I wrote this book was to give, perbaps for the first cime, the original systern of Enochian magic as revcaled by the angels and recorded by John Ehe, Most works focus exclusively on the form of Enochion magic that was taught in the onder papers of the crolden Dawn, which is not the Enochian magic. of Dee and Kelley. Golden Lawn Enochian magic doals almost exclusively with a montified version of the Great Table of the Walchtowers and the Enochian Kivsinpurtant elements of the system, but only a small port of the whole: To this essential nut of Enochian material the leaders of the Golden Dawo grafted a complex set of magical associations derived from the generat Golden Dawn system of magic. These occult correspondences have molling whatsoever to do wich the original system of Enochian magic revealed by the angels.

Wher the Enochiza materlal in the papers of the Golder Dawn represented all of the system generally awailable to the public, there was some cationale tor favoring il. Hut since most of the sarwiving orginal Enochian manuscrjpts have now found their way into prinu in one form ar another, it has hecome inexcusable to treat the restricted, nodified portion of Enochian material used in the Golden Dawn as the whole of Erochian magic. This work is dedicated to illuminating the whole of the original system.

## New Findinos

Some of what I present here will not be found outside my works. It is the resule of my intense persoral studies
of the Enochian system. This includes the reformed ordering of the Watchtowers on the Great Table, the assignrnent of the Enochian Keys to the subquarters of the Table, the completely rewritten Hook of spirits by which the angels are to be initially comacted, the final version of the Heptagon Stellar (the greal seal of the angelic heptarchyj, the illirstrations showing the flow of elemental currents in the Round House, and much more

Tri the course of writing this book I created two new Frochian typelaces, onte for Enochian print characters ant the orher for seript or cursive characters. This was necessary silice the standard Enowhian lypelace contains numerous serious and obvipus errors, These new Enochian fonts appear in ony illustrations of sigils and tables, all of which have been redrawn and corrected atter comparing them with multiple sources. It is my belief that my jilustration of the Sigillum Aumeth is the most accurate version currently apailahle.

## Secrets of the Angels

Enochian mapic is complex. Aspects of it remajn obsemre to this day. This situation is made worse by the loss of some of John Dee"s manuscripts, ant the damage lime has done to those that survive. Even if we possessed all of Dee's magical writings in pristine condition, we would not fully understand Enochian magic hecause the angels did not Iransmit all the dereills of its working. Dee did the best he could to make sense out of the communications, but was forch to rely on an incomplete model.

Without question, some of what appears in this book is faulty. On keyr topies for which chere is no complele explanation I have been forced to spectulate. These speculations are clearly labeled as iny own interpretation
of the material, and got should trear all of these personal interpretations as umprowen. I have given them bectuse I believe then to be the bess available understanding of the material. Other writers would giwe you nothing for fear that they might be discopered at sonte later date to have made mislakes, and indeent, 1 have probably committed errors in my persorall interpuetarion of olbscure parts of the: Enowhan system, hut I beljere the value of these speculations outweighs their liability-

For example, in rodrawins the ensigns of the heptarchical angels I relied mainly orj the plate chat appears in Meric Casaubon's frase and Faidy fill Redutor, which shows the ensigns spread in a circle on top of the latble of Practice. It is mby conviction that llue ensigns werc actually painted on the talble (an altemative method of presentation allowed by the angels), Since the antisi who matde the plate for Canalubon worked from Deers actuad table, which has since vanishes from the tace af the Earth, 1 judge his illusiration to be the most valuable, even thoughi it conflicts in many details with other versions of the ensigns published by Rolvert lumer in his book The Heptarchia Mystion of John Dec.

Dee may well have made deliberale modifications do the ensigns when he cante to painc them boilo lie surface of his Table of Practice, and these changes may mot have been retroactively made in his manuscript drawings. Nonelleless, I closely referrect to the ensigns in Turner's work, and where it seemed likely that the engraver may have commulted an error (i.e. mistaking Dee's handwritten " 11 " for "u"), I have included these changes in my illustrations of the ensigns.

This process of comparison, iutsgenent, and compoomise was followed throughout this book. I lititieve it has resulted in a high deqree of acculaty, but due ro the very
[nature of the Enochian materiat, complete accuracy is impossible. In cnany cases we simply do not know what the angels intended-or even what Dee intended-with absolute cerreinty. Bear this fact in mind wher you encounter details in the syslem that seem to contradict what you have seen clsewherc.

## A COMflete COMpennum of Enochian Magic

I wrote this work to orient the nowice lo Enochian magic and to provide in a logical and accurate form all the key aspects of the oripinal system delivered to Kelley lyy the angels, However, experionoed Enochian magicians will also finch a great deal chat is of interest, because I have been able to treat faniliar prats of the system in fresh and insightif] ways. Even though the Graal Table of the Walchtowers is the most frequenl subject of writers on Enochian magic, its essential mature has never really been cxarmined. writers get lust in the details of its construction and use, and forget to ask what in actually is.

Enochian magicians should not be misted by the litle of this work. Ti is written for beginners, but it is not a sluperficial treatment of Enochian mapic. It is a comprehensive examination of the full rarme of original Enochian magice set in the wrider context of all of the Erochian communctations. I have beern able to encapsulate a great dead of useful insomation in the form of images and tables. Wy hope is that lle work will serve not only as an overview for beginners, but also as a source for working Erochian magiclans.

I am deeply intlebted to those writers who bave pullished acrurate transcriptions of porions of Deets
magical diaries. Noteworthy among, them ate Robert Tumer, Geoffrey James, and, mosl of all, Meric Casaubon. Without their work and the work of ollers like them this book would nat have buen possible. They have my sincere thanks.

## Chapter One

## Enochian Magic

## The Wisdom of Enoch

Enochian magic is a system of theurgy, or angel magic, psychically conveyed to the Elizahethan alchemist and sher Edward Kolley lyy a group of spirits that came to he called the Enochian angels. Ower the years 15\$2-1587 Ute spirits dictanet various parts of this mazic to Kelley, or presented it in the form of visions while Kelley scried into a crystal ball.

Kelley repeated tlee words of the spirits and described the risions to his friend and employen, the greal mathematician, geoprapher, ant astrologer Dr, John Dee. Dee sat beside Kelley during the serying sessions with a pen in his hand and papers spread before: him. Everylling that Kelley said, Dee reconded werbalim. Thanks to Dee's careful merhokl, the communications of the spirits have been preserved with the accuracy of a court transcript.

Tlue anpels identified themselves to Kelley as the same angels who had instrucred the patriasch Enoch in the angelic language ankl the wisdom of God, Enoch was the only patriarch of the old Testament to be elewated into heaven while stitl alive-at least, this was the interpretarion of the Jewish rabtis and Kabbalists of Genesis 5:24: "And Enocli walked with Grod; and he was not; for God locik him." All the other descendanls of Adam
down to Noah mentioned in the Bible are explicitly said to have died, but not Enoch.

Over the ernturies, a wisdom tradition grew up around Enoch. Along with Adam, Noah, Solomorl, and a few others, he is suid to have been one of those responsible for passing the primal teachings of the angels on to bumaniry. The apocryphal Book of Enoch arose flom this tradilion. The key event in this book is a derscription of how the mebellious angels, lusting after the daughlers of men, descended to Earth and laught humankind all the arts and sciences of atornment, magic, and warfare that sow strife throgghout the world.

## Theurgy and Gohty

According to the angel Ave, these evil angels were permilted to descencl upon the Earth and spread false and destructive teachings because the kings of the Earth hatd erown arrogant through the use of the wigdona bequeathed to them by Enoch. As a punishment, God sent false and deceiving angels to teach what is presently known as black magic. In this way, Cod allowed humankind to be the instrument of ifs own punishment. However, Ave lellg Kelley, Cod has decided to permit the true wisdom of Enoch, as preserved in his heavenly books, once again to be knownt upon the Earth. Dee and Kelley are to be the instruments of its disseminarion.

The lard appeared unto Linuch, and was ueceitel unto him, opened lis cyes, that he might see and judge the tarth, which Wias unknown unto his Parents, by reasm of their fall: for the Lard said, Let us shew umlo Enach, the use of the earch: And In, ELoull was wige, and full of the spicit of wisdom.

And he sayed unto the Lard, Let dure be remenbaumer of thy merty, and let thase that love thece taste of this after mut: O let not thy mesty be forgatren. Aud the Lord was plesesed.
And after 50 darys Enoch had weitlezs: and this was the Tiule of his books, let duse that fear Gold, and are worthy real.
Bur behold, the people wowed wickes, and became unrightems, and the spirit of the Lord was fat off, ant gunc away from thent. So that thonse lhat were unmonhy began to mad. And the Kitus of the patlly suid dius agrainsi Die' Lond. What is it that we cannot do! Dr who is he, that call nesist ws? And the Lord was wexed, and he sent in amnegst derm an hundreal atud fifty Linns, and spisits of wickeducese, errour, and deceit: and they appeared unita them; tion the Lord had pat chem between those that are wicked, aud his goad Angels: And they began to vennterfeic the doules of God and inds power, for they hat power given them so 10 do. so that the mennury of Enoch wristuxd away: and che spirits of emmir begin to teach then Loocrimes: which fiom uitelt to time unto this ater and unte this duy, hath sprend ilucuat into all parts of dre world, and ts the skill and cumitury wit tue wicked,

Hereby they speak with the revils: nut becanae thery tuwe power over the Devils, hut heculuse they are jnyned umb them in the league and Discipline of durir own Lomprise,
For behnld, ats the knowlenge of the mystical ngures, wd the use of their presence is the gift of Gad delwent to Enoch, and by Enoch his requers to the faith.full, wat Usereby they mighe thave the true use of Gods creatures, \& w Jee cath whereon they dwelt: so buth tue Devil dellvered unte the wicked the signs, and rokents of his emor and latred tnpands God: wherehy they in using them, miegt tonsent writh their fatl: and so heronse partakers with thens uf their rewand, which is eternal datwuilionn.

Thege they call Characterse a lamentable thing, For by wese, many souls have perished.
Now hath if pleased God to deliwer chus Doctrine again out of darknesse: and to fultill his promise with thee, for the


Let thase thal are worthy uuderstind this, by thee, that it may be one witnesse of my promise toward ritee.'
Cod directly pledges to. lohn Dee, throuph his messenger the angel Ave and through Dep's scryer Edward Kelley, that the systhern of mapic being revealed to Dee is the penuine wisdom on Enoth by which may bo lided "the use of the earth." The one hundred and fifly lions, "spirits of wickednesse, enour, and dectit" are the same fallen anpels who, in the Brok of Enoch, sin with mortal women and teach corrupting sciences to humaukind. According to Ave, this false teaching consisted mainly of demornic magic, or goery-

It is cominon for the proponents of a sysum of religion, philosophy, or mapic to claim that theirs is the only legitimate pracrice, and Inat all methods thar difter from il are corrupting and false. By slandering other forms of magic the anpels hope to elevale their own toachingss and give them a greater inmportance in Dee's eyes.

Kelley, who letore his association with Ilee had considerable firsthand knowleklpe of necromancy and other forms of black mapic. tells Ave that the wisdom of Enoch seems very like common magic to him, but Ave assures Kelley, "Nay, they all played at this," ${ }^{2}$ meaning that all forms of mapic other llann Enochian magie are rmere playthings-that Enot!lian mapic is the only true theurgy approved ly Cod and acceptet by the angels of heaven.

## Tile Gates and tíe Kefs

It is important to undersland that Enochian mapic is solely conccrned with the ritual summorning and cormmand of angels and lessire spirits, When speaking almout the formal Enccluan evorations known as the Calls or Koys, the anopel

These calls tuwch all the parts of the World. The World may be deall wiltall, with hes parts: Therefore you may do anything. These Calls are the keyes into the Gates and Cities of wistow. Which Cittec arce nat ahle to be uproed. but with wisible apparicinn."
The gates to the cities of wisdom are forly-nine in number. However, bue of the gates is too holy to be opened, so the actual Keys number forty-eiblt. The cities of wistom ate spiritual realms irdabited by different hieratchits of angels with distinct fimelions on the: earth. Thesc heaverly cities are represented by fortynine extrumely complex dumber/Letrer 3icuares that contain forty mint rows and forly-nine columms. Taken together, the angels refer to these squares as the tarok off Enoch Onse of the squares is represented in a plate at the beginming of Meric Casaubon's A True and Fairfful Reldtion. Conterming these magic squares, Nalvape tells Dee:

Wou live 49 Tahleg: In thuec Tables are cuntained the mpanical and holy vaices of the Angels: dignillusd: and in stare dlegkoritied and dient in confusion: which piercath Havven, and looketh into the Center of the Eirith: the very language and speach of Clieldrin and Trnocerus, surh as magnifie the tuame of cood, atud are pure.:
The forty-nine talles do not playy a direct part in Enuchian magic. They serve as the chatic ground from which the words of the keys were drawn letter by tortuous lecter during the scrying sessions. Fielfy would watch in the crystal as an angel pointed to one cell or another of the relevent table, then call out the pesition of the cell to Dec, who would then look up the cell in his copy of the table and write down the letler he tound there, The Keys were delivered in this way, hackwards and ane lelter at a time:

## 6. Enochian Magic for Beginners

The occult energies of these tables are embodied collectively in a single letter talile with four quadranls called the Great Table. It is a magical schenatic diagram of the Enochian universe, Each grackant on the Great Table is known as a Watchtower. The Keys open the gates to the cities of the angels whose mames are witten in the Watclatowers and call them forth, along with their numerous servants. Taken together, the forty-eighal Keys and lle Great Table of the four Watchtowers form the heart of Enwchian magic.

## Tire Book of Siryered Leaves

There is anollier book spoken about by the angels that is umdoubtedly connected with the book of magic squares. Dee is directed to construct it with blank leaves in preparation mo receive the writing of the angels. They will inseribe the book directly during the iniliad ritual working that will establish contact with the Enothian hierawtries:

[^0]The Book of Spirits is a common reature of mediewal angel magic. ${ }^{5}$ It conatans the names, sigits, and occasionally images of the spirits who ace bound in service to the magician-usually after an involven and intense ritual working, that achieves the initial evocation of the spirits.

The spirits write the book themselves, sign it with Uluir marks and sighatures, or at the least swear obedience to it. Of course, spinits are non actually capable of writing in the book. This is accomplished liy possessinp, the magician without his or her awareness and using the body of the magician to write or sign the Tonok of Spinits.

In Dee's case, the angels of the lorty-eight spirituat] cities that may be opened by the Jreys are to be repre. sented by occult symbols that probably containcol letter and number combinatipns. Jow ver, we wild never know what the Book of Silvered Leaves was inatended to contain sime Clee's copy, if he ever made it, was not inycribed by the angels and has not sturvived. These mysterious signs were to be meseribed on silwered parchment by the potent Mother of many of the Enochian angels, a being so exalted she identifies herself only with the title T AM , which is equivalenl to the Hebrew narne of God, Ehcieh. She afpears to be the same angel as the Queen of Heaven of Revelitiont 12:1.

## The Enochian Working

The inscription of Dee's Book of Silvered Leaves was to occur after an elghteen-day periot of rilual working during which an original evocation composed by bee and Kelley was to be spoken on eaclo dayr For the first four days of the working, Dee was instructed by we to address his evocation only to the natitey of codt for che
following fourteen days Dee should cwoke the hierarchies of angels by tle specific names of God that rule each:

Four duysy ... must pur unely call upan those names of God, or ont die God of Hoscs, in Uhose names:
htud 14 daycs aftes you shatl (in chis, ot some convejient plate) Call the Angels by Petition, and by the name of Gud, wito the which they ane obedient.

The 15 day you shall Cloalh yous selves, in westures made of liantin, whitc: and so have the apparition, use, and prutuce of the creatures. For, it is not a labour of years, hor many dayss."
The Creatures that Ave refers to would seem to be the angels of the Thisty Actlers or Airs, who are represented by the tast thirty Kefrs. These keys are really a single call al summons to thirty different angelic zones or spheres called Aethers. Only the names of the Aethers change in the last thirty Keys-they are otherwise identical. For this reason, the bineteenth Kiy is known as the key of the i'hirty Aethers. The Princes of the Aethers rule ower the lesser spirits af the regions or kingdons of the world. It was these geographical spirits that Dec most waned io control.

About the robes and the book used during this working, Ave says: "You milust never use the Garment after, but that once onty, neither the book." Keller quite reasomalily onjowts; "To what end is the book made then, if it be not to be used after." Dee somewhat restily reproves Kelley: "Il is made for to be used that day onely." ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

There is some ambiguity here about which bouk is being discussed. Kelley means the book of names and invocations that he and Dee are brderell to create themselves. About this workbook, which 1 will call Dec's Took of Spirits, Ave lells [wee; "The Book consisteth [1] of Inwocation of the rames of Got, and [2] of the

Angels, by the names of Cod: Their offices are manjiest. "', This would seen to have a innction throughout the eightem days of the working and perhapts thereafter. Dee actually created the moblel En' this Book of Spirits invoking the names of God and the anpels, it forms Dee's mantugerjpt Liber Scerntat Awxilii el Victo ride Temsutris, which still exists and is kept in the British Library,

The angel sue probliahly means the book of blonk, silvered leaves that is to be supernaturally inseribect by his Mother. This Hork of silver would be used onty on the single day the angels pledged obedience to Dee. The silvering of the leaves sugtrests that the Mother of the angels is a lunate gotidess, and that Enochian magic is lunar in nature. Monday (the day of the Moner) appeans to be the Emothian sathlath."

## Enochian Magic Forbligen to Dee AND Kelley

There is ho evidence that Der and Kelley ever conducted this wrorking to initiate the perwer of the: Encolian angels. They were waiting for permission to do so from the angels, but that permission was never granted.

Maswarn: Yu culled for wisdom, Cond hath npemed
 keyses, thit you thay enter; but be humble. Finter not of presuraptiun, but of perctission, ©o not in rashly: Fus he
 huve costered. By Sunday you shath have all things that are mexusary to be tiauphat; then (as ocoasion serverh) yon may practice it ill wimes. Hut you belng called by tiod, and to a groul purpose.

Dee: Hnsw still we understand thils Culling hy God? Mansima: Cod sconpeth my mouth, I will answer thee mo tuere."

It is evident to me from a close sludy of the Enochian transcriphs that the angels intended Deet to have the systern of Enochian magic, but never Fntended to permit him to actually use it. [he and Kelley served as humath instruments throught which the angels were able to transimit Enochian magic la the human race. Gabuiel tells Dee and Kelley, "Titt in you two is figured the time to come, "נ The angels assure Dee and Kelley that they will continue. to prosper and be secure for as long is they jemain together, becanse they are two parts of a single whole, "The seer let him see, and took after the doing of him that he secth; for you are but one body in this work. "rs

Kelley has beern granted the gift of second sight solely so that he can assist Dee in receiving Enochian magic.

Shall at dark sellay bag or howas uf her heiuty? because she renpively light atti cleernasse, by a cantle broughl into, or shiusuing into her.

No mote canst chou, [E.K.] for the ripenmesse of thy wit sudd understauding is through the presence of us, and ous illumination.

But if we depart, thou shalt become a ditk, stller and stall think two well of chty self in waict. ${ }^{\text {Th }}$

Elsewhere the angel Uriel, speaking in the woice of God, tells Kelley: "1 will make thee a great Seer: Such an ome, as shall iudge the Circle of things In nature. But heaventy underslanding, and spirimal knowletge shall be sealed up from thee in this world. ""s Kelley is regarded by the angels as litle mure than a psychic telephonte lhrough which they may reach the conscious mind of John Dee. The anpels bacely tolerate his suspepions amel
verbal abuse. They know that Kelley detests them and considers them to be deceivers.

The angels respect Dee for his great piecy and wisdom, hut even he will not be permited to attain the full understanding of Enochian magic. The anget Gabriel rells Dee this, and makes further reference to the necessity of Dee and Kelley remaining logelliter as one ongatic unit (even to the extert of sharing their wives in common, a [alure event foreshadowet here);
"Thou slualt nuwer know the mapgertes of all himge that
have been specken. If you love together, ind dwell together,
and in one God; Then the self-amme God will be mexriful
unto You: which bless you, cormion you, ind strengehen
Pisunto the end."

Dec and Kulley were two balves of a human machine for receiving ant recording the mysteries of the angelic communications. Kelley had the abilicy to perceive the angels and their teachings. Dee lad the intulligence to understand and transcribe them accuracely, and to correct any errors that ncourred during theír transmission. Neither man could have genclatell the system of Enochian magic alone. Fach acted as a catalyst to the other.

## Chapter Two

## John Dee and Edward Kelley

## AN UNLIKELY PARTNERSHIE

Fo understand the oripin of Enochian magic, it is necessary to know something about the strange partnership from which it germinared. There hats never been a more unlikely pairing of personalities than Dee and Kelley. They were as different as day ant jifigh Yet they shared an imesistible fascimation for the forbidden wiskom of the angels.

Dee sought the teaching as an instrument trough which he could serwe lis ration and revolutionize human knowledge. Kelley single-mindecly pursued the secret of alchemical tearsisornmation that would give him personal wealth and power. Fach rian needed the other to make his dream a reality. Although they oflen alisagow, they remained throughout their years together, and for many years after, genuine friends.

## "My Ubiquitous Eyes"

Jobu Dee (1527-1608) was the clder of the two men by twenty-eight years. This Catber, Rowland Dec, a minor and rclatively poor nobleman of welsh descent, worked as a Centleman Server in the household of Eing Henry VIII.

This office consisled of superwising the royal kitchens and carving the meat at the King's table. The young Dee was bronght up to be proud of his remote blood connestion with the ancient Welsh kings.

Early in life Dee showed a precocious talent for mathomatics. At age fifteen he became a student at St. John's College at the University of Cambridge: He excelled at scholarshipy and pursued it with a lanatical zenl, writing: "in the yeares 1543, 1544 and 1545 I was so vehementie bent to studje that for those yeares I did inviolably keep this oriter; only to sleep four houres every night; to allow co meate ahif crink (and some refreshing after) two houres every day; and of the other eiphteen heures all texcept the time of going tio and being al djwine service) was spent in nly studies and learning.".

In 1546 lue graduated Bachelar of Asts From St. John's College, and later in the same year hecame one of the original Fellows ar Trinity College, newly founded by Henry VIII. Although he carned lis Master of Arts degree from Timity, and subserguently wou great acclaim for his stuflies and lectures at the universities of Louvaine and Paris, there is no evillence that lie wis ever awarded a doctorate from any universily in Europe. The "Doctor" atcached to his bame may have leen an homorary title.

It was turing his graduate years at Trinicy Ilat he first acjuired the lablel of "soreerer" that was to follow him throughout his life. For a student production of Arislophanes' play Peace he contrived a rawchanical flying beetle that cartion one of the actors up into the air. The stape mechanism was se well desigued that many in the audience thought Dee had achieveld the effect thruugh superratural meatls.

When Elizabeth came to the throne in 1559, it was Ibee who asirulogically chose the date for her commation.

Dee was later summoned to investigate a waxem wilch tholl in the jrmage of the Queen found in Lincoln's lnn Fields with a great pin theust through its heall Throughlout her life, Elizabeth maintained the bighest reapect and affection for Dee-allhought this seldoun translated into desirable political appointments or Lavish gifts.

In part, the Quedu's favor was reparment for Dee's loyalty to her during her house arrest mider Flobily Mary Tindor, Dee vnce showed Flizabeth a horoscope he had cast for Queer Mary and compared it mandorality will Elizabeth's own horoscope. This imprudent act caused bim to be denounced as a soreverer by one of Mary's spies and arrested. He was tried tor meason, but was antuited the to lack of evidence, This shared persecution by Mary bonded him nore closely to Elizaboth.

Fal there was nol condescension in Elizabeth's artitude toward Dee, who at the time was widely regarded as lhe foremost bright young man in England. He was skilled in Latiu. Greek, and Hehrow, knowledgeatile in medicine, a gifted mathematician, a philosopher, a prac* tical astronomer as well as an astrologger, it histurian, aud a respected author. He had studied cartography and rav. igation under Gerhardus Mercalor anul was responsible for introducing some of the latest sciensific insilmments into Fingland, muring liss trips to the Continent while a university student he had gatmered great acelaim as a gubilie lectures.

Precisely what Elizaberb's trine relationshin with Inee may have entailed is not known for certain, but there is evidence that he acted as an espiunage agent for the Queen during his Continental travels. Elizabeth referm to Dee as "My Nolble Incelligencer" and "my Ubicuutous Eyes." It is only coincidence, but a very curious ante, that Der signeal his letters to the Quewn with the symbols not. ${ }^{3}$

Dee also instrucled the Queen in ancane matters. Besides ceachingy her astrology and astronomy, he gave her priwate lessons in the mysteries of his 1564 wrork The Ifterghthe Monad at her swn request. After revealing the secret keys oi the Monad to Elizabeth, Dee records in his diary her reaction: "Whereupor Jer Majestie had a little perusion of the same with me, and then in most herbicall and princely wise did comfort and encourage me in nly stadies philosophicall and mathematicall. "'s

Dee acted as her astrological counseler in personal and state allairs, and probalbly erected protective barriers ior her against occult attacks. Elizabeth thought so highty of Dee she defended his reputation against those in her court wha criticized bim furing his absence froms Englamd. She privarely assured Dee that lie should feel free to comamup with any magical experiments be chose, regardless of their nature-that there would be no danger of prasecution during her reign.

Dee was among the greatest social and political visionaries bi the Elizabethan Age. He encouraged the quest for a Northwest Passage and suppliex geographical and navigaticual respurces to sucth English explorers as Drake and Frobisher. He prompted the concepts of a strong English alavy to counter the dominance of Spain and foresow a plobe-spaning British Emphre, He delved deeply into the genealopical history of the Tudors to grove that Elizabeth had legal claims to lands in the New Warld. He promuted the reform of the Enplish catendat, When Elizaheth made no efforl to carry forwand the proposal he fadd made to Mary for founding a national liblary, Dee proceeded to amass his own library. Al one stage, this became the largest collection of scientific and philosophical books and manusuripts in England. The biographer John Aubrey called Dee "onte of the ornaments of his age."

## The Quest for the Red Powier

Edward Kelley (1555-1597) was born at Worcester the same year that , tohn Dee faced charges of treason in the coult of the Star Chamber, We kiluw lhis because Dee cast Kelley's horoscoper The everts of Kelley's life ate uncerlain. Ite is said to have served as all apothecary's apprentice, ${ }^{5}$ perhapls under his awn father. His true fanily mame may have been Talbot, and he may hawe attended Oxford Universily for a shorr period around the age of seventen befrer leaving "urder a cloud. ${ }^{\text {ma }}$

The rumors survunding his early fife ate unsavory. He is reported to have heer pilloried at Lancaster, eiller for forging land aitle deeds or coinhing (oommerfeiting). He is also supposed to have hat his cars cropped (that is, cut off as punishment for ore or the other of thasi trimes, aithough there is no real eviflome to support this story. Perhaps lwo separate incidents were involved.

However, he is most notorinus for having, in the compary vi bis friend Paul Waring, dup up the corpse of a patper buried in the graverard of watron-le-Dale church in the county of lancashive and invoked the spirit of the dead mar to inquire into the fulure prospects of a young nobleman. There is reason to believe this necrumancy ac:ually took place, particularly since kelley later admitted to Dee a knowledge pf geric magic.

It may hawe heen the urfavorable nutoriey surmunding this desecration thal fared Kelley to abandon his profession as legal scribe and set out on an extended visid to Wates. While walking through Wales, as the story goes, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Kelley twaght from ats innkeeper two caskels bontaining the white and red powilers of alchenty and an alchemical matnuscript titled the Book of St, [hurntan. The innkeper is supposed to have oblained
these powders from tomb robbers who stole them from the erypt of a Catholic bishop. When properly used, the white powder turned base metal into silwer dint the red prowder turned base metal into pold.

There is another version of the gtory that assents that Kelley and Dee wemt logether to Glastonbury, and that this was the site where Kelley discovered the powders and the book." This fancifol tale derives from Elias Asinnole, who wrote:
"Tis generally ruported that Ductor Dee, and Sir Edwand Kelly were son stangely fortunate, as to finde it wery large quansity of the Elixir in some part of the Rultee of Glasten-buy-Abhey, which was so Incredibly Rich in vertue theing one upon 272330.) that they lost much in makjog Projectiont, by way of Triall; before they found mus the true height of the Medicine,"
The elixir of life is here confused with the red powder of projection. The meaning or Ashmole is that one part of the powder could convert 272,330 pants of base metal into pure gold, About this romantic excursion of Dee and Kelley to Glastonbury, Cliarlotte Fell Smith comments: "Another version of this discovery is that Dee and Kelley together found the powder at Cilastonbury. This we may dismiss." ${ }^{\text {U }}$

I am inclined to dismiss both wersions of the story. The only certainty is that when Kelley arrived at the house of John Dee al Mortlake, he had in his phessession hoth an alchenjeal manuseript that he rejerred to as the Book of Durstan and a small quantity of what he sincerely believed was the rex powder of projection.

Aletiemy was Kelley"s jifelong passion. He probably became inierested in the subject as a young child while watching his father mix medlcinal remedies with mortar and pesile. There is a natural conmection between the
desite to mataifacture alchemical gold and the crime of coining, which involved counterteiting silwer or gold coins with atulterated metals. Kelley wats alrawin to John Dee for one purpose only-ro learn how to decipher the meaning of his sowk of Dextstar and manufacture mote of the miraculous red powder.

## The Coming of tie Angels

As can he seen from these natrations, Dees aud Kelley had almost nothing in common. Dee was a nobleman, a scholar, a nationalist, a visionary, an agent of the Queen, and a man noted for his extraondiary goodmess and piely, Kelley was a commoner, a forger, a coiner and a necromancer. His wond was the murky realrm of under-llue-table dealings and trickery. He acknowledged loyalty to no one but himseli,

Yet Kelley was not, at root, evil. He was merely a romantic dreamer who longed to unearlh arbant secrets for his own betterment. He wras drawn like a man elltranced lyy the siren spell of magic. This lust to unlock the hidden secrets af the spisit world he shated wilh Dee. Kelley sought therr for his own personal gain. while Dee sought them for the benefit oil his Queen dud his ration-but both hunted the same prize. Neither could know at that first meeting that their destiojes had already been shaped by the Enochion angels, and were inexricably buswinex.

Kelley arrived ar Mortlake on Match 日, 1582. Fle was introuctuced to Dee by a mutual friend named Clerkson. Kelley called himself Edward Talbot, and this may well have been his real name. Dee's fame, and that of his personal library, had by this time simeat throughout Europe, scholars frequenty traveled to Mortlake from
far places to consull will him or scudy his hooks. Their relationship, might have cnded after only a few days or weeks, but Kelley possessed a talent that [pee sorely neeted-the gitt of second sighth,
willing axu desitous to see or slew some thing in spirituall
practise, weld hawe hat me to lave done some thang
thesein. And 1 truely excused uty self therein, as not In
that, vulgarly accominted Magit, tuyther studiad, of exet
cised, but confessed mo self hong tyure to have by desqy-
rous to hawe help, in my philosoptucall studjes through the
Compuny add information af the hessoud Angels of cion, '

Dee was greatly preoccupied with the spirit world. Precisely one yar before Kelley's arsival he had been boubled by a strange knocking in his bedronm. This visitation made so strone an impression, lie reconded it ini lis personal diary:
 not lis 10 , 11 , the strange juyse in mer chamber of kuatkingi and the vorce, len lyunes jepeted, qomewhat Jitue doe sluich of am nwle, hut more lonsty drawn, and more sofly. as it were in my' chambers."
This was not an isolated incident. Elsewhere in the same year bee records: "Aug. 3rkl, all the night very strange knocking and rapping in my chamber, Auge 4 th and this night likewise. ${ }^{\text {p/ }}$

Dee becama convinced that these suirit noises were an anlempe to communicate with him. He began to scry into a crysitil globe, and had some limiled success. On May 25,1581 , he wrote, "I had sipht in chrysallo offered me, and t saw. ${ }^{\text {³4 }}$ He was a caulous man, even in the bounds of his own house and in the pages of his private diary-"chrystallo" is written in Greek. Untortunathly,

Dee was a terrible sect. We acknowledged this himself on a mumber of occasions.

## "Him Tilat Is Assigned the Stone"

Almost inmediately after these spirtt rappings started, the hegan to employ a man of dubious reputation named Batnabas saul as his private scryer. San is said to have been a "licensed preacher"'s wha protessed abilities as a spirit medium, Don October 8,1581 , Dee reconds: "1 hact newes aif the chests of bokes fownd by ownolle in Northamptonshlyre; Mr: Barnabas 5awde tola me be them, but 1 fowith no kruth in it," aud directly after, "Oct. 9llw, fiamabas Saul, lyine in the ... hall was strangesly trubled by a spirituall creature abowt midrightr. "1s

What Charlothe fell Smith calls the "Firs real scance" between Dee and Saul occured December 21, 1547 . Tus content is almost chiling tor the way il lioneshadows the coming union between Deer ant Kelley:

The skryer was bidden to look into the "tanal crysalline glohe," and a message was tramsmitlud by the angel Annael throuph the precipient to the vilfect that many thinges should be declared to Dee, mul by the present worker, "but ty lim that is assigned to the stone," "w.
In Febrtary of 1582, an attempt was made to indict Saul on some unknown charge ad Westminster Hall in Isindon. It seems probable this charge was inte of sorcery, since on March of Saul lells The that be "neyther hart or saw any spirituall creature any more. ${ }^{\text {mits }}$ If Saul was under the watchful eye of the Chumch, it is unlikely ler would continue with his scrying. On the other hand. the rask of serying for Dee was just about to pass from Saul to kelley. and it may be that the Enochian antele
withdrew their suport of Saull and shifted it to Kelley as their prefermet instrument.

Kelley immetiately set about poisoning the waters for Saul, Whellier chis was a conscious attempt to gain employment as Dee's seer or an honest account of his pisychic visions cannot be known, but the day after his arrival ar Mortake Kelley begas to give evil reports ahout Saul's motives.
 Talbon dechated a gieat deale of Bionabas nowghty deatiog toward ane, ax in telling Mr. Clerksun ill cluings of to that [ ahomite math lis freud, as llat he was wery of me, that I wold sul flatur his Leane the letued man [Kelley] that I wald buenw lim of tum. Hut his Leven told me, before usy wife aud Ms. Clerksum, rhat a spirituall treature told lion that bismabas hat censumed horh Mr. Clerksna and jlicThe lujurips which tjos hamathas hat done me diverse wayes wore very' grent.
The resulss obtained liy Kelley scrying in the crystal Were so spectacular that Dee immedialely gave up all interest in hawing atmy other seer. The men continued to work together in the closesi association both in England and on the Contiment until 1587, when they at lust began to diritt Afrat, separating complerely in 1589. Dee treedech the command of Queen Elizabeth and retumed to England, learing Kelley to continue Irying to manufacture gold for Eruperar Rutolph II in Bolyemia.

This rupture whis Kelley's doing, not the work of Dec. Kelley died in a fall attemptiong to escape his jrmprisonment in one of Rudolph's casdes, Until the day he learmed of Kelley's death. Dee always hoped to be reunted with lis scet ant continued to refer to himm as

## Chapter Three

## In the Thrall of the Angels

## The Carrot and the Stick

thuring the years lee and Kelley spent logether, the Enochian angels exented a profound effect on the lives of the two men and on the lives of thell' rannilies, Indeed, fromblue night Dee first heand the rapping of the shivils in his bedroom, be became their unk howing instrument. Kelley was drawn into their lidden purposes the day he met Dee at Mordake. It is frequenlly speculated that Thelley manipulated Dee for lis private reasions, fewing, him falcie visionts that aided Kelly's pursuat of the sectet of the red powder. This is not supported by Kelley's attitude toward the angels, one of mistrost and loathing.

In the fill af 1583 , Dee and Kelley left England in the Lompany of a Polish mothenan named Coment Allwert Laski, Palatine of Saradia. Laskí had Cirst wisited Montake vi March 18 that same year seeking arcane wisdonn, and Was soon pulled into the Enochiars conmmenications. The angels predicted great political advancomemt for Laski, who guite naturally was natdered and excited by ther prospect of gaining the Potish crowin. Howewer, on July 2 the speech of the augels liow a menacing turts:

Madimi: The datd Thessurer and he [Whalsinghan] ant joyned together, and they hate theo. I heard them whicu
they both said, thou wouldst go mad shorly': Whatanever they can do against thee, assure thy self of. They will shortly lay a hail for thee: bul estiew them,

Dee: Lard have mercy upous me: what bait, \{t besepech Youl and hy whom?

Nadimi: They lave deternined to search luy trouse: fut they stay untill the Duke [Laskil be gone.

De:: What would they search it for?
Madimi' They Late the Duke, (both) unto tre death....
Dere: Lord, what is thy counsel to prevent all?
Mumini The spocds is genaral, The wicket shail now preval,
Dee: But will they enter to search my house, or no?
Modijui: Imweliatcly after thu: Duke his goisg they will. Dee: To what intent? What do wey hnpe to linde?
Madini- They suspect the truke is inswardly a Traytar.
Dex: They can by mo means charge me, nu not for so much as of a Tiayterous thought.

Mudimi. Thougly thy thoulglits be good, wey cannot comprebend the dwings of the wicked. In sutame, they hate thee. Trust them not...

Lhe: I pray you alake more plain yous coulast.
Madimi My counsel is plant enough.
Leve: When, I proy you, is the Duke likely to ge away?
Madime: In the middle of August.
Dee: If in the tuidst of August lac will go, and then nut practises be yet in hand, what stall be done widl such ont [ritual] furniture is prepared, and standing in ther Chamber' of practise?

Maudimis: Thou luast no Exildi. His going stuedeth uponn the determinated purpose of Cod. He is your frietud greatly, aud intendeth to do much for your. He is prepared to do theer yond, and chou ant prepmed to do him seswice.'
Neither Dee nor Kelley liall any wish to leave England, but they were manipulated into doing so by the carrot and stich of the angels. They thought they would be serving God and would gain worldy benefit if they accompanien Laski, but luat Dee wotud be arresed for
treason if he remained at Mortlake. The Ilireat to Dee was completely false, lum her believed it. Throughout his life he sufferex from a persecution inania, He was always ready to lelleve that men in high places plented againsl hima. Kelley's formnes were bound up with Dee. his employer. He hoped to use Dee to help him, throush the revelations of the angels, lo discover the making of the red powder. Since Dee was determined to leave Ensland, Kelley felt compelled go with him.

The angels luave little to say aboul hum [lee is to find the moncy to cluse up his house and mowe htis wife, chidrere and serrancs to Poland, allough he asks them with a tone liat borders on desperation:

Dre: Recouse it luath been said, that in the heginame of our country troukles was should be packing hence inso his [Lagki's] Country; wibat tuken shall we have of that unute apprnaching, or at haud?

Madimi: Your wateloward is cold you before: When it js said unte you, Vetite, \&

Der: Fur (l beseetly you) to be ready agrainst that walct]ward, hearing what is to be done, as conticeraing our wiwe and children into his Coumizy.

Madinni; Mitaculous is diy care [0 Lion $\}$ unon these duat are thy chosen, and monderful are the wayes that tlyu hatt prepared for them. ${ }^{2}$

## Kelley Betakes Himself to the World

Kelliy hatl already experienced the manipulations of the anpels in his priwate life. When he first mel Dee, le was a bachelor. On April 29, 1592, the angel Michael commanded him to betake himself" "to the warld, ${ }^{2}$ Explaining this curious commandrment to Dee, Kelley says: "I! is that I shall inarry, which thing to do I liave no natural inclination, neither with a safe conscience may I do it
contary to my wow and professions. ${ }^{* 1}$ Presumathy, he referred to the vow of celibacy and the promession of alchemy. On May 4 [Jee reconds of the angels, "they willed lion [kelley] to marry."

The angels had their wayd. Kelley matrict a nineteen-year-old manted Joanna (or Joan) Cooper, a girl from Chipping Norron-a town near dxford that Richard Deacon calls "one of the modet monorious haunts of witcherant in Fingland in Tudor times."4 Kelley must liave known this girl prewious to the commant of the angels that he wed, amd it may be conjectured that she sharecl some of his occult interests, alduough there is no evidence that this was their common bond. Francesco Pucci, writing 10 Dere in 1586, described Joanna Kelley as "a Tare example of youthful holiness, chastity and all the virtues, "3

Since Kelley had never wanted the marriage, in quickly became unbearable to thirn. on July 4, 1583, Kelley admitted in a rage to Dee: "I cannot abide my wife, 1 love: her not, nay 1 abhor her, and there in the house I am mistiked, because 1 favour hatr no better. ${ }^{2 s}$ After Kelley stormed our of Dee's house, Dee remarked to his owil wife, "Jane, this man is marvallunsly out of quiet against his Wife, for lerr Jriemis their bitter reports against him lehind his back, and her silence thereat, 潅, "? This row was smoothed over, but the tmwanted marriage was never reatly haphy.

## In the Tongue of Angel.s

Besides cormpelling Dee and Kelley to move all over centhal Europe for the next several years, the angels cast Dee into the unwilling rale of prophet. He was to travel about and meen with the great leaders of Ifoland and Bohemia and declare the beaching of the angels. It mattered litile to the andith that those teaching were hereniwal.

Very much againsl lis dasire and better judgment, they compelled bim to seek out an audiente with the Emperor Rudolph if at Prague on September 3,1584, and to deliver a licome an morals. That he did so showed great courage, since the gower of Rudolph was almost absolute, and Dee's magical activities were of a kind likely to get him burned at the stake for witcheraft. Rudolph must have been a mmarkably patient man, restrainiug himself as Dee declared of him:

The drged of the I not hath appeared to mus, wit rehuketh
 stall Thimiphi: li you well not heas mes, The Lond, the diot that נlude lleaven and Farth, (under whom you breand, and bave your spatit) putteth his foot againes sum butist, and will throw you tuodilong down from your seal.
brurtuvel; the ford hath made this Covemint with me (by' Oith) that be will dn and perform. I[ you will Farsake your widhulaesse, and tum unto him, yuur seal shall he the predtest chat ereer was: and the Devil shall herome your prisoues: Which tharil, I did conjeture, to be the tivent Turk, (xid 1) This mp tammission, is Erucu cod: I feigne
 dutitug or dreaming in this cause:
It is easy to innagine the sheer astonishment of Kudnlph at the crazy audacily ar Dee is sayping such thing to his face. Perlaps he dimmissed Dee as a madman. Dee was unahle to secure future audiences. even thouph the angel Uriel ordered Dee to wrice to Rudolph saying he pessessel the secret of the Philosopllex's Stone, which he would reveal to the Emperor at their next rnetuingRudulph senl ane of his spies, a Doctor Curlz (ar Kurtz) to fint out more details about the migic used by [ue ant Kelley and to ohtain Dee's diaries of the serying sessions and Tiec's crystal. Fontunately, Dee was cautious enough not to send his humk and instruments to the Enipuots

When the angels orfered Dee and Kelley to go irom Prague to Cracow to meet with the Polish king Stephern Bathori, Dee hesitated until afler lue received leters Fronn Laski inviting him to Clacow. The angels were furious that Dee shoulal doubt their command, and cursed him:

When the Lond had thee go, it thou hand'st so doune, and Lad'st nat taken thine own time, wore had besar given unto himo [Laski], and more had beem added unti lume.

But nuw Letters came, that have passed through the hamus of Sodamites and Murdere9s, (blarough whost laands they are accurged, ) ym rajoice, wou receive comforl, you determine to gae.

But il you had left thisse lecters hethod you, had coume when [ bad your gn. Then had my Name been unturdhed.

Fou the that dealeth writh me, denleth nol ats will in suan. fur 3 have nothing in me vied to time, much letse tath he山at semt me. ${ }^{3}$

The angels then cursed Dee and his chilklen for five generations berause of his slowness in obeying their command. Utterly terrified, Due begged that the curse be [jfed, cryintry "Lord, I am hearrily sorry, I hewaile with teares this great offence, thou seest my contrite heart, o God, O God, O God. " Appatently, this groveling warked. Dee was greatly welieved as the angels lifted the curse-

After this we [Dee iutd Katlley] sat and comsidered, and percepived, and contessed tur ereatnesse oi our offence, howe it roncerned much the Humour and Glory of God, if we had gone without receivithe the advertisement of thase J.etters: fin ghould they Leear (He (Toulish nobles]) and the King Sit [ephen] have perceived duat wa had the direction of Gond, and of his good Angels, aud nut to have dependad unon mins letiers, or perswasiuns..."

## "Use Tiem in Common"

The strangest and most interesting pxample of the authority exerted by the Enochian angels over Dee and Kelley is the infamous wife-swapping alfain. In the spring of 1587, Kelley grew increasingly reltelant to sery into the stone. Ite wanned to turn all his efforts to alchemy, and advised Dee to employ his eldest son Arlhur as seer. Several times in their relationship he hat threatened to leave Dee in Bohemia and relurs alone to England, but this time he was emphatic. Dee reluctantly teste:d ithe seven-year-old Arthur as a scryer.

The boy proved completely unfit for the jab, Dee heeged Kelley to resume his dulies, and Kelley allomed himself to be persuaded. He confessed the mal mason for his latest dislike of the angels. They had ordered him to inform Dee that he and Dee should use their wives in common. They told him that if he refused this command, he was free to cease all communications will them.

When the angel Madimi appeared to Kelley after young Arthur's failed attempt to scry; Kelley was incensed:

Mactimion openeth all her apparel, aitd tuer stll all naked; and slueweth her shame also.
L:K. Fie on thec, Devi awoir hence will this filttuness, A.
Whelimi: It Wer Name nf Gond, why finde yuu laul with mee?
Lhet: lheause your yestotiayes doingis, ated words are
provacaliunts to sin, and unmeet for any gody cosulure to use
Maditrei: What is sin?
Lete: Tu trak the Cammandement of Goul.
Whatiru: Scl that down, so. If the self-sume Goul eive your a new Coumazatdement taking, hws the lommer lonm of sin which le liwnited by the law; What rembuinelt لjea?"
At lirst Dee would not believe that tine command was intended in a canal sense. Kelley knew theter.

## 30 - Enowhian Magie for Beginners

1 was 淠ad that am offer wis mide of beines every sesenth day to be taughe the sectets of the bouks idready dedivoret unto us: Thisukind that it was easio for us to perform boat
 slanding all attej the Christiate aldid godyr seneer. But E.k. who dead yescerday seen and heand another mesuing of this
 thenj fartluer, and did jutend to acrept at their hiands the Jiterty of Jeitwing aff to deal with theus any mure., "I:
Dee rexpised some clear proof that the angels really did intend that each slopld have incercourse with the orlierts wife. The command appeared written in Latifn on a while crucifix. lee was shocked. The faith he had placelt in the angels seemted to crumble awry beneath his feet.

Ifexpuphr we wete in gheit dmazoment and griel of mimeler ritut so hand, and (ass it hect seemed unto me) an
 chent, whoni I alwares (from the heponnum listheatoj dia iudge and estecm, undoulitedt; to le guod Angels: And Jant
 crediting of [lem, as the sound sud laithful minnjsters of Almjetty God. Fut now, uly hean was sope allicted upon cuary caluses: And EK. hald (as he wolloht) נחw, a just and sufficient canse, to forsake dealing with, thetr aryy mure, ${ }^{\text {r1 }}$
It did hot take Dre Jong to reconcile hiensolf to this slrange doclinue, howher, That same niplat whem he lefi Kelley and went 10 his bedroon he discovertad his wvife lyjne awake, waiting fo hear the latest teachinges of the aligels, "I then told her", and said, Jate, I sce that there is on other lemoly, but as lath been saici of our cross-marehisio. so it mist riecds be stone. Thereupon she felf a wrecping and trembling for a quartor of an hour: And I pacitied her dis well as I couldi and 50 , in the fear of Gom, ahd is believing of his sdmonishment,
did perswade her that she sliewed herself prettily resulved to be coment for Gond his sake and bis sucret ${ }^{2}$ uTpuses, lo obey the Admunislingent. mid

The foul signed a solemn covenamu on April 18, 1587. They agresed to "this most new and stralge dretrite" and enjoined this angels to fulfill their part of the bargain and deliver the final teactungs in Faochian mapic as they hal promisent. Thoy pledged: "we will for thy sake herein caplivati? and treat under fond all wur hamade timorous douftiog of aly inconvenience whicf shall or ramy fall upur us, or [ollow the [ird this worth, or in the wrork to conto in respect, of by reason of olf embraciup of thes [hoctrifte... ${ }^{\text {wis }}$
fil return, cley expected the angels to reward therm lor their obodience, Dec writes:

Now it was by the woulen as by our selves thought hectesgary to linderaradad the will of hiod anal tios good pleasusp, Wheller this coverast lad form of wouds perfoumed, is and will be acceptable, and secorduces to clue well blving of his Divine Najesty: Aud that hereupan, we dict nil cormoral kinowledge heing penformed on both our parts, it will please his divine majesty to sem and wamam unto us mish certituly ajul spexdily wh his Divina, Mencliud and bountiful Froctises and ficssings; and also promises us wistome, bnowededge, ability and power tu exetute bis ustirér and declite and demonstrate Jia lusfablible werity

How long the [our continued in their communal marriape is not known. The account of the wile-swapbing Covenant is almost the final incident recorded con cernibg the occult partnelship lietwcen Dee and Kelli'y If has been speculated chat the cross-malching was unsuccesiful, but there seems no basis far this belief, wher than the fact that Killey and [ee trifted apalr
soon after the Covelant was sighed. However, the reason for this may have been Relley"s growing acclaim as an alchemist, which caused him to spend more time in the company of the Ermperor Rudolph an! other Bohemian nobility, Kelley put an a good enough show for Ruclolph to persuade the King to give him the title eques anmorus, which in England was later interpretert as a kniphthood. Thee referred to Kellicy as a "Earon of the Kingdom of Bohemia. ${ }^{3,7}$ ?

It might be speculated that if the angets fulfilled the promists made to the two men, kelley was gifted with the ability to manulacture the genuine red powier, at least for a sihorl period. As fanciful as this notion may he, it would explain Jelley's sudden success as and alchemist. Dee's eldest son, Arthur, always cuaintained in later life that he had actually seen Kelley make gold in Bohemia, ${ }^{\text {18 }}$ and hasl played on the floor will the new gold bars, Whatever the truth, Ketley enjored a stidectent fatne and wealth in Bohemia that arttacted the atention of the Emperor

There is no record of how doanna Kelley fell almut the cross-matching arrangement, but she was probably just as horrified as the other three partners. The exchander of wives (or husbands, depending ary how you look at in) was carried out only because of the greal gilts of knowledge and power promised by the augels if Dee and Kellyy would, once and for all, prove their faith. There is little evidence: to suggest that lust was the motivating factor, at least on the part of elie human beings involved.

## A Gnostic Union?

It is commory for modern critics wo repard the whole alfair as a trick hy Kelley to sleep with Tarte Dee. They say the moklent is out of characler with the ress oil the

Fanchian communications, that Kelley was derely unhappy with lis curn wife, and perhaps iniatuated with lane Dee. This is to wiew the matter from a ladletl, modem perspective which dismisses the sanctity of the marriage vow. Adultery was a scrious crime in Elizabethan times, particularly to those men and wamen who considered temselves gond Christians.

I see no reason to suspect that Kelley i.s any less sincere in his expression of harmo than Dee or bis wife. As for it being our of character for the angels, they had previously delivered several radical doctrines to Kelley that can only lee described as Gnostic, or at least non-Christian:-

That Jesus was not Cond.
That no priver onght to he made to Jesus.

- that there is na sin,
- That mins smul dnth go from one body, to dwother childes quickening or animatinn.
- That ns many men and women as are now, hawe dway been: That is, so many humane hodies, and lumuan suyls, neilliet more nor lesge, as ane noms, have alwaycs buent.
- That the generation of mankind from diam and Enes, is jove in filstory, bur a writing which hath an other sectist:
- No Holy Ghost they acknowledged.
- They wopla not saffer him to pray to Jewus Clurist: bul would celvuke him, saying, that he robbed God of his twont our, etc. ${ }^{14}$

The question then becomes, what was the cuoliwe bil the angels? in my opinion, it was to loting ahout a symtholic tunion botwoer Dee and Kelley. Remember, the angels regarded Dee and Kelley as lwo lialwos of a single livirus unit that would transmit rheir system of mazic to humanity. Both were necessary, and neinher coutld succeed willout the full itedication of the other. Since neither Dee nor Kelley would ever have agreed of a
homosexual union to bind themselves logelther spiritually with the nctult emergies of sex, the angels chose the next best option and used the wives as surrogates. Each wife represents her luasband. [n Chriscianity, hushand and wife are one tlesh. By lying with lane Dee, Kelley was uniling with an extersion of Dec hinseli; similarly, by taking Joarna Kelley to his bed, Dee joined in a symbolit manner with Kelley.

There is a great dotal of Gnostic imapery in the Enochiar communications and Keys, and one of the features of Gmosticisth is the use of sexual energy to bring about a union with the divine in order to achieve a heightemed spiritual awareness and an entightemed mind. This technique of using sex for spiritual awakening is common around the world. It is employed in European shamanism, in Voudoun, and in Tantric sects in India, China, and Tibet. It also finds fremuem oweurrence among some schwals of modern Westem magic such as the Odo Templi Orientis, which is closely associated with the leathings of Aleister Crowley.
it is frustrating that the Emothian diaries break off so soon afler the exchange of the wives. Sutahly empowered writh sexual energy, the revelations of the subseduent scrying sessions probably contained manty protound secrets. Perhaps the leachings on how to accually enuploy the Whatchtowers and Keys af Enochian magic so earnestly sought by Dee were delivered in the weeks and months following the union of the four. lerhops, as I suggestel abwe, kelley learned the manufacture of the red powder. If so. the tramsuription of those conversalions have never beer discovered. If there was any such record, it appears co liave been lost forever.

## Chapter Four

## Enochian Magic and the Apocalypse

## The Purfose of the Angel.s

Why did the anogels abliver Enochar magic to John Dee? It soems this question is never asked by those who study Dee and his angelic lranscripes. Scholars tend to (lismiss the teachings of the angels as either deliberant conscious deceptions by kelley, or alry lanasies called up from the depthe of bis unconscious mind during the scrying sessions. Modern Entochian magicians, when they cunsider the mater at all, seem content to accept the explaration of the angels that the magic was a ful lillment wi the patriarch Enoch's wish that the wisdom if the angels be taught to the humar race.

Knowing why the magit: was given to Dee is central to umiterstanding its real purpose. Dee bellieved the magic was a reward for his service on the angels its corvuying theil message to the rulers of Europe. He saw Jimselt is their prophet, and thuught that at some time in the leatr fulure the angels would give him permistion 15 perform the initial eighteen-day ritual of evocation that would allow him to use the spirits of the Watchuswers for his own personal ends.

## A GONENANT UNFULFILLED

In essence. Dee regarded his dealingr with the ambels as a legal contract. Enochian magic was payment for services rendered. This is a familiar patern in medieval magec. The witch's pact with the Devil (if it ever truly existed) involved acts of beil performed in exchange for orcult powers the witch might then use to Fulfill his or her desirts- The tilack pact between ceremonial magicians and the Dewil is essentially the same as the witelis pact, save that the magician usually got the power first and pledged to turis over his soul to the lewil alter the hate of lis death (the time of which might be specified in the pact).

The Book of Spitits mentioned in Clupter one is another form of himding agreement between mapician and spirits. By sisgning the Book, she spirits bwoked by 1he magician pledge their obedience. The Book of Spirits is separate from the black pact. A magician, it be or she was spiritually pure, could pain the sworn obedje ence of spirits merely ly calling upon the authority of Goul withoul having to offer serwices or sacrinices in return. This is how Johin Dee unlerstood his blank book of forty-eizht silvered leaves.

Dec vewed his arrangennent with the Enochian angels as similar to the Covenant between the ancient Thelons and IHV H , Indeed, he may have seen himself as a latter-day Moses. God, through his messergers, lalkov to Dee, and bee carried these divine teachings and commandments to the khags and leaters of elifferent perples. He regarded the "cross-matching" of the wives as a test of his faith, similar to the lest of Abratiam's [aith when Cod commanded Abraham to sacrifice: his tirst-bom son Thice [Geresis 22:Z]. He specifically calls
the lenler to God signed by bimseli, Relley, and their wiwes. in wrhich they atgree to exchange bed partners, a "Covenant," and mentions in it their "Ablialaun-like taith and obedience minto thee our God. ${ }^{1}$

There is no mention made in the Covenant of spocific payment by God for the obedience of Dee, Kelley and their wives, bur proviously the spirit Madimi sets torth the form of compensation:

Beholit, if yous exsist not Gad, but shlhut out \$atan (through wity amongst you) thins it is said unto you, Assemtile yous silves together every seventh day, that your eyes may be opuced, and that you may umderstand lyy Lim that slaill teach you, what the secrets of the holy luocks (delivered yuut) ane: That you may heocme full of widerslanding, tud in knowledge above common menn, ${ }^{\text {" }}$
Every seventh day is Monday, the Sablyath or thely i.ty of the Enochian angels,

## "Instrimenis of Thrashing ${ }^{\text {" }}$

If scems implausilible that the anpels, who throughout the maversations show concem only fer their own purposes, hould convey will great difficulty ower a period of years Ilu system of Erochian magie purely for the benefit of The and Killey, when Dree and Kelley requmsi aid Ironn Itr angels on pergont malters, the angels either put them aff will vagtue promises ar tell the:m dulright that haman concerns to not interest them. With the possible: kectution of Madimi, who came masil dilen in the form II a young girl and fonned a close personsl relationship Whither, the angels show no alfection for the men.

The Enochiats angely maripulated Dee and Kelley unwittinp instruments to athieve their own higher upose. The angels planted the sysmem on Enochian
magic amonig lumankind for angelic reasons. These had nothing whatsonever to do with the wishes of eilluer Dee or Kelley. Indeed, they fiave noching to do with the desires of monal lumanity, abd it is extremely naive for any modern Enochiant magician to believe that Embchian magic. was deliveret to the earth for his or her persorad benefit.

The angels intend that Enochian magic be used to initiate the process of violent and destructive transiormation linking our present atwon, which is ending, with the new aeon that is about to dawn-a transformation like that teseritued in the bililieal book of Reveration. In mathy places throughout the angelic conversations, the words of the angels are Filled with apocalyptic imagery, Galriel expresses llis hipher purpose very clearly while speaking with the autharity of Gad, althouph Dee pmobalbly failed to galler the full implications of his words.

I have thosen you, to enter iuk my harme, And Jave sommandat wou to open the Coush, that the seactered atay appeas, ant that which semaineth jut the sheaf mity sland.
 bave delivered witu fou the Testimony of my spiris to come

For, my Farn habl been lnng wibout Threshers. Aad I fave kept my flayles for a long ejacte hid in tmbuourn fulaces: Which flaye is the Dinorrine bat. I deliwer untu yuu: Which is the lostrument of thrashinge wherewith you shall beat the shears, that the Corn which is scattered, inst the rest mady he all one-
[13nt a word in the rocan season,]
If 1 be Master of bue Bam, nwner of dee Com, and deliv-
 jug: fur you ate hiseluers, whose rewand is in heaven, )

Then seer, that toun meilher thresh, nur wibinde, matill [ biid you, let it be suffecteal unto you; that you knaw my houed, chas you knaw the lahera I will pur you tu: That Thation you
so thatide as to entent,in you the lihnuters within mry Riam: For within it thresked nome without my consent ${ }^{2}$

## The Blindness of John Dee

thee firmly believed that the angels intented to honor hum as their prophet and spokesmats to the princes and butentaces of the world. He seems never to have asked humself why the angels chose to bestow upon hind the wrecious system of Enochian mapic, but simply actujulel it as a reward for his lifelong piety. He wharded himselt as chosen by God, and did not duesthen the clusieb. Kelley, on the other hand, always thelieved the angels were deceiving and using chem. He Indged they were demons in disguise.

It is difficult to understand how Dee could have nmained ignorant of the implications of Enuchiann nagico The teason the: angels chose Dee as the human instrument to record its details was his intellectual genilus, liss retensive knowledge of clphers and his skill io the mailu-- matical mapic of the Kabbalah. Dee was one of the few Im'un of his dye willing and alble to receive sucth a tratosmussion. and clever enough to make sense of it.

## (TMENING THE GATES

The primary action of the nagic is the opening of the butes of the four Watchtowers that sland al the corners of the worlit. Fach Wacchtower has twelve gates, which trall to twrelve angelic "cities" or dimensions of realthy The gates af the Wathenters ate: opened ly means of the forty-eight Keys or Calls (the anpels use both "n bues]. They may be termed Galls lncanse they ewoke chu angelic hielarchies from the cities, throuph the gates
of the Watchtowers, and into our universe, The leader of eacll hierarelly (named on the squares of the Watchtowers) ant his ntuterous followets have sipecific functions remorded lyy Dee in bis Latin mannscript Libet Sciemiae Auxidi et Vutoriae Terrestris."

Dee was aware of the appelic teaching that the slisobedience of Adam was responsible for the curse of God upon the: Earch. The Earth is regarded by the angels as a godiless. The Watchawers were tslablished at the moment time began, which was when Adam was expenled from the Garden: "But in the samee instant when Adan was expelled, the I.ord gave unto Iloe world ther time, aud placod over her Angelic Kecpers, Watchmen and Princes. "s We know that the Watchtowers are equivalent to the Watchmen from Eelley's great vision of the Watchtowers, expounded by the angel Are: "The 4 houses, are the 4 Anpels of the Earth, which are llo 4 Overseers, and Watch-towers.... mo

The nuiverge of time, in whicll exists humatn conscipusness, is established and maimlained like a litite bubble in the vast seal of eternity. It is the Watchtowers that sustain the bulble's colesion, The watchtowers are equivalent to the four pillars of Egyptian mythology that suppert the sky and keep it From craskling chatically dewn upon the carth. The four rulimg angels in the: towers (whto are not really separate from the towers but pant of them) are time keeperts-they maintain and reptulate the laws of cause and etfect.

To open the gares of the Walchtowers is to mingle the elernal with the temporal, to adruit the angels into our world: not wily the holy angels whin follow God's plan and execute his judgment dusing the: transformation known os the apocalypse, but the fallen anpels who sinned with the daughers of then, and who will act as
instrumbints of punishment. It is in this sense that Enochian magic ls the "instrument of lirashing," Elsewhere, the angel Mapsama !ells [hee: "You called for wisfom, God thath opened unto you, his Judgement: He lath Welivered unto you the keyes, that you may enles...." A pute, once oppented, permits travel in either direction.

## The Dxtrine of the Angels

Both the language of the Kivs and the conversation of the arpels are fillecl with apocalyplic innagery. The amgels sewn to incroduce it in an almost random way wher Dee is askiug about the heallin of distant friends. ${ }^{11}$ trying to get money to travel, or when Kelley is attempting to wheedle from them the secret of the red puwnder. However, this description of the tannmer in which the: goddess Earth will be punished antil lorthemed because she: Jarbors sinful fommakind is the Hite doctrine of the angels, as Mapsamu tells Dee;

The leavens are called rightevus, becansp of thetr otedunce. The wath accursed, becuuse of ther frowadiceste Thase chercfore, that geek heavenly things, onght to to ohedient: lest with theit frowarduesse, they he consumed an the enul, Luant to ashes, wilh lire, as the Earih shall be dor hert umiehtiousnesse.'
This, in a rutshell, is lie tloctrine the angels batye thee preaching to the crowned hoads of Poland and Thithemia, The forwardncess, ar impudence, of the godthess Earth lics int her providing sustenance and shelter oo incarmated human souls. The goddess Farllu offers Ita of her own booly to human souls, and from these Whts they form their houlies of flesh. At the same time, they become ane flesh with the goldess, and thus lier Inildfen. The stated mesebsity so pulish lier, and erring
human souls, is the justification the Enpchian angels offer for the coming apocalynse.

Dee minderstood the apocalypse in the traditional Christian sense. This is not-ryacdy the sanne as the way the Enochian angels understand il. To Dee, the apoca lypse was to be a series of physical disasters brought about by the angelic apents of God at the will of God and at a preordained time. However, if is implicil from the Enochian conversations that the apocalypse will begin wilh the opening of the gatts of the Watchlowers, and that these gates rall only the opened by humankind from the inside. Enochian onagic is the tool delivered by che angels that will enable: humankind tor open the gates.

## "Invocation Proceetetil of the Guod Wili. of Man"

We know that the angels cannol opent the gares from the outside because to oper them requires the use of evocation (or as the angels term il, invocation). This is nol within the power of angels, as Ave lells Dee:

Der: As fou due form of our Petition of Juvilation of the good Angels, what sprt should it be af?
Alve: A shot and brief speed.
Dee: We bescrech yout to give us an example: we would Jave a confiltence, it should be of mote eflect.

Ave: I misy hea do 5 n.
Felley: Aldid whe?
Ave: Trwocalios procerneth of the gond will uf man, and of the hear atd fervency of tue spirit: Ald therefore is praver of such effect with cout.

Dee: We beseech you, shall we use omp form to all? Ave: Every one, after a diwels form.

Des: If the minde fo dictare or prompl a divers turta, you mean.

Ave: $T$ know not: far $T$ dwell not in the soul of mins
Evocation [calfing out) and invocation [calling ing\} ate functions wi human free will. Spiritual beings must he invoked into our reality by luman beings, We must sipen the fates and admit the servants of Coronzon (the Enochian name Ior Lucifer) धurselves, Evocation and invocation are not a part of the business of angels, hul of humans.

The angels can manipulate the cime of that apocalypse liy viling on गevealing the true knowledge of the Warchtowers and the Koys as it suits thuir purposes, 'Tluey made very clear to Dee that he was not te work the ritual evocation of the Keys without their express geronission, which Wids never granted in Dee's lifetime. To be doubly sidre, they withhert delails of flee working. Althouph they pronnised to reveal these details after the fulfilmont of the Covenam, there is ravevidence that they kept their mond. fit they did, the mumuscript appears to have lyen lost,

## "I Have Nothing in Me Tied to Time"

The understanding of the apocalypse lelld by fundaImemalist christians is that it will be primarily a serice of physical disaster's growoked by physical apents. The angels of judgmene will uppear upon the surface of the Earth in ungileasant pllysical bodies and sow manerial plagues, cause volcanic eruntions, barthquakes, anul su on. This is a painfully materialistic understanding. The apents of the apocalypse are spirits, and spirits have nue horlies. They exist in the astral world and catsmot directly affect the hlysical world,

Fol angels to affect the physical world, they must use human beinge as blueir fleshy instruments, They do this by controlling the behaviur of human beings through the mononscious mind. Fig manipulaing humans they are then able lo cause those humans to change the flaysical world. Indeed, it is only through the media of human preceptions that angels ate able to percive the plivsical unjverse. That is why it was necessary for souls to inamate in the first place. Human beinge ate inearnated angels.

The limitation of angelic awareness is indiuated by the angel Gabriel, who, when atked by Dee for some information aboti Albert Laski (who was nol present), stalst "When we enter imlo him, we know bim; thut from him, he is suarce known unto us... , ${ }^{{ }^{n}}$ " The difficulty arises because angels dwell in etemity and men dwell in time. An umarred anpel says to Dee: "For he that dealeth with me, tealell not as with a man; for 1 have nothing in me tied to time, much lesse hath he that sent me. "" This grean tifficulty the angels have in Inandling time may accounc for the monsequential way the Enochisת teachings were received.

La uly opinion, the apocalypse prepared by the Enochian angels monst be primarily an internal, spirimal evern, and only in a seconilary way an external plyysieal catastmphes. The gates of the Watchlowers that stand goard at the four comers of our dimension of reality are mental consmetructions. When ithey are upened, they wifl admit the demons of Curonzon-not into lloe physical world, hut into our subconscions minuds.

Spirits are mimbal, not material. They dwell in the depths of mind and communieate with us through our dreams, unconscivus impulses, and more rarely in wakiry visions. They affer bur feelings and our Inuggtis
bentath the level of our conscious awareness. Sometimes they are able to control our actions, eilluer partially as in the case of intational and obsessive behavior patterns, br completely as in the case af full gossession. Throuph us. by using us as their physical instrumens, ank cully through us, are they alse: to influence physical things.

## The Demons Within Ourselves

The Enochian communtications teach us that not only must humanity itaelf initiate the mosmic drama of the apocalypee thought the masical formula delivered to John Dee and Edwand Kelliy ingre ithan four centuries ago, but humans must also be the physical actors that bring about the plagutis, wars, and famines described with such chilline, eloquence in the vision of St , Jolin. We must let the dempus of Coronzon into our minds by means of a specific ritual working. They will not find a welcome plate there all at once, but will worm their way into our subconscious ant make lluejr homes there slowly prer at period of years or even decates In lle minds of individuals that resisi ithis invasion they will fint it difficult to gain a foothold, but in the more pliable minds of those who welcone their influence they will establish themselves readily.

Once they have lakton up residence, we will be poxyerless to prevent them turning our thongtits and actions toward chantic and destructive ends. There apocalyptic: spirits will set person against persora and uation apainst mation, gratually increasing the degree of madness and chaos in human society until al last the fill homor of Rexelutiont las been realized upon the stage of lue world. The cortuprion of human thoughts and teelings mity reduite generations to bring to full fruition, Orily
after the wasing and buming of souls is well arlvanaced will itbe iull horot of the apocalypse achieve its final fultillment in the macerial nalrin,

## Arocalypse Is Not Irgeordainfly

What the Estochian angels joutended the Keys to accom[1]ish, and what the Keys are actually able to da, may be entirely elefferent. Spirils are not infallible, Ther often deceive human beings, and somedines even themselves. Simpily because the angels believed this system of magit: ould trigger fie apocalypse dows not necessattily mean it Cath do so. It does not even mean that there is, or will he, such a thing as an apocalypsu.

However, it sems clear that it was the intention or the angels that the Keys be rilually applied to the Watchtowr ers, not so that bursan beinfs could learn divine socrels of bature, as liee believenf, but to open the war for the demons of Corbazon to enter into our untomscious minds, ornce firmly cslablished in our fersonal unconscious, thesi spirits would then be able to gain an increasing control over our physical world ly manipulating bur perceptions, emotions and thoughts.

Enochian magie las beer used for over a century by modern magicians working in the Golden Dawn tradjtion and its derivaljwes withour any obvious signe of injtiating a universal Armagendon. It is evident that it can be employed for personal reasons, even though this is not the primary function intended by the angets who delivered it . Wudern magicians do not perform the full cighteen-day invocalione that was to be the catalytic Irife per of the apocalypse. The delails of this compitex Apocalypse Working (as 1 call it) Were probably mover delivered to bee and Kelley, although it may be possible

10 reconstruc: its outline. Insteat, modern magicians nithble at the edges of Enochian magic, usinug warious aspecrs of if in their ritual pracifess. Even incompleet and misupplied, it is a highlis potent form of magic.

If may be that Enochian magic wis deliberately desipned by the angels to be an effective syshem of personat magie in onder to insure its survipal and continuous use by human beings. Whal better way to gnatantere that the system will still be undersiopod in a practical way when the angels at last delermine that the lime has come to hudge some chosen magician, through visiuns and insights, into purforming the Apocalypse Working? In the meantime, indiwidual Enochian magicians have been able to use the system for' their own priwate ends, and will go on doing so.

## Chapter Five

## The History of Enochian Magic

## Robekt Cotton Buys a Library

After Dee's deall in lgha, his library was sold to the antiquarian Sir Robert Bruce Cotron ( $1570-1631$ ). Conton also aci]nicell al leasl some of bee's mapical appanatus, including his scrying table, obse of his crystals, and the wax seals used to suppor both the crystal and the legs of the cable. Some of these objuects alcerwatis matle thocir way fulo the British Museum collection ria the Cottonian Libiary. The stone was accuuine by lhe British Museum in later years. The table was extant in Meric Causabon's day. The hrass engraving of its lopr, picturet at the beginning of A Thue and Foithin Redation, was copied from the arigital design. This table has since disappearect.

The history of the transcript of the angelic conowersahoms is curious, since it reveals an almost supematural surwival of some of the mamsoripts. Those acypuist by Cothon (part of Dee's Liber Mysteriorum) make up the content of Casaubon's A Trise ard Fouflud Redutiors. Charlotte Fell Smith called these "the lasi rbintecm books" of the transcriph. They cover the perion from May 28, 1583, to April 2, 1587, with increasingly large baps of lime lowark the end of the record. They resume again, briefly, in the year 1607 from Manch 20 to

Seplember 7. Duting this latier period, Dee relied on the inferior scrying services of Bartholomew Hickman. The fotor transcripts contain nothine of vallue, The pap between the last scrying session with Kelley and the first recorded sessibn with Hickman is called by Casauthort "a vast chasme or hialus. ":

About the books wi the transcripl that were published ty Casaubor, John Aubrey wrore: "Meridith Lloyd saycs that Joln Dee's prineed bouke of Spints is nol aloure the third past is what was writt, which were in Sir Roher Colton's library: many whereof were much perished by being buryol, and Sir Robert Conlon bught the field to digge afeer it. "1 Alwoul this burying of the nonuscripts. Casanbon states: "The Book lad been buriet in the Earth, how long, years or moneths. 1 know not; but so long, though it was carefully kepl since, yet it retained so much of the Eath, Lhat it begar to moulder and perish some years apo, which when Sir Thomas C. [Rublert Cotton's son] ... ohserwed, he was at the charges to have it wrilten out, before it should be too late. "d

## Buried in the Earth?

The motion that Dee's magical loooks were buried in a field to provent disobvery is very romantic, but seems too far-ferclied to be taken spribusly, More likely, the mold on the tratiscript was the result of eareless storage befire Cotton acquinat it. Howerer it is possilist ltat Dee or his eldest son Arthur ( $157^{4}-1651$ ) took the extreme measure of interment to ensure that the angelic conversatons remain secret. Arthur was upset abour Casaubon's book, which was published eighl years before his own cleath. This ammornce had nothing ro do with the coment af lie lwok, since Atshur himerelf was
involved in occult and alchemical experiments, He simsply did not want the teachinps of the angels known, and did toot wish hits falher's name assobiated with them,

Some of Dee's lost diaries and ather papers passith into Authur's lantls. Apparently, Arthur searched diligently for any instructions Dee might have lefi desuribing low to actuatly use Enochian magic. Deacon writes: "Arthus spent much time in his later' yuars trying tu rember his fatber's missinf, manuscripts, which were supposed to be scatened as 「ar alield as. Prague, Roume. Brusbels and Amsterdam."' After Atthu's death: "his remaining botes and any manoustipis belonefing to his father seem to have been dissipated among his numerous childrelk ... and, except for vdd seraps of informa(ion here and there, to have been lost to posterity." ${ }^{\text {mo }}$

## The Sficret Drawer In Join Dee's Clest

The surwiwal of Deses transcript of the angelic conwersafions that took place prior to May 28, 1583, is even more temarkable. Casaubon knew roulhing about their existence. Thirteen years after the publication of $A$ गric and Foithful Reldion. Ibe earlier papery fell into the hands of the antiquatian Elias Ashmole. Ashmole, who was well known around london as a buter of old manuscripts, battered them in exchangit fol' a honk Jimin aine of lle warders of the Tower of London, who in turn had acquired them from his wife.

While courting her first husband, the wite of the warder had bought an old chesl with a "wery good lowk aul hinges of extraordinary neat work" from a shop. It had formerly belonged to the surgeon duln woodward, who probably bought it at Dee's cstate sale in 16019. She kegt the chess for dwenly years without noticing
anyilhing odd about it. Then, while moving it one day, she heard a ratcle inside. Her second husband pried uip the bottom and discovered "a large severt drawer stuffed full of papers, and a rosary of olivewood leads with a cross, which had catused the ratue. "\%

The papers in Dee's chest covered the conversations with the angels from December 22, 1581, down to the beginning of Casaubon's book. They also contained the manuscripts 48 Chnues Argelicué, De Heptarchia Mystim and Liber Sctertiae Alwilizs al Viotoride Terrestris-a truly extraondinary treasure, Since some of it is written in lation and the rest in Dee's sather crabhed hand, the Tower warter prehathly considered it of little value, Astbmole, of course. was delightert.

## Early Enochian Scholars

Thanks to the scholarly care of Cotton and Ashmole. these manuseripts have survived to the present day. Ashmole spent considerable energy understanding the system of Enochian magic. Perer Frenel writes about Ashmole that "hi" stems to have studied the "Spiritual Diaries' seriously as a means of coutacting angels. Ashmole's hiographter, C. H. Josten, conjectures that lee may even have actempted to repeat the angelic experiments." ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Like Arthur Ilee before him. Ashmole was, in lite end baffled by the missing insiructions conceming the actual application of the Keys to the Watelatowers.

From time to time alleer scholars with occult inclinalions have attempted to unravil the transcripts. There is an interesting section concerning the tables af Fimoh in British library manustripu Harley 6482. It is part of a larger magical workbook (Harley ( $4481-6$ ) ascribed to the seventeenth-tenlury Hermetic magician

Thomas Rudd, who published Dee's farmuns Preface to Euclid's Elements in 1651.

## EnOCHIAN MAGIC IN THE GOLDEN DASN

Since: rhe mini-revival of Enoclian magic that took place in the middle of the seventeenth century, there does not appear to have been any serious allempt in understand and practice the teachings of the angels until (lut: efforts of the Hermetic Order of the Golden Dawn. A secret Victorian sutiery dedicated to the practice of ritual magic, the Golden Dawn was founded in London in 1887 by three Freemasons determined to revive the intellectual magic oif the Renaissance and creall a true Rosicrucian society.

One of the fonnters, Samuel Liddell "MacGregor" Mathers (1854-1918), spent much of his time as a young man burrowing through the piles of dusty manuscripls in the library at the British Musenm, whele many of Dee's writings were keju. Te undoubtedly read some of tle angelic conversations in their oripinal form, but seems to have derived most of his personal system of Enochian mage from the The and Fathfal Aefutions. Thwe is no mention in Golden Dawes E,pochials magic of the material in Dee's Heptarchin Mystica, which is made up a angelic teachings recorded before the gint where Casaubon's book hegions.

The Enochian magic of the Golden Didwn is almost completely concemed with the Giteat Table of the four Watchtowers and the fortr-eight Keys or Calls, which Marhers was perceptive enough an relate to the Table. It deals only with the angels or spirits whose names may be extracted trom the hatchtowess by a specific ser of rules-there is no memtion of the spirits of the Chirly

Aulliws, or the nincty-one geographical genii who rule the different regions of the worlel. Tlais, Goldere Dawn Embchian magic. is only a porrion of the magical system received by Dee and Kelley:

To his credit, Wanhers was ahte to add, in a more or less intelligent way, many details conceming the Watchtowers that are not clearly slated in the angelice conversations. In Golden Dawn magic, the Watchtowery are explicidy connected with colors, signe of the zotiac. dirwcrions. letrers of Tetragrammaton, and occult elements. These correspondences have jmmense usefuluns in fracilial rituals that enploy the Watchtowers. The Keys were related by Mathers (or one of lis associates) to differen parls of the Greal Tahle, and to the spirits located in those parts, so that speaking a particular Key in Entuchan ewokes a particulat spirit. The sys. tem of Enochian magic used in the Colden [hawn will be the subject of a later chater,

## Ateister Crowley

One of the younf, members of the Gulden bawn was Aleister Crowley (1875-1947). Crowley is the most famous magus of the twencieth century', When he was a young ehild, his mather (a mentber of the danatical Plymouth Brethren sect\} referred to him as the Beast. His young mind seized on this label as a mevelation. In his aulohingraphy be wites: "But nyy mother beliewed that I was actually Anti-christ of the Apocalypse...." Jand ahowe or the same page, "I have never lose sight of the fact that II was in some sense or other the Heast 66f6." Herre, the beast and the Amichrisi are confused, but the contusion was his mother's, not Crowley's, who always understood himself w tee menty llee hirald al the Antichrist.

Crowley eagerly devoured Gulden Dawn magic, He was strongly drawn to the magie of the dark side-the poetia. His mentor in the Golden Dawn, Allan Bennett, warmed lim agatnst this line of study, bur Crowleg paid ro heed. This atmaction to evil, coupled with his Bolemiari halvits, made him unpopular among the conservative leaders of the Order. Eventually, Crowley and the Golden Dawn partexl conmpaty, bul he eontioued to use the Golder Dawn teachings for the semuinder of his life. More than with any ollore aspect of Gulden Dawn magic, he was fascinated with the Enochian language and the Keys to the Watchtowers. Crowley considered himself a mincatmation of Edward Felley, and on some extent he shared Kelley"s scrying ability.

While wandering thangth Algeria in 1909, Cowley invoked the Enochian Aethers in reverse order from the twenty-eighllit to the firsi, usimg the nimetwembly Key for all of them. The Kery for all thirty of the Aethers is the sume save for the sarme of the Aether involvent. Thus, the las thirly Keys are really a single Key that is applied to the thirty Aethers. Previously, while visitings Mexico in 1900 , he had involetd the thirtieth and wenty-ninth Aethers. so he was merely taking up where he had left off.

## Crowley's Invocation of the AFthfrs

Ilis method of working was similar in some respects to that of Dee and Kelley. He would find a privale plate where he could be alone with his disciple, Wictor New berp. Then he would recite the nineteenth kiey with Ihe: name of the Acther he sough to invoke inserted in the text at the proper place. It is not clear to me whether the used the Finglish or He Enchehian version of the Key. The Enochian version would be comect

If othe". but in his Confessionst he speaks of "chanping Ima hamus" to stail die Key to each Aether. In the English Wham, 1 wa words must be changed for each Aether, but Ifi the Einachiat version, only one word. So perliapy trowlez invoked the Aethers using the English version of Il: minteenth Key.

Ather sensing the presence of the angel of that Nether, he graed into a large lopaz that was set in a drianated wooden cross, Whacever he saw in the sone, Th experiencerl more directly, he described. Neuberys sat thate him art wrole his words dousn in a natebouk, funt as thee had recorded the words of Kellty more than Whee centuries earlier. This record formed the work known as the Vision and the Yoice.

Crowley states in his aucoliography. "We walked woudily to Bou Saatda, invoking the rethyrs one by one, at convenienl times and places, or when the spirit moved Itw. As a rule, we did one Aethyr every day. "n He thees trot seem to Jave employed the first eighteen Keys while mwoking the Aerhers, He understrob the eighteen preliminary keys in the way they had heen taught him hy 1) Go Colden Dawn. Describing them, he says that the first two Kiys relate to the çumbessence, or clemental Spitit, while the bext sixteen relate to lle fow elements in subdivisions of four. This is the Colden Dawn teaching

Crowley steronstrated a sounul intuitive comprehension of the Keys and the Watchowers, He had troulste reconciling the various interpretations of the AethersWhether they ane concentric angelic spheres that lie beyond the bounds oi the four Watchtowers, of angels whose namos abe written on the Watchtowers, or merely names for clifferent gengiaphical regions on the surtace of the earth. This confusion is understandahbs, since nowlere does Dee write anything to clarify the matter.

Crowley chase to consider the Aethers in the first, most ruysifical sense. He clescribes the watchtowers as "composing a cube of infinite magnitude. ${ }^{\text {T }}$ This is ahove che ustual understanding

## The Great Beast Unlocks the Gates

If, as I postulate earlier, Enochian magic was delivered by the angels to ato as the catalyst for the apoonalynse, it is interesting to note that the primary practitioner of that magice firmly considered binsell in lue the fratal Beast of Ruvelation. After leawing the Golden Duwn Cruwley went on to create his own occult rnylliws. He saw himsell as the: leeralts for the dawning scon of Horus, which he beljeved began in Aprit 1904, with his inspired receplion of the Dawok of the LATw, dictated to him by his guardian angel, Aiwass.

Crowlty's ghamean angel cast Cowley into a mote similar to that forced upon John Dee by the Enochian angels. Crowley was buth the sacred scrilue ache the propluet of the ged Ra-Ioor-Khuit (Itorus). His instruction was to record the sayings of the god and io spreat his message across the world wia the Book of the Laur "Now ye shall know that the chosen priest \& aposile of infintits space is the pronee-priest the Beast and in his womoni called the Scarlet Woman, is all power given. They shall gather ony chillilen into their fohd; they shatl hring the glory of the stars inco the heants of men. "12

The Aeon of Horns may be anderstood in a general sense as similar to the astrological Age of Aquarius. Many ancient cultures divide time into a repeating series ol ages, bach age with its unique defining characreristics. For example, in the system of the Kalbbalah, we are presently living in the Age of Gelurath, which is characterized hy
severity and warfare. The next are will be the Ape of Tiphatcth, a lime al hatmony and peace. In browley's personal mythos, the dawning Aeon of Horus has sup-
 and rebirth that Crowley telated to Jesus Clarist.

There are some parallels between Crowley's angelinspired Book of the Law and Dee's Kyy of the Thiry Aethers. In the Book of the Law is written: "We have anthing with the outcast and the unfit: bet them die in their misery; For they feel not. Compassion is the wice of lings: siamp drown the wremhed \& the weak: this is the law of the strong: this is our law and the joy of the wohli. "- - In the Rey of the Thity Aethers appear the words: "Govern those that govern; cast dowrl such as lall; binug forth with those that increase, and destroy the rotten." "Both these passages tefer to the effects of karma, the cause and effect of the ratural world. Elsewhere in the Sook of the Jow is writen: "Vea! dew not of change; ye shall be as ye are, \& not other. Therefore the hing of the carth slatl low Kings for ever the staves shall serve. There is none that shall be cast down or Niflext upr all is ever as it was, "ts

The seon of Forus is ore of strite and wariare, ever as the time of the apocalypse is a time of destruction. Horus states in the Bork of thes Jatu: "Now let it he firsi understood that 1 ann a god of War and of Yenpeance. ${ }^{\text {man }}$ And elsowhere: "Mercy let be off: damo then who pity. kill and torture; spare not; be upon them. ${ }^{\text {n7 }}$ In the Key of the Thirly Achiers is writteri; "the redscmable creatures of Earth (or men), ler them vex and weed aut ore another: ant the ifwelling platers, let thern forget their chanmes; the work of man and his ponap, let them be defaced....""

Crowley embraced the symbolism in Hevetation, applied it to fimself, and understoon it with reforence to
his prophetic Book of che Law He called hinself the Great Beast, liss wite (and later his various mistresses) the Scarlet Woman ant the Whore of Balvalon. In Enochian the ward babalort meants "wicked" and the word babitond means "whote"-thus the change in spelline of this word. althouph Crowley justified it on rumerical grounds. He also interpteted the text of the Brok of the Law to mean that his son would become the Antichrist, Concerning the Scarlen Woman, the bowk of the Iaw states: "ther will I breed hrom luer a child mightier than all the kings of the earll!." " This interpretation was an error: the Artichisi luas yet to shows himself.

There are no ditect referencts in the Book of the Law to the Enochian Keys, athougly two places ant: sulg gestive. Part of the Book of the Lotw reads: "There are four galles to one palace; the flow of that palace is of silwer and gold, dapis lazuli \& jasper are thert, and all rare scents fasmine \& rose, and the emblems of death. Lee lim enter in turn or al once the four gales; Itt ham stand on tlee floon of the palace, "-n This might be interpreten as a reference to the Great Table of the Whatchtowers, which is four-sided and has four parts. Elsewhere is writen: "in thise are mysteries that no Beast shall dirime. Lee him not seek to aty: but one cormelh after him, whemee I say not. who shall discover The key of it all, "د [/ there really is a liulden connection between the Book of the Luw and Enochian mapies por'haps this refers to the Enochian Keys.

## Enochian Magle in tife Modern World

Many modern proups that practice the form of ritual magic descendell foom the Golden [lawn [directly or wia Cowley) use Enochian magle extensively, Particular
notice might be taken of the Aurun Solis, an organivat tion dedicaled to Hermetic philosophy and magic foumeded in England in 1897, which claims to be cornpletely indepentent of the Golden Dhawn. The Atrom Solis teucfings include the Great Table of the Walchtom ers, the keys, and the spirits of the thinty Aerthers. ${ }^{4}$ The late Anton Lavey, leader of ilie Culifornia-hased Church of Satan, cmployed in edited version of the Keys that Was deriyed from the writimgs of Aleister Crowley.

In the last few tecales Enochlan magic has underponie another period of rebirth. Increasingly, Dee's writings are finding their way into popular books of ceremonial inagit. This process is slew, and it is unfortunale that no single text exists that conrains the complete Enochtian commanications with the numberous Latin passages translated into English. Howevel, enough of the material has trnerged to present an overview of Enochian magic that is lairly complete, and to allow the magic to loe used for praclical ends.

## Chapter Six

## The Tools of Enochian Magic

## GIFTS FROM THE ANGELS

The articles of furnilume for the scrying sessions were all aithet al the direction of the Enochian angels. At first, it prears than no special instruments were used. Dee -Hacell tone of his scrying crystals in a "Frame" on the hage of his desk in lis privale sindy at Mortlake. This frame (given ta him by a friend) is nowhere clearty sescribed, but a small drawing of it made by Dee Ippeary in the margin of the manuscript page daten Pecember 22, 1581 (Sloane MS 3184 , folion s), heside the words "I thereupon, sel by him, the stone in the frame." ${ }^{\text {s }}$ The picture shows a frame with four oulwatt-curwed legs resting on a flat circuldr sing. The ciwstal itself is surroundell by a vertical band of the frame liat leaves its tront (and presumably its back) exposed. On the top of this band is a small cross. In may bave been made of gold, since a gold frame is mentioned elsewhere.

On the first serying wilh Kelley, which took place on March 10, 1582, the alchemist knelt on the floor in front of Dee's desk. He peeted into the stone, which may have beer placed in the suslight beamine thuough the west-facing window of the study, in ohedience to orders the angel Aumad had delivered to Banabas Sant on

December 21, 1581. Kelley prayed aloud and invoked the angel Annael into the stone. Meanwhile, Dee retreated to his Oratory (a small room atlacted to his study] and entreated the appearance of the angels with prayers of his own, wilhin fifieen minutes, Kelley saw the angel Uriel in the stone.

The angels had informed Sats on December 21 Has he and Dee rnight "deal both kneeling and sithing-". It is likely that Kelley soon began to use the green chair in the study, with the crysial in its stind on the edge of the desk. Dee sat on the other side of the thesk, tecerding in his fournals the events discribed by Felley. Prayer was frequently ust to encourage the angels to appear in the stone when they were slow to conte. Dee fell into thw habit of using yrayer to both open and whase the scrying sessions. These prayers applear to have been spentaneous compositions, not prodetermined elements of a formal ritual. The appearance of the angels in the stone was often precedex by the withdrawing of a "gilden curtain" iromi lhe depths of the stone

Almost immediately, the angels began to deberibe to Kelley the essential ritual furniture the two would rempuire for future communieations. This consisled of the sacred store, the Table of Eractive, the seven Ensigns of Creation, the Sigillum Aemeth and four lesser sigils of the same pattern to be placel under the legs of the table, various silk cloths to be spread under and over the table, circular seals to be placed untuer the scryer's feet, a seal ring. and a lanenn which contained a "Ioken" of Dee's name hidden anongst its letters.

Dee conlimued to enoploy the Table of Pracice, the Sigillum Aemeth. and the angelic stone throughout lis association with Kelley. It is probable that he also contin ued to use the other rituil objects, allhough they are not
mentioned in ithe later cranscript, Dee consideret these Ininge exsential to the sugess of the commonnications lwatase they had been oxplicity prescribed by the angelsi themselwes. However, it should be noted that Kelley first eslablished communication quite easily without thenl.

## The Slat. Ring

The seal ring was delivered on March 14 ly the angel Michael. Charlulte Fell Smith states that this was a pliysila al ring, "uesumably going on the assumption that it was a plant by Kelley to impross Dee. This may be a misteadung of the transctipt on her par1. The angel Michanl mukes the seal ring appear oul of the flames of his sword, ther wh's to Dee though Kelley; "Alie' this sort russ be the rlug. Note it. I will reveal thec this ring, which was rever revealed shnee the death of Solonon, with whom I was freseme. me The implication is that the ring is the same as fulomon"s fatilet scal ring. Then Michael sets ther ring Aluwn on the table of practice and has Dee note it mith hate "After that he threw the ring clowin opon the table ind it seemed in fall throught the table. "s

Thi transcript of the conversations can sometimes in misleading. The passage quoded above probaluly meanss that Kelley described Michael setting down the


ring. described the rinf, in detail to Dee, then told liww the angel threw the ring thriough the cabletop. The ring is apparently important, since Michael tells Dee: "Without this rine thou shall do nothing." ${ }^{\circ}$

The ring heats the name of an angel, Pele ( P -E-L-E), which means "Worker of Wonders," Dee recogroized the uame from Reuchlin's De Verbo Mirifico. The name of this angel also appears in Aprippa"s Occuft lwilosutyiry:" presumably drawn from Renchlins. In addition to these four letters, there is a large circle in the center of the square bezel with a horizontal bar thmugh its center, and above the bar the lenter Y while below the bar the letter L appears. Note that these two lethers appear in the uppler right comer of the Ensign of Sol. It is possible that the circle and bar are intended for the letlers 0 and 1. The angel Camara montons that the ting is to be made "in perfect gold. "

## The Angelic Stone

Hee dwow at least theee scrying speculums, and probably more. One was a ilat, circular obsidian mirror with a small hanule on Dne side that had a hole drilled through it for hanging the mirror up on a thong or peg. 'This is commonly said to be of "Azece origin" although I have newer scen any proot to support this assertion. It duew not appear to have been used much, if al all, to communicate with the Enochian angels. Another was a crystal globe that was probably the size and shane of a small egg. It is likely to this that he refers when he speaks of his "first sanctified stone" "This was the sonn" into which Dee Cirst tried to scry. It was also used by Barbabas Saul and, for the period frorn March 10 to April 28 of 1582, by Edwaral Kelley:

The third magic mirror, Dee"s "principal stone" and "holy stone" and "usual show-stone," was teliweref ha Dee in an apparently miraculous manner on april 28, 15月2. While serying at Dee's desk, Kellsy lackevl wward the west window of the study and saw a bright object lying on the mat that covered the earthen flow beside one of Dee's stacks of books. An angel the size of a minall child, with a flaming sword in his hand, picked up the object "as big as ane egg" and extentest it to Dee. The angel Michael told Dee throuph Kellep, "Go tomand II and lake it up." Dee wrines:
t went toward the place, which it $\mathbb{E}$ poined to: and till I came wilbin a foot of it, 1 sas nothimg stid dyen 1 sam like a shadow on the ground or mates hard by niy bouks mader the west pindow, The shadow was rewnd, ind less thim the palmon of tuy hand, a put my hand down upon it, athd [ele a lilitg cold and bard. whech \{taking up) 1 perceived to be the stoje before meationed."

For the rest of his life, Dee remainech oniminged that this crystal had been given to bim by angelic means. It mmediately became the main scrying instrument. When Dee went to Europe, the stone wenr with him. IJe alued it above all his other material possessions, with ife possible exception of his library at Mortlake. Speaking of the angels to the Emperor Rudolph 11, he said, yea they have hought me a Stone bl that value, that not eathly Kingdom is of that worthinesse as to be comured to the wertue or diguly thereal." ${ }^{\text {L }}$

What ate we to make of this crystal? It seems Jikely hat it was placed on the floor by kelley bufore the scryig began-perhaps unconsciously while Felley was prassessed by the angels. Kelley was susceptible to posevsion. At one point he complatios to Dee that he diose wh like the spinits "moving in his head." Elsewhere, he
rells Dee of "a great stir and moving in his brains, werf sensible and distinct, as of a creature of humane shape ancl linteaments going up and town to and fro in his brains, and within his skull: sometimes seeming to sitt down, sometimes to put his heeal out at his par, "ts

If so. where would Kelley hawe obtained such a stone? Large, near perfect spheres of rock crystal were no more common, and no cheaper, in the sixteenth century than they are today, Kelley wiss not a rich mann. Perhans the crystal really was an apport-the appearance of a physical object out of thin air. It is a mystery that is never likely to be solvet. In any case, Dee had the stone set in a gold frame with a cross on the top, a depiction of which is showwil betew,

Mortern students of Enoclaian magic cunnot count on the angels materializing a crystal for tluen. A sensibile allernative is io huy a crystal ball of good quality, either of glass or rock crystat, and a stand to set it on.

## The Tabile of Practice

On April 29, the day atter the delivery of the holy stone, the Table of Iractice was finisherd. It was (woy cubils high. By nwo cubins, an Finglish yard (thircy-six inches) was
meant. ${ }^{14}$ The top was square, also a yard in boilh timensions, sol llat the overall shape of the table was cubic. It stood on four narrow wooten legs. The angels specified that it be made of "sweet wood," which is another name for laurel. The latrel tree has powerful astociations in makic and scrying dating back to ancient Geeec.

The distinguishing leature of this table is the desigr painted on its top. This is clearly illustrated at the begilming or Casanbon's The and Finithful Refotion by a brasscut engaving that was taken from the ariginal talle in the Colwnian library: Around the edpe is a border of


Tuble of Prarrice'

Enochian letters. Each sitle of this border contains twentr-one lelters-1he number of letters in the Enochian alphabet. An Enochian $b$ is inscribed in each comer of the border, Robert Thmer speculates that Itee Enochian B is equivalen ion the number seven. ${ }^{\text {Is }}$ This is a reasonable speculation, in riew of the importance of seven in Enochian magic and the prevalence of the Enochian B.

The letters in this bowder are read right to left, after the normal manner of Enochian writing, and are oriented to be read from outside the edge of the table, so that a person reading the border would walk in a complete cilcle cleckwise arcuund the table. The letters in the border are generated in a Kabbalistic and fairly complex way from a seven-by-lwelve-letier square that is composed of the seven-letter names of the seven Kings and seven Princes of the Hepplomid Mystica with the initial letter B remested from all fourteen namis. The angels give two forms of this syluare. I have reproducet the rationalized second [om below, since it coutains all the neoustary information.

| (1st King) aligon | Ornora | [1st Prince] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2nal King) obogel | efales | [2ud Prince) |
| (3rd King) abalel | utmono | (3rd Primie) |
| (4ith King) y nepor | Lisclad | (4th Prince) |
| (5th King) naspul | rorges | (5th IPrince) |
| [6th King] Bapsen | ralges | (6ih Prince) |
| (7th King) lumaza | agenol | (7th Prince) |

Thation of the Kirgr and Princes

Starting at the upper-kif comer of the border and mowing clockwise, each side of the Holy Table contains
the letters in tliree adjacent columns from the talke of the Kings and Princes. The colunons are tead right to left and top to botom from the first to the seventh Prince ur Kinge Thus, the upper exlpe of the Iloly Tatile bepins o-s-


It is not leally mecessary to undersland this table of the Kirgs and Princes to practice Enochian magic, but it is interescing to know where she letlers in the barder of the lable of Practice come from. Also, it illustrates very clearly that the Enochiar magie of the seven Kings (wluch is linked to the suven tradicinal wandering bod jes of astrologry is an msential component of the Enochian magic of the Watchtowers and Keys as it was reccived by Kelley using Ilee Holy Table. In Finochian mapic based on the Golden Dawn system, the importance of the Kings is hol understood.

The smaller table at the center of the Table of Pratrice Lonsists of twelve Enoclian letters. Its patien is the same as that of the (welve stoncs on the breastplate of che: high priest of ancien Tsrael: four rows ans Illee columns. These fwelve letters relate to the twelve trities, the twelve gates of New lerisalen, the twelw overy permutations of Tetragrammatom, the twelve signs of the zodiac, and the welve Enochian names of God ibal appear on the middte risws of the Watchtowers. Unfortunately, this relationchip is not always clear in Dee's manuseripts.

The leters an liue central table $[3 \times 4\}$ wif the Holy Table of practice are extracterd from the middle of che 7 $\times 12$ table of the Kings and Princes. I liave highlighted them in boldface type to make them easier to locale.

Robert Turner makes the emphalic assertion that the Holy Table as it appears in Casaubon's buass cut plate is mansposed leil to ripht from itte way it should appeal. Fle hases this on the single exant diagram of the Table derign
which appears in Liber Mystemonm Quinta Appenders saying "Casauhon's rendering is quite plainly in erros. The letters that border the top and bottonn edges of the table are ohwiously written backwards, while those chat makc up the left and right hand borders aje transposed. In addition to these errors the $4 \times 3$ square that tulkes ult the centre is alloo given in a reversed order. ${ }^{43}$

Turner blames this inversion in Cassubon's plate on ail error by the engraver, He sugeste that such ermors are common, and are due to the plucess of engrawing itself. He cannot understand why so many Ermochian scholars have failed te pick up on what is, to hinn ath obvious elror, and blames it on the halpit of occultisrs to blindly accept traditions in mapic willhout examinimp their source material (which is centainly true).

After cirefully considering the question, I have come to the conclusion that the plate in Gasaubin is probably a correct representation of Der's Table of lraclice. 'the arrist who execured the plate was working from Tlee's actuad Tatile, and in olfor yespects he seems to have vone a fairly accurate job. Why stould he nake the glaning mistake of invertialg everything left to right? It does not semen reasonable, especially when the severn stnaller tables, the Ensigns of Creation (which, in my opinion were actually painted onto the surface of Deers Table of Practice) are not inverted, but occupy thejr corred position, If the enpraver was going lo invert the rest of the Table left to riglit, it is fair to assume he would also have inverted the Ensigns of Creation.

Thrner may have failet to consilier that the dusign fror the Table of Pratice that appears in Lifer Mysteriorum Ouirta Appendix is execuled in Eatin leters. Latian is reaul left to right. Enothian is read right to left. When an Enochian word is transposed into English, it must be
mirror-inverted as we do with Hebrew words, which are also written and read right to left.

We may presume that the Enochian lecters in the border of the Itoly Table forit workls of power (even though these words are not knownt on at least that churir priller is aignificant to the angets. Dee must have understond the need to invert everything when transposing the Latinn Jellers int his manuscript desipn into the Enochian Letters on the actual physical Table. Thus, il sewuls likely that Casabon's enpraver made no mistake, and the representation of the Table in the brass cul is curcect.

The angels tell Dee concerning the Sigillum Acmath: "We have no restect of tullours," "F However, of the Table they say the Erochian lecters writen amond the eilges russt be painted in yellow oil paint, and that the oil used to mix the pigment should be "purfict oil, used in the church." "s Yellow must be sipnificant in conmection writh Enochian letters. This color for the leflers agreees with the color in which they first appeared to Kellegr in a vision:
... it is to be Noted, that, when E.K. cmull not antly ituitate the forme of the Characters, or lethers, as they weve shewted: that they appeared drawn on his paper with a light yclow culor, which he drew the blak wpron, ,3nd so the yellow cullor disapearing, thete cemarnert onfely the shaper of the letter in blak ..."
As a substitute for oil used in a church, which the motern Enochian magician will fird hard to obtain. premixed oil paints should be consecrated befare they are applied to the Table, which was apparendy painted in several colers: "The table was paincect in brilliano colvors, primarily yellow, blue and red .... "an

Beneath the Table on the foor of the scrying ctaanber a red silk carpet "two yards square" was lioid. The four smaller seals of Ameth (see below) within their
protective containers of laurel were set unon the carget, and the 'lable legs positioned on top of then, probably in depressions cut finto the lids for ataled stability. These: obntainers were probatbly disk-shaped, althouglt they may have been spherical or hemisilerical.

On top of the Table a simple white linen cloth was spread that hung down almost to the Roor. Upon this was placed the wax Sigillum Acmeth and (if they were made of tirn rather (than painled disectly on the labletop) the seven Eusigns of Creation, Ower the Sigillum Aemeth (and the tin Ensignts), a silk cloth wilh tassels at the cormers was spread. This was colored an iridescent red and gnewn, so that it changed from one color to the other when wiewed from different angles. On top of this red-green silk cover, the scrying stone in its golder frame was placed tirectly upun the Sigilum Aemeth in the middle of the Table.

Thege are the explicit directions of the angels. However, there is some evifence that Dee did not adheme in every rispect to these instructions. Casaubon in his preface speaks of a cushion and a cardthslick with a taper. His reference is based on the June 25, 1584, entry in Dere's diary:

A vurce s.ald, bring up the shew-stome.
Lhe:: I had sel it down out the Table, behinde the Cushint widy the crosses, for 1 thad furnished the Tahle with the Clowt], Canalles, whe. as of late [ was wont: Hereupun I sel up the stone on the Cushion.: ${ }^{3}$
There appear to have been at least two canclesticks inwolved. The "Cushion with the Closses" may have been placed upon the Sigillum Aemeth, and cnay have heen a sulistitute for the red-green cloth with the lassels.

The cushion seems to have served as a support for the stone. The candles were probally placed orn either side of the silune on thes Table of Practice.

## The Ensigns of Creation

The seven complex lalismans known as the "hrms" or "Ensignts of Creation" may either be painted directy onte the top of the Holy Table of Practice, or engraved on lathlets of puritied lint, which are then placed in a circle around the Sipillum Aenueth, it is evident from the reproduction of [pee's Table that appears in Casaubon that Dee painted these talismans directly onto the surface as an integrated past of the desifn.

Their placement is shown by the outines on the illustration of the Holy Table, above (suee p, 67), They are arranged radially so that they may be read from the point of wiew of the center of the table. Tumer notes that lley are to be placed seven inches from the edge of the Holy Tablete although they are shown nearer the elge in the Casaubon ergraving.

Procisely what these ralismans are remains mygeriOnls. A note in the appendix of Libur Mysterionam Owintise states that the Arms are "proper to every King and prince in their brder, "is This implins that they relate dirently to the Kings and [rinces of the plamets on the Tuble of the forty-nine Cood Angels, which appears in [hee's L]e Heptarchia Mystica.

The only eccultist who apperas to have made a seriuus attempe to moderstand these Ensigns is Thomas Rudd. He assigned the Ensigns in a circle clockwise according to the ascending kabbalistic: order of the seven "planets"-Moon, Mercury, לenus, Sun, Mars, Jupiter, Sarurn. To the letters in the Fitsigns, he gave the mantes of various demons from the Coutio suth as Buer, Belial, Gaap, and so on. ${ }^{\text {a }}$

In brietly examining Dr, Rudd's. system, 'lumer observes "I feel that we can safely disregard Dr. Fudd's


The fissign of tenur Kïg: Batigorn Primat Mitago


The Ersigr of Sol


|  | $\begin{array}{r} m \cdot 30 \\ B \cdot 9 \\ d-4 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 499 & Q \\ B 3 & \\ 0.9 & 09 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{lll} \hline & & 30 \\ \mathrm{G} & \mathrm{~B} & \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ | $+\frac{B}{+\frac{B}{9}}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} \mathrm{L} & & \text { get } \\ & \mathrm{B}^{2} & \\ \mathrm{~h} & & \text { go } \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{lll} d x & & \text { id } \\ & b & \\ d & 2 A \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} \hline L & & 30 \\ & b & \\ & & \mathrm{PP} \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|lll} \hline & & H \\ & b & \\ 9 & & 2 z \end{array}$ | $9 q^{\prime} \mathrm{gQ}$ | T b ${ }^{25}$ |

The Ensign of Pidrs


| $\mathrm{P}^{2} \mathrm{~b}$ | $\frac{6 b}{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 3 T \\ & \text { bab } \end{aligned}$ | b B | T 13 <br> bib | b |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} V \cdot A \\ B \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 04 \\ & \text { B B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } 14 \\ \mathrm{a} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ G 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & b b \\ & c y \end{aligned}$ |
| B $\mathrm{b}^{\text {c }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & b \cdot a \\ & b^{3} b \end{aligned}$ | 70 5 |  | $\begin{gathered} 4 \cdot 9 \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ | 工安 |
| $\begin{gathered} 90 \cdot 3 \\ B \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 3 \\ & b \quad b \end{aligned}$ | $7 \pi$ 5 $-b^{\prime} b^{\prime}$ | d $b+\frac{1}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 2 \\ & b \cdot B \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BE <br> 8 |

The Erbiger of Jupler


| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{D} 2 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |  | 居 |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 18 \cdot 9 \\ 9.29 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\frac{1}{82}$ | $6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} b & 6 \\ 2 . \\ 8 . G \end{array}$ | $0$ | $2$ | $2$ | $1$ | $T$ |
| b | Btas) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{M} \\ & \mathrm{b} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $46$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{b} \quad \mathrm{~b} \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} 6 & 8 \\ \hline 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $B 9$ | $\begin{aligned} & b \\ & b \\ & b \end{aligned}$ |

 King: Bruppoi Prime Hatios


Tibe Einsign of Sature
Kige: Eropheyr Pline: Bralges


Thu Emian of Luta
Fing: Bimmaza Mrice: Bigenni
lyyputheses with regard to these matters. ${ }^{\text {"3s }} \mathrm{I}$ am in complete agreement with Tumer here, Rufla's notion that all The mumerous occurrences of the letter B in the Ensigns indicates the names of goetic demons whose names all start with $\mathbf{B}$ is, to put it mildly, absurt. The reasoning beluind the complex structure of these seven talismans is unknown, and will likely remain unknown into tle foresegable fulure, since it is nowhere explained in the surviving record of the angelic conversations.

## SIGLLUM AEMETII

The Sigillum Aemelh, br rnore properly Emeth (seal of ruth), also called by the argels the Sigithatm Dei (soal of (iod), is a wax disk that is placed in the center of the Ifoly Table. The crystal in ins gold holter tests on top wif the disk uloring serying. Its mathing is described in the
second book of Dee's Liber Mysteriorm, which is as yel unpublished. Concerning this sipil, the angel Uriel tells [hee; "This seal is not to lme looked upon without great reverence and devation. "asi It is to be made of "pertect wax," ninde buthes ins dianeler, and hetween an inch and a half and an inch and a quaster thick.


Sigitituth Aemerh (front)
[n March, 1582, Dee was instructed by the angel Michael to draw a circle and divide its etige ino forty equal pars. There appeared to Kelley forty "white creatures, all in
white silk lonf robes, and nusy whe like childten. ${ }^{m 27}$ Each of these spirits opened its silk robe at the breast to reveal a letrer and number, or somelimes a letter alone. Dee was instructed to write these in the spaces at the edge of thes seal cllockwise in order beginning al the top,

Within the buler ciecte of firty letters and numbers, thee inscrihed concentrically a heplagon, an interlocking heptagram, a smaller heptagon, and at the center ant interlecking pentagram.

The larger heptatgon is divided into forty-nine parts, and filled up with forty-eight letters (the final space coniains a cross\}. There is probally a direct connection thetween these forty-nine spaces containing forty-eight letlers and the forty-nine pates of underslanding, of which only forty-eight may be gpented. Each side of the larger heptagon contains one of the seven sacred names of God. which Dee derived from a forty-nithe letter square. ${ }^{\text {an }}$


This square was delivered to Ketley on March 20, 1552. The angels instructed Dee to read downward, and when he did so he discovered that the squate consists of the names of sever fiamiliar angels of the planets in the Kabbalah: Zaphkie] (Salum). Zaldkiel (Jupiter), Cumael (Mars), Raphael (Sun), Haniel [Yentis), Mithael (Mercury) and Cabriel (Mom). This same list appears
in Comelius Agrippa's Tiree thoks of Oamit Philosophy, " a wark In Dee's library with which Kelley way familiar. Agrippa was also used by the angels as the source for the ninety-one geographical regions of the earth Jater in the argelic communications. When the: rows of this sequare of planetary angels are read actoss from lefl to sight, they yield the seven sacted names of God in the larger hepragon.

Iust inside the larger heptapon appear seven names that are characterized by the angels as "names not known to the angels, neither can they be spoken on read of mar. These rames bring forth seven angels, the gow emors of the beavens nest unto us. Every letter of the angels' names bringeth torth sewen daugluers. Every daughter bringeth forth lier daughter, ewery daughter hes daughter bringeth forth a son. Every son hath his surs, "sa

This seems confusing but is achually fairly simple. The seven names of God that not even the angels can pronounce ate arranged in the formon a horner square that was scryert ly Relley on March 21, 1582:" ${ }^{19}$


This syuare is sluctured upon another set of seven planetary angels found in the literature of the Kahlbalah:
sulbathiel [Saturn), Zedekiel (Jupiter), Madimiel (Mars), semuliet (Sun), Nogahel (Venus), Cochabiel (Mercury), tewanael (Moon\}, Like the firsi squart, it also is given In the Orami. Priforpphy of Agrippar ${ }^{33}$ The nannes are based on the Hebrew names of tlie planels, with the "uffix "el" added to make them the names of angels.

To extract the names of the sevell new angels of the Theavens next unto to us" (1hat is, the spheres of the phancts), pead the letters down diagonally from the nipper ripht to the lower lefl, starting with the letter $S$ in the upper left commer of the square (thus, for Zaballied: 5. ib. ath, $21 / 8=$ iel], To extrata the names of the teren Sons of Light, read the letters diaponally froms upper left to lower right starting at the lower leit comer a) the scuare, but separated into indiwidual rames by mach siagotaal line (thus, 1, th, Lr, ete, ). The extratio the names of the Sons of the Sons, read diagonally up from the huwer left to rhe upper right starting will the lower ught correr of the square (thus, $E, A B, A v e, ~ e t c$.$) . To$ extract the ctames of the Daughters of Lipht, readd diagu"ailly from upper left to lower right sharting at the upper ight curner of the squate (thus, E(t), Me, Ese, etc.), To atract the rames of the Daughters of the Datughters of Hpht, read diagonally from the tupper right to the lower Irit slarting at the upper left comer of the sugare fthals, h, Ab, Ath, etc.).

You will notice that some compromise and adjustment must be made in filturg the levers of the names to hae lelters in the square. The $S$ in the upper left comer trecomes the similar sounding $Z$ in the name of the flametary angel Zababiel. The fraction $21 / 8$ sicpnifies variousfy El, E or L separately, 1 , or Iel, Whien $\&$ appears thome, it stands for I , The numbers 26 and 30 also fulyeat in srand for L. The Envechian spueling of the
planctary angel of Mercury (Corabiel) dififers from the spelling that appears in Aprippa (Cochabiel).

The names of tlee "governors of the heavens" are written between the points and in the center of the pentagram: Zabathi [el), Zedekiel. Madimiel, Semeliel. Nogahel, Coratiel and Levarael.

The seven names writter upon the the interlocking hoptagram are the Seven Sons of Light, who ate subject to frince Hagonel. ${ }^{31}$ Readimg clockwise, they are: I , Ili, llr, Dmal, Heeoa, Beigia and Stimcul, The names on the smaller heptagon are the Seven soms of the Sons and derlwed from the Sons af Light: $E(l), A n$, Ave, Liba, Rocle, Hagoundel) and Ilemese. It is inlended that these namos have from one to seven letters. To accomplish this, it is sometimes necessary to deuble the "el" into a single compound character.

The rames inside the points of the inlerlocking heptapram are those of the Daugtblers of Light: E(1), Me, Fise, Tana, Akele, Azdeln and Stimeul. Smbilarly, the names just outside rhe smaller lieplagon are the names of the Daughters of the [paughters: $5, \mathrm{Ab}, \mathrm{Al}$, , 7 ct , Ekiei, Madimi and Esemeli.

On the back of the Sigil of Emeth, Uriel ordered Dea 10 inscribe a large cimele-cross with duuble beams on the end of each arm. In the angles af the cross are written the four letters $A, G, L$, A clockwise from the upper left comer. AGLA is a Kabbalistic name of God compoustel from the first letters in the Hebrew phrase "Aleh Gebor Le-olahm Auen" (Thou ant mightly forever, O Lord).

The angels orderex that four smaller wax stals bo made that were identical to the Sigillurt Aemeth. These were to he set under the leys af the Holy Table insitse hallow wooden cavities. It is unclear whether these wooden containers, which were 10 be made of "sweel


Sigithan Achteth (buck)
wool" (]aurel) wert athached to the lege of the Table. or were disk-shaped wooden boxes upon which the leps rested. "The four feet of the dable musi have 4 hollow thing of sweer wood, whereupon they must stand. Within the hollow spheres thy seals may be kepu minerIshed. One month is all for the use thereof. ${ }^{\text {"11 }}$

Dee considered the Sipillum Aemell/ lis mpsi satreal pussession, with the possible exceprion of the hoty sone which he believed had been supernaturally inalenatized by the angels, He carried it with him on hisi ravels through Europe, and brought it back intact to Mortlake. it has survived to the gresem, and may he sten in the Fritish Muscum along with the other relics of Dee's scrying.

## Seals of the Angelic Ministers

Wee is told by Carmara on November 17, 1582: "when thou invokest, thy feel must be plater upon these ritrles ... comprehending 42 letcers and names. But with this consideration: that the character (which is the fissil in the 7 in the former book) be placed upon the top of

## 84- Enochian Magic for Beginners

the lable, which thou wasl and art and shall be commanded to have and use. ${ }^{\text {mi }}$
'The: talles mentioned by the angel Carmara are the circular seals of the forty-two angelic ministers that serve under eath of the seven heptarchical Princes. Each seal is formed from forly-wo letters extracted by Kabhalistic means from the Table of the forty-nine Good Angels. Each leter is the name, or slands for the name, of a ministerinp angel.

Fissi, the letters are writen in a letter square of six Jows and seven columns. Then this stjuate of forty-two is transiormod into a rinp, will tath of the six rows writerb out in its own comparment, proceeding dockwise around the ring. Turner interprets the second patt of Carmata's instructions cquoted ahove to mean that Dee musit place the seal on character of the Prime who rules the forly-1wo ministers on top of the circular table of the ministers. Aowepling this incerpretation for the moment, it is now perfectly clear whether the sial of the Prince must be a separate seal Ulal fits within the ring of the forty-wro ministers, or whecher it may be inscribued within the ring upon the circular table of the forty-two miniskers itself. The latler pracioce would be more comvenient.

I am inclined to inlerprom the second part of casmara"s instructions to mean that the stal of the Prince who rules the day the scrying is performed sloukt be placed on top of the Foly Table of Praclice, beside the stwwstone in its golden franne. However, the wording is ambiguous, and may be taken either way:

No dimensions for the seals af the forty-two angelicministers are given, but they probably should be large encught to place both feet together upon them. It may be that they are intendel to lwe small, and that the fect should be set dye' the seals to cover them; or it may be

That the feet should fit inside the ring of forty-1wo letters If the feet are to fit inside the central space on the seals. a thameter of at least twelve inches is lequired. If the leet me merely to he set on top of the seals, a diameter of foul mathes will suffice This is beft to the discrelion of the litochian magician, (See Chapter Nine, where the seals of the Princes and the tables oif their Ministers ate shown?)

## The Holy Lamen

Th March 10, 1582, Dee received from an angel who atled himself Uried an irregular triangular figure filled with obscure charaters. This was to be his persomal smbal onf authority, callech a Lamen in ritual mapic (Hee spelleal it "Lamyne"). It was out of keeping, with Whe rest if the Eno:hian symbols, beimg mbalanues and wermingly not based on a letter-number system ar Herivation. Indeed, it bad a very goetic look.

A a later dane the angel 11 declaved to Dee that this frat Lameri was "false and divilish" and that the angel who had represturd himsilf as Uriel was an impostor. Another Lamen was revealed to Dee, and is represented - Dee's Liber Mysiemionum Qrinta Appendix.

This true Lamen is composed of eighty-four fonctian letters inscribed unon a syminol that consists if asquare filted up on iss cormer, within another fuare which it touches at the comery, which in hure is t inside a thind square, II is to be drawn on a piece oli uper four inches by four inclues. The Enochian lenters hould be done in yellow ail paint. I suggest ilat the megrounk be alternate colors af red and lilue, to harinize olve Lamen with the Holy Talle.-
Ideally, this Lamen should be placed in a gold frame ithat it may be hung around the neck on a gold chain,


John Der's Smprud Jaimen
with the letters clearly visible. A frame simular 10 a small picture 「rame with a glass fron! would reveal the letlers while at the same lime protecting, the Lamen from damage. However, none of this is sperified by the angels, so the exact form of the firame and its material is at the discretion of the maker.

The angel Carmara tells Llee that the Lamen comprehends "the lorin of thy own rame." ${ }^{\text {sh }}$ Dee, who was skilled in ciphers, was unable to locate any trace of his name in the form of letters on the Limen.

Dite, The character or tawen for me was noted that It should contain same token of my name. And now in chls accounted the true character of dignification, 1 prowive no peculiar mark ax lethers uf ay' name.

Wrab. The form in every coner conaidereth yaur mame. [hee Wou mean there to be a certain shadow dil Delat
Urief: Whell. ${ }^{37}$

By "Delta" Dee meants the Greek letter Delta, whicht he was in the habit of subsithuling for his name in his magical diarties, It is not clear to me how a [yella may be extracted from the comers of the Lamen, unless it is the triangular spaces created berween the central and tniddle squates. Also, there are three Enochian letres ith each vormer of the middle squart. These form a trjangle and migh be considered a "shadow of Dolla,"

Since there seems to be no sperific occurrence of Dee's name in the lettery of the Larnels, it may lue used us a general Lamen in all Enochian mapic. To make it personal, the magician should write his, or luer mangical rame on the back of the sutuare of paper where the Lamen is drawri and colored. The magical name is the name given to the magician during group initialion, or receivell psychically during solo practice, and represents the magical self of the mappician.

If there are any Enochian magicians foolizh enough od deliberately seek to evoke the evil spirits ar chemons uf the Creat Table, it would be appropriate for thent to use the Cirst goetic version of Dee's lamen, and to write their magical name on the back to personalize it. Since: the sole function of this first lamen is in goetse theurgy. II did not seem necessary to reproduce ir in this kouk. those determined to go to the [hewil in their own fashton will find the goetie lamen in Turner's Hemderkia afystict of Jotrn Dee

## The Tabies of the Kings

The Tables of the Kings are to be painted on ilat dishis ar Intel ("sweet wood") small enough that they san be hodd in the hand during ritual work. Each consiste of lur seal of the King (a geomelric sigil with the name of
a related Son of the Sons of Lipht written upon it in Latin characters) surrounded ty a ring containing the name of the King, which in turn is surruanded by an outer ribig containing seven letters (or mambers), some of which are reversed lof to right. The letlers of the outer rints appar to be related by some unknown cipher system to the letlers in the name of the King.

Unfortunalely, Dee does not deseribe the methad by which the Jetters on the outermast ting are derived. He: refers to them only as the "charactery and words ammexed to the Kinge' bames in the culer bincumterence of the grat circle or plate," ${ }^{*}$ This would not have mathent had he drawn all seven of the tables of the Kings, but he lefit only a single example in the margin of his manuserips.


It seems fairly phribus that the leters in the outermost ring oif the table relate directly to the lecters in the name of lhe King. Babalel's mame montains two Bs, two As, two Ls and one Es, The outer ring contains rwo $S \mathrm{ss}$, two $R 3$, two ohd characters that look like reclining fs, and one invered $P$. However, I lave: not been able to determine the methed oi ilus cipher. For this reason, it is not possible to perfectly
re-create the other six rables of the Kings. They may be made with tlie outer rings blank so that, if in the fulture the method for deriving the outer characters is discovered, they may be fillect in on the cables.

## Tile Use of the Furniture

Most, if not all, of the furmiture and lools described above were nsed by [pee and Kelley at each scrying seswon. They centainly employed the Holy Table of Fraclice, the angelic showstone, the Ensigus of Cimation, the single large Sigillum Atmeth and its four smaller repli. cas tumber the legs of the table. Dee prohably wore the lamen and ring al tach communication with the: angels. He and Kelley may have warked with their feet upon the circular seals of the forty-two angelic Minislers if the Princes. It these seals wh the Ministers were "mplayta, they would probably have been usmi in leme an the days ruled by the Primes. Howewer, I hawe seen min eviterne that these seals of the Mintishtrs were ever employed by Dee.

To the Golden Dawn system of Fincotian magic, which is the mos prevalent form of Enochian magis: worked in modern times, all of the alovere instruments wh completely igroyed. This simplified the Enob:hian ussem of the Colden Dawn, hul was a serious oversight (an the part of ils creator (probably Mackregbr Mathers).

I strongly reconmend that dnyone who is serious brrut the practice of Enochian magic conistruct the Holy I the, the Sigillum Aemplly with its four lesser councerwrts, the seren Ensigns of Crealion lif these are not finted on the sulufuce of the Table itself], the ring, the mert, the seven seals of the forly-two Ministers (to be ficed under the feet during scrying in the crystal on.

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the? corresponding days of the week), and the seven round tables of the Kingrs. This is the basic minimum requirement For Emochian magic as it was delivered by the angels to Dee throuph Kelley.

## Chapter Seven

## The Enochian Language

## The Tongue of the Angels

The force that empowers Enochian magic is the Enochian language. The angots claimed that this was the actual language spoken in heaven before the expulsion of Adam from Paradise. Whilen Adarn entered the world and time began, said the angel Gabriel, he tould not spoak. Te hat forgotert the angelic tongue spoken by him in his innocence. He "began to harn of mecessily" the primal form of Hebrew, which is not the same form that Hebrew takes ink historical times, alllough it did share the same basic division of Jetters into graups of three, seven and twelve.

The true pronunciation of this printal Jlehrew has been lost, which is wily Hebrew does not camy the sume accult force it originally possessed. However, evell the primal Holrew spaken by Adan could not begin to compare with the authority and might of the nongue of the angels: "for as this Work and Gift is of God. Which is all power, so doth he open it in a fongue of power, to the intent that the proportions may agree in themselwes." ${ }^{-1}$

According to the angels, the Enochian languape is ,tble to express the primal essence of thinge directly.

In this language, every letter signifieth the member of the substance whereaf it speaketh. Every wout slgithelh the sucume of the substarice. The letters ate sepmoted, wht is
confusiutt: and therefore, are by mumbers gathoed together, which also signify a mumber. Pur as every greater containeth his lesser, so are secret and unknonsh ingms of thitus knit up in their parents, Reing knowa in numher, they ate easily distinguished, so that hersin we teach places to be numhered lessers to tee elected from the jumhered, and pavper words from the leters, which sisnily substantially the liug that is spoken of in the certer of lue Cextor:

When the: patriarch Ennoth was taken up into heaven alive, he was instructed in the primal lamguage of the anpels, and learned to speak it. For this reason it is callewl Enochian, beimet the tongue taught to Enoch. lo order to work the magic of the Watchrowers, it is necessary to be able to sound Enochian letters and speak the Keys in the original Enochian. The Keys are of little power when woiced in English.

## The EnOCHIAN AlPHABET

The Erochian alphahet is writen from ripht to teft and has tweuty-one letters, rather than the twenty-two of Helwew. This allows the letters to be divided into three groups of seven. Three and seven are inagically potent numbers. Three is the number of the holy trinity it its mumerous forms in different riligions. Seven is the number of the traditional manets of astrublegy (which inclute the sun and Moonj. These are the serven "lights" that rule the twelve names of God that rule the nincty-one geographical spirits on the Great Talue of the Watehtowets.

The Gemmanic rune alphahet known as the futhark is divided into three families or blans of eight runes each. This threctold division is sa anciem, it may be coveal with the invention of rumes. Each clan, or aftr. takes its name from the first rume in the clan, which is
regasted as its patriarch, The strucumre of the Enochian alphabet appeats to be very similar, excepl that tach family of Erochian letters conalans seven members. We know the Enochadi alphaber has a threefold aiwision because the names of the letters were revealled to Kelley in three groups of serven. ${ }^{3}$

Llonald Laycock poincs out that all the lenters in the Cinochian nimes for the Enochian lenters tatal sixty-four a number that may have significance as a mayice stuare. Enochian appears to be ant alphantumeric cipher system rather than a nomrially evolved languape. It is possible thal the names for the letters were gencraned by letter squares similar to those so common therotighoul Envelian magic, although no one has froposed how this may have been accomplished.
'The names, shapes and ordering of the letters of the alphabet we can be fairly confidnat about, because the letters were revealed on Kelley in a vision on May fir. 1583, as recorded in his own mancuscript diary Liber Logath." They appearish an the page before him in a -light yellow cullor" and Kelley traced their outlines exactly before this supernatural color faded. Despite tle lact than Kelley traced out each letter tor ensure absolute accuracy, the common Emochian typeface used today contains several serious inaccuracies, For the lable of the Finochian alphabet given here, ant the other jllustrations in this work, I liave created a completely new Eublhian tyneface in both print and script characiers that I call Madimi. It more aceurately represents the shapes of the ketlers liat Kelloy received from the angels.

Particular notice should be talen of the small dot in the corner of the letter Pal, which is transilifeated into linglish as x. This dot, which seems to be similar to the tot in the fowercase: Latin tetter $i$, is invariably overinoked


when the Enochian alphabet is reproducenl. Yel it cannot be a mere blemisht in the manuscripe, because it appeass in both the set of letrets transmilted to Kelley on May 6, which may be callerl formal or print letters, and in the less cletailed set of letrers reconded by Dee in per, which may be callet Enewhian cursive or script.

In the stardard Encochian typeface used in Regarlje's Gotden Dawn and elsewhere, the letter veh (c/k) is shown as (wo completely separate parts. This
is wrong. Also, the letter Med (0) appears as two trakes that curve in opposite directions. The strokes hould burve in the same direcnion. In the standard (ryeface the letter Gal (d) has two appendages that hurwe it opposite directions. The bottom appendage thould be straight, Hy the same coken, the lecler or (f) has twe straight appendages in the standard rypeface, whereas the lower appendige should lie crescent. The letter ral ( $x$ ) is shown as a simple right angle in ther nandard rypeface, but the horizontal bar should proleat beyond the verlical bar on the left side. The leller fim (s) appears as two separate ereseent strokes in the Choden Dump, bul it is shown in both the prina and fifipt wersions, as well as in the expraving of the Table: of Practice in Casautoon, as a single conneded ïgure. Finally, the letter Ceph $[\alpha$ ) is almost identical in the fandard typelace to the Latin letter P , bui the upper pmint of the crescen should project well pust the wirtit.il har tha the left.

1 point out these serious errors in the sltanos of the bimehian letters that appear in lmoks (including my ww books, in those cases where I allowed the Guldert [adwit lypelace to be used] because this is a matter that IT never questioned. Although I have stylizend the letters for my Madimi font, woll may be certain that the signifimant faatumes of the letters are accurately presented.

## Enccilian Numerohogy

What is tucertain is the mumerical value of each letter. Rubert Turnel' shesgests that the initial letter Pa \{b) has a balue oil seven, because soven is the most important number in the early Enochian commanicationgs, and Pa - the most common and indost important letter.; Why
thse would it the set in the comers of the Table of Practice, except to stand tor the sevenfold magic of the angelic heplarchit why else would it head the names ot the 49 good angels of the heptarch?

We may speculate that the reason the Enochian alphabet is heater by the letter it is because this is the first letter in the first word of the first book of the BibleThe Hehnew Genesis begins with the word "BeReshit," which translates "In the begioning." If the first Enochian letter does hare a value of seven, the values of the remaining lenters do not seem to follow any logical orter, as do the letters of Hebrew. A system of numerical valwes can casily loe imposed on the Enochiary alphabet, but this would not be a natural part of Enochian magic.
layconk prostulated the letters that stand for the numbers from one to nine, based on their occurrenct in the Encultian Keys. ${ }^{\text {b }}$ When we add in Tumer's B, we get this list:

| $\mathrm{L}=\mathrm{L}$ | $\mathrm{S}=4$ | $\mathrm{~B}=7$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~V}=2$ | $\mathrm{Q}=5$ | $\mathrm{P}=8$ |
| $\mathrm{D}=3$ | $\mathrm{~N}=6$ | $\mathrm{M}=9$ |

It is simple to produce highter numbers by combining these letters if some posidioning system is used ro indicate [owers of ten, but this is not the systenn employed by the Enochian angels. For example, the mumber 12 is mot, as we might expect, $\mathrm{L} v$-it is OS . The number 33 is PD. The number 456 is CLA. No one has yen been able to make sense of this strange numeration. Therefore, numbers car the usiet in Entochian magie where these fave previously been generated by the angels, but it is dingerous for the monlern Enomhian magician to generate new nurnbers, since it is impossible to be centain of their meaning.

## Pronlunclation of Ekochian Words

Enochian names are uncommonly difticult to pronounce, and also wery havd wo rememutr, because the arrangement of their letters appears almost random. This tesults In alranke little tomborant clesters that never occur in English or any ocher European language. For example, the nante of the demon Thotabc would puzzle most speakers, as would that of the angel Rent. Enochian names are generated by various systems of magic squares. Their significance, and thus their power, arises frem the placement of the letters in the name upon those squares.

This is not the case with actoally Enochian words, which usually may be vocalized in the normal way willuoul Iripping up the longue. Encochian words appear to constitute a true language with its own odd rules of synuax, allhough there are numerous exceptions to the rules. The werb confugations are often irvegular. For example, the present tense of the verb "to be":
I amn .......... zir, zirdo
we are ........ geal [i?
you are ....... geht
he/sherit is ... i
they are ...... chius, chis, chit

There is no form for "we are" in the Enochian tox tannmitred to Dee and Kelley, None of the verb declenwions are conmplete. I have comjectured geys, hut Enim: bilan is so irregular there is only a slight chance that this is the corroct form. This limitation of the lanmuant led Crowley lo coin a number of Enochiar words for use in bis perhomal system of magic. Crowley's uew words have, harough decudes of use, acquited a cettair raspectability

Eventually, if Enochian is ever to attain the usefulness of a true language, souncome wilh extensive linguistic craining will have to radically expand its vocabulary.

Concerning the structure al the language, Laycock states, "There is nothing strikingly un-English about the grammar: no trace of the construct case or irregular plurals of Hetrew ar Arabic, no clear indication of multiple cases or complex verb forms, as in Latim and Greck." ${ }^{3}$ He goes on to say that the onder of the words is similar to English. This is what we might expect if Fnochian were drawn frours the unconscious mind of Edward Kelley, whon kncw little Latin and no Greek or Helorew (althouph he was able lo laallsmil bireek dictared to him by the angels, who used it as a means to communicale privately with Dee through lis scryer wilhou Kelley knowing whal was discussed).

The more I study Enochian, the intre I am inclined to bellieve that the angele were autonomous residents of the unconscious, not of Kelley, but of Dee himseli, They were able to draw upon Tree's cxtensive knowledge of ciphers, his wast literary scholarship, and his language skills, to construct the syblem of Frochian magic and the Enuchiars language. In my opinion they used Kelley merely as an instrument for communticating with Dees conseious raind. This radical hypothesis explains how Kelley was able to deliver the Enochtant leathings, so many of which are completely heyond his conscious inteltectual capability. It presupposes that the angith were able to link Dee's uncomscious mind with that of Kellicy fin some mysterious way. [t also explains low Dee was able to make sense out of the convoluted angelic teachings fihey were based on his own thoughts and studies), and shows why on several occasions the angels referred to Dee and Kelley as two parts of a single whole.

However, if the Enochian language was the prestuct of Dee's unconscious, we would expect it to be more consistent. Dee's ahilitios as a linguist were extensiver Jerhaps the imegulanities in the gramimas can be explained by the complex melhod of Iadusmission and the source. Dee's conscious mind was uncommonly well ordens, bul his unconscious may have been less linear.

## The Golden Dawn Method

The leclnoique used by the members of the EIermetic Order of the Golden Dawn to pronumate Envelian names was straiphtiorward. Regardie sums it up succinctly in his introduction to the Enochian teachings in the Order papers: "for practical purposes, the language is fonounced by laking each tetter separately, whenever a lack of wowels renders in necessary, Bul, wilh a litle practice, the pronunciation will come instincrively when the student want it. 'Z.' is always pronounced 'Zod' with a long; 'p.'"

The leader of the Goldeen bawd, S. L. MacGregor Mathers, wrote conceming the prosunciation of Enochian:

Erielly, regarding the pmonumatian of the Angelical Langrage, that shalt pronounce the onnsonanse with the vowel following in the nomenclature of the same letter in the Hebrew Alphahet. Far example, in lthe Hebrew Letter] Ecth. the vowel following " Fi " is " " f " pronoulaced st. Thectore, if " B " it an Angelic Name precede anothet iss in "Sobha" [whose, or whom!, thon mayest pronounce it "Sobeh-hah." "G" may be either timmel or limel (as the Arabs do call it) following whather it he hand or solu, Tbls is the ancient Egyptian use, wherfof the Hehrew is but a copy, and that many rimes a iaulty rapy, sulve in the Divine and Mrystical Wames, and some othes things.

Also "Y* and " $\mathrm{I}^{*}$ wre simulara alan "Y" and "U," depend
 tue ancient Epypritu power of Sameldns tut thene be smme

One of the thrue original founders of the Golten Dawn, Wynn Westcolt, insertes the following note inth one of his rituals:

In pronouncing the Nantus, take each letret separately. M is pronounced Em; N is pronounced En (also Nu, sinow in Hehrew the vowel followimg the equivalen letler Nimit is ${ }^{\prime} u^{\prime \prime}$ ); $A$ is Ah; Pis Peth; Sis Ess; D is Dob.
 ZLZA is prumameed Zod-pe-zod-ah. ADPRE is All deh-reh or Ah-deh-er wh. TAASD is 'tel ah-ah-ese-deh. AlAOAL is Als


 EXARP is Eh-ex-at peh. ${ }^{*}$

In another place Westoutt mentions that the mane OOMth sharthl be pronouncel "Oh-Oh-Meh-Doth-ee.""

Following these dirctions literally, bepinmers in Enochian magic sometimes atempt to pronounce cach individual Enochian lether, even where there is no need. The advice of Regardie that the tetlers be pronounced separalely "wherever a lack of wowels renders it necessary" should be borne firmly in mind.

## The Methon of Dee and Keliey

The members of the Golden Dawn owerlooked the alirections in Dees diaries concerning the correct pronunciation of the Enochian libuguge. As a rule of litumb, wherewer pussible, Enochian should be promunced as you would pronounce English. Gnly where unnaturat
consonant cluslers in the names make chis impossible should individual leters be sounded. Effectivily, the mames are miade pronounceable by the alditition of wow els in somewhat the satue way that wieten Hebrew, which consists solely of consomants, is soiced by the insertion of wowt marks.
[lek left scattered phonetic keys in the section of the: diaries dealing wilh the Enochiar Ianguage. He used "dg" to indicate soft "g" amol "s" to indicate soft "c." Irs severat plates he indicates that "ch" is to be promounced "k." The want ds (who, which, that) is [rumounced "di-es." The letter " $Z$," " . Regardie observed. is to be pronounced "zoul" where it cannot be merged with the rest of the word, hut holl always.

For example, the name of the angel 7axanin would be vocalized as it is in English, but the word zmana (swear; swore) stould be pronomincal "zod-nur-za." By way of contrast, Aleister Crowley, who learned the pronunciation of Enochian in obe Gulden [7awn and sounded every letter, voiced this word "Zond-an-ar-re-not-a," Hesides being awkwart, this is clearly concramy 10 Dee's practice.

Denald Laycock, who provides the most completh directions on the fronunciation of Enothiants gives the general rule "consonants as in English, wowels ats in Ilalian." Uniontumalely, this is likely to be of limited use to those who do ros speak Italian. He goes on moxplain that this means "u" should be pmonnoned as in "put." not as in "but," and alsu states that in Deces time the " 5 " Woulht anways be pronounced wherever it occurs.

It should he noted that in Elizabothan limess it was a commun [ashion to subststule " $v$ " and "u," and also " i " and " $j$." In places 1 thave exchanged the " $w^{\prime \prime}$ I Inat occurs jn []ee's oripinal spelling for a "u" to render pronumcialicu
easier. In the Enochiar alphaber " r " and "u" are both indicated by the letter Yan. When this letter occuts an the heginning of a word, it is writter "v" when followed by a vowel, but "u" when followed by a consonant.

## The True Form of Enochian

The botton line on the pronurciation of Enochian is that no ont really koows what prormonciation [lee ant Kellcy used, let alone how the angets intended the languape to be pronounced. Kelley undoubtedly heard it spoken correctly ly the angels. and probably transmitted an accurate version to Dee. But Dee's phonetic notafibns are makeshifl and haphazand. One thing we know for certain is that the members of the Golden Dawn and Aleister Crowley spuke Enochian incorectaly.

An expert linguist with a knowledge of how Elizabeth Finglish somblet, and what accents were curren near London and in the county of Worcestershire (where Kelley grew up), who studied Dee's phonetio guides carchully, cotad probably make a fairly close approximation of the Enochian languase spoken by [bee. The rest of us will have to content ourselves with a less accurate version. We can take some comfort in the knowledge that, no maller bow batly we mispronounce. Enochian words, we are almost certain to be closer to the original than MacGregor Mathers or Aleister Crowley, who both used Enochian magic with good results.

## Chapter Eight

## The Heptarchia Mystica

## The Angelic Heptarchy

[n 1582, Edward Kelley scried the complele system of angel magic that is recorded in Thee's manuscript De Heptarchic Mystion. This was one of the works lumm in the secret drawer of Dee's chest fifty-four years after Dee's death, and for this reason it escaped inclusiou in Casaubon's A True and Faidhtul Felathenz Its neglect has continued down to the presem1. Although the magic of the angelic hegtarchy is an integral parl oi Enochian magic. it was completely ignored by the Golden Dawn, and consectuently ly Aleister Crowley, who learuet his Bum:hian magic trom the Golden Dawn. Most modern Enochian magicians rely on these three sources, ant seeno at a loses to know what to do with the heprarch.

A heptarchy is a gavermmen of seven rulerg, The word had parlicular meaning for Dee as an Englishman and historian. Anglo-Saxom England was composed of seven kingdums be1ween ano. 449 and 928 , This group of seven kingdoms was called the Heprarchy. Seven has great occult significance because there are severs wandering bodies that rule the heavens in ancient astrology The seven astrolugical planets also rule the Earilh through the seven days of the week.

The divine authorily of the scven planers is recognized in Christian mythotogy. They are the seven stars fueld in the right hand of Clorist (Remention $1: 16$ ) and the

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seven lamps of fire that hurn before the throne of Cod, who are also called the seven Spirits yi God (hewelotom. 4:5). Each planet is thus a ruling angel. The imagery in Revclarion plays a large role in the Enochian teachings, as I have tried to thow in my book Trimghamaton. ${ }^{1}$

## The Table of the Forti-Nine Good Angels

In the Erochian heptarchy, the suevert spheres of the planels are ruld thy seven angelic Kings. Each King has a Prince, who is the active power of the Kings, Under each Irince are live Nolbles. The hames of these fortynine angels begin with the letter $B$, which may repre sent the number seven. The nathes were revealed to Kelley letter by tetter upen a complex table in the shape of a cross with seven separate parts, ${ }^{2}$

Kelley recelvet this sevenfold cross on April 29, 1582. Sewen angels approached holding seven sifucte tables. Each stuare talble was composed of forty-nine cells, and each cell had a letter and a number writter in it. The ordering of these letters and nurnlon's appears ro the random. The first table was filled with the letter B . The angels used this as the center of the cross, and joined the ather six tablos ro its sides. Moving around the centrat table clockwise, tables two and three were compressed together and joined to the top, cable four wras joined to the right, tables five and six were compressed and athacteed to the botiom, and table seven was joined to the left edge of the central table.

It was then a simple mater to extract the names for the forty-nine good angels of the planets. Starting with the cell in the central table of the cross that comament H 1 , Dee low k en to the cell in rhe second table that also contained the number one, and round there the lelter $A$.

In the thivd table of ohe cross, the cell with the sumber one contained the letter L. In the tourth table the cell with the uumber boe contahed the letier I. Tn the fifth, the letter $G$. In the sixth, the letter 0 . In the seventh, the letter $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{N}}$ These seven letters composed the marse of the firse of the heptarchical Kings, BALJGON.

In this way, Dee extracted in order forty-nine aogels, whith the arlanged in the form of a ring that was divided into sever parts, each containing seven names. These phats of the cing were associated with the seven planers in ar apparently random order. Dee called this table the Fabula Ahigelorumi Bonoruma 49.



## The Ministers of the Princes

Each Prince also has a hierarchy of forty-two Ministers who rute the hours of the day in six groups of seved Minislers, each group ruling four hours of the twentyfour. Eviry one of these Forcy-two Ministers is repre sented by a single letter, sor that each of the six groups collectively has a single name that is composed of seven letlers. The names of the forty-two Minisiters under cach Ptince are "extracted by a laborionsly complex method from the Table of the forty-nine Cood Angels. "' In uthis way they are composed of the natues of the angels. For lunately, it is not neccssary to know this method iop use the Ministers.

The angels informed Dee that the King of each planel and lusis subordinate Prince rule the entire day associated with the planet of the King. Curioushy, the serving Prince of each King is associaterd with a differme plamet on the Tahula Angeloturn Bonomum. The six ranks of scven Ministers rule four-hour periods in succession, beginning at midnight." 'lo take the Mintisters of Prince Flisidon (Jupiter) who serves King Bnaspol (Mercury), the ruler of Wednesday, as an example:

```
EL.GNSEB (hours 1-4)
NL[NZVB [hours 5-B]
SFAMLLB (1tours 9-12)
OOGOSRS (hours 13-16)
NRPCRRB (Hours 17-20)
ergal b a b (bours 21-24)
```

The individual letters that represent the Ministers were cach expanded into a seven-lenter name by a simplo process of permutation. ${ }^{\text {F }}$ This technitue is common througherut Enochian magic. The letler of each Minister
is moved to the Front olf its rank, and the temaining six letlers written behind it. To take as art example the Min isters of Prince Misdon, shown above:

## ELGNSER:

Elprweb, Leqnebe, Gasched, Nsetwig, Sebelpra, Ehelphas, Belgnse

## NL.INZVB:

Ninzula, Linzablun, [rzubul, Nzubali, Zubnlin, Inmaline, Halinzu

## SFAMLLB:



## OOgOSRS:



## NRPCRRB:

 ergdbab:


## SEVEN AND TWENTY-FOUR

It should be noted that each group of seven Ministers rules 240 rimutes. These mumbers have sipnificance with respect to the thrune of God described in Retabioner 4:4-5:

> And round illwut the thone were four and twent seats: and upou the seats I saw four and twenty elders sit ring, clothed iti white raistent; and they hated on their lecals ctnwns of gold.

> And out of the twouk proceeded lightringe and thumberinges and volcess and dure were seven lamins of fire burwitur hefore the thoutes, whicht are the seven Spirits of cot

The twenty-igur Elders rule over time: sfecifically the twelve hours of the day and the twelve hours of the night. They are measured, or governew, by the seven
lamps before the throne, which are the sever planets. In Lle heavens, the planets govern the time divisions of the twelpe houses by moving through them, On earth. the planets are represented by the days of the week, and in magic are assipned the twenty-four hours of the day to rule in a week-long cycle. The planets repeat thermselves in twenty-fous sets of seven over the 168 hours of the week. The assigurnent of the fortyrowo Ministers to the hours in groups of seven, bach of which rules 240 minutes, is amother expression of this ancient temporal relationship between twenty-four and seven.

## The Grimoire

The grimoire pottion of De Heptarchia Mystica is sonnewhat confused in the mamuscripl. It seems to have been deliberately scrambled by the angels during its transmission. However, it can be reassembled with a fair degree of confidence. It is divided into seven sections. Each pare concerns a day of the week, the angelic Kirig who rules that day, and the planet of that day, Senring each King is the Prince of a different (but presumably related] planet, and the forty-two Ministers of that Prince. The simgle-letter names of the Ministers are arranged in a square of six rows, each row concaiting the soven lefiers that rule the 240 -minute segment of the clay of the King whom their Prince serves.

In addition to these angelic names, each part of the grimoire contains the circular seal of the forty-two Mirtistars of tlee Prince, the seal or character of the Prince himself, and a seal containing the rame of ome of the seven Sons of the seven Sonss of Tight. These seals that concain the names of the Sons are prohably the seals of Ule Kings

You will recall from Chapter Six that the names of Sons of the Sons were derived by reading diagonally on a letrer cable rexeived by Kelley on March 21, 1582, You will also recall that the character of the Prince [s to bet plactat on the Table of Practice for perhaps on the circular seal of the Ministers, depending on the interpretaciomb, and the circular seal of the Ministers is to be put under the feer of the magrician during the invocation of the anyels into the stone.

## The First Table of the Kinog and Princes

The relationship between the Kings and the Princes has a basis elsewhere in the angelic communications. It results from the first form of the lether sufuare from which the Enochian letter's on the Holy Table of Practice were derived. This letter square is composed of the wames of the Kings and Princes (minus the initial is in each namet writen side by side in a sifuare of seven rows and twelve columiss. 1 gave the second, rationalized form of this table in Chapler Six while explaining how the Enochian leltery on the Table of Practice were derived. Shown here is an earlier form in which each King was nol aligned with its own Prince.

| [ Thil lrince] | lonega | n的ila | [15t King] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (lst Prince) | ogonro | legobo | [2nd King] |
| (2nd Prince) | sefafe | Jelaba | (3rd King) |
| (3td Prince) | onomtu | ropeny | [4th Kinp] |
| (4th Prince) | nodsj] | Iopsar | ( 5 th K lng ) |
| (5th Prince) | segrat | nespran | (6th King) |
| (6th Prince) | seglar | azamu」 | (7th King) |

The relationship between the King and Prince on each row of this table is the same relationship that exists in Dee's lueplarchical primoire. The letters in the names of this parlier table are read from righlt to left. For example, Bnaspol, the King of Mextury who rules Wednesday and is the fifth King on Dee's circular Tab. ula Angilorm Bonorum 49, is mated with the fourth Prince, Eliston, who is the Prince of Jupiter. Why this odd relationship between the Kings and Primes exists is not cleas, but at least there is a letter square to show that it was not a mistake.

## Prifarattons for the Use of tit Hetarchiy

In general preparation for the work, the magician should fast moderately and maintain a scrupulous cleanliness, both of the body and the chothine. Tlee ritual place must also be kepi clear and tidy. Alcohol, tobacco, druge and sex should be awpided for at leash a day before the ritual. Avoid all extremes of behavior. If a series of related rituals is undertaken, ahstinence and chastity on the part of the magician will greatly incmease the likelihood of success.

A general prayel for the succtss of the work should be spoken three times each day durinß the emire period of the ritual working: at dawn, at milddyy, and at semset. Dee used the following prayer, which I have simplified somewhat, but the mapician may compose an original prayer that perfectly expresses his or her artitude loward the work.
 Glory; 0 Thot of Hosts; of Creator of Heaven and Farth, and ol all thinge wisjble and nnvisihle: grant who Yout simple serwant [N.] your manifold metries.

1 wost humbly beseech you to have mercer upout ue, to have pity unen toe, to have compdssion upon me, ont who louts since has fauthfully and sincerely sought to obliun a purtion of tnae knowlerlge and understanding of you laws iwu ordinances estiblisthed in the nilwes and properties of your creatures.
Aud since if has pleased yout, 0 god, of your intiwite gooulness, hy pour faituful and holy spiritual messenticra, ( $\omega$ Jeliver to me a true underst, inding and comprehensiun of che orderfy form ithed manner of heptarehical magic, that I ntidy have the use, counsel and help of your many good aweitls arcording to 山esis functions umd offices. I to numst loumbly beseech your divine Majesty to tavor and formard ney presenc endeavor in this worth.
For the sake of your dearly beloued Son, Jeaus Christ fo Heaveruly Farher) [ ask that you gratu to me this blessiug anud partion of your tusavenly grace, Jemaceroth enable we aud make me apt aud acceprable is budy, soul and spirit. so that [ may aluyys crioy the filenuly conversation ind phain, sensihie and perfect help, in twuth wrond ana deed, of Wour miahty, wise imd good spinituil unessengers; csptcrilly blessed Michatl, blessed Gabriel, blessed Raplatd aud blessed IJtiel. Alsu, esperially of chuse Miniscers of the beptarchical myglefies, under the anthod of the seves mizelty Kingep and deeir seven faithful and princely twistisceis, with their subjects and servants to them helnngiug-
山I your great mercy and grace, of Aloighty Gond, conditut that you are the true and Almighty Cod, creator of heswen and Earal, unon whoul call and in whom I put my trust. And $\mathrm{u}_{\mathrm{at}}$ your Ministers are true aud faithful angets of light, with whom 3 deal by this heplathical art.

Gratt this proyec, O Heavenly laluer that 1 may be entilled to better serve you tio your greater honot and glory. Grant this for the sake of your vuly begotent sinn. lesus Cturist.

Acues. Amen. Amens. ${ }^{\text {T }}$

## Erecting the Ritual. Chamber

The magician lays the red silk carpet or its substihute on the floor' of the ritual chamber, positions the four hemispherical cases of latuel that contain the four lussit cluplicates of the Sigillum Aemeth, and sets the legs of the Table of Practice upon the disks holding the max seals. The Talile is oriented so that its topedge is in the tast. Over the surface of the Table a plain tinen undercloth is laill that hangs down almost to the carpot. The Sigillum ameth is placed on this clath, in the exact center of the table. If tir plates are used for the seven Ensigns of Creation. these are spaced around the great wax seal of Aemeth as shown in the diapram of the tabletop, Orherwisc, the Ensigns are painted directly upon the Table.

A smaller clom of iridescent red-green sitk with golden tassels at its comers is now laid over the Sipillum Aemeth and the Ensigns. The tassels slould liang athout midway down the legs of the Tahle. On top of this in the middle of the Sigillum Aemeth is get the scrying stone in its gold frame of four legs (in my opinion this frame should have tliree legs, bat Dee illustrates il willa four leqs). A consecrated white candle in a single candlestick should be put in the middle of the eastem quarter of the Table wh burn during the ritual.

On the edge of the red carpet to the west of the Table of Practice, the magician places the circular talill of the fory-two Ministers who serve an the day of the ritual. He stands on this clicle of letters during the invoeations, ants, when seated in the green wooden chait while scrying, restr lis feet on it.

The seal of the Primee of the day, who rules the Min ismers, is set in the middle of the western quadrant of
the Table of Practice. \{Try another intergrelation of Dee" lext, this seal is placed on top of the circular tatsle of ithe Ministers, and then the madician stands on both the seal and the table.)

During the invorations and scrying the magician holds in his hand (probably the lefi hand) a circular cink of laturel on which is painled the seal of the King associated with the day. The scal is sumpunteral ly a ring conlaining the seven letters in the name of the King of the day. A second outer ring contains doreespunding cipher letters related to the letters in the name of the King.

Around the neck oun a gold chain or silk thread the holy Lamen hangs so that it lies over the hean of the masician. The seal ring bi Solomon is wom on the finger (probably the right index nuger). Although no rohe is mentioned in the manuscript, a simple robe of wroite linen would be appropriate ior ritual work. The feet are Inest left bare, but this is not specinied.

## EXORDIUNS TO THE KJNOS AND PRINCEB

slandinf, on the circular table of the Ministers of the Pruce who serves the King of the day, with the mound thble of the Jing in the left hand and the seal of the Prince on the 'Table of Practice, the magician speaks the fixordium to the Heptarchical Kirgg:

0 noble Ring ( N ), th thes name and by whatwer other namer yout ane called or may truly be callod (recitt his other names, If known), and by your governament, eliage, disponition and kingly offee, which is forivily deseribe the office of the Kingl, it the nome of the Kitug of kings, the Lond of Hnsts, the Almighty God, creator of lewaven and earth and of all things vistile aid buvisible, ! invele and summon you into this holy ceystil sturac. Abuet.

0 fight noble king ( N .), come now and appear with yous Prince and tis Minusters, and your subjects, clearly to my sight in a quybul aul fiendly manner to my comfort and help, to asvance the Lontur and glocy of Almighty God by my service. That by tue wistom and poter of yout kinely office and povenomemal I may be helpat and emabled to attain my purpose, which is (state your purpnse). Amen.

After reciting the Exardium to the King, the mast elan spetaks the Exordium to the Prince:

0 noble Prince [N.], in this name and by whalewtr ollu 山anjes you are called or may truly be called [recille Jis other names, if known), and by your gowermments cthirge, disposition, pfice and princely dignity, which is Qurielly descithe the artice of the Prince, in the aman of Amighy Goud, the King of Kinas, and for his howns und glocy to be adwanced by my iaithful service, I jrsooke ant sulumotl fout into thia holer erystal stone. Amems.

1 nequite you, 0 notble Prince (N.) to come mout, and tu
 witt your MLnistets, servants and subjects, to cay cowfort and help, that my purpose shall he well and truy fulfiletd, which is (state your purpose) in Wrisdon and Power actording so the properties of your noble otfoce Awen.

Cone, of nohle frime [N.]. T say, come! Aumen."
These condiums to the Kings and frinees liave heen modernized and ediled la clarify their purpose. The spaces in the exordinms should be filled in using the joformation prowided in the derecriptions given in Chapter Ninte, In a separate section of his manuscript, The listod specific characteristics and qualities of the indiwidual Kings and Princes that are intended to be used in their invocation into the stone.

A portion of this material is composed of statements aclually wherd by the spirits to Dee through Kelley.

These staternents express essential aspects af the spirits. By repeating these statements, prefaced by the words "you have said," the magician demmantrates a true knowledpe of the spirit. It is an ancient belief in magic that by reciting the acts and natume of a spirit, as well, as woicing its name and describing its appearance, power is gained to command that spirit. Dee reliet on thes bechnique in his invocations.

Where several statements made by a spirit were recorded by Dee. I have selected only the most potent and characteristic. In a lew instances no statements are giver by Dee. I have supplied thenr from the descriptions of the spirits. These descriptions of the spinits, their functlons, their alternative names and fineir statements must be incorporated into the appropriace places of the exorditims. Ti is this explicitly expressed knowledge of che rames, descriptions, sratements, and offices of the spirits that gives the magician power ower them.

## Closing the Ritual

After communicating with the angels through the theditm of the serying erystal and directing them according to the ritual desire, the magician speaks a general prayer of thanks to God, utbe Kimg, and the Irince, then dismisses the angels from the stone in the namtue vil lhe King of Kings, Almizghty God. The candle is extinguished and the stone put away. The tasseled silk woth is removed and the Sipillum Aemeth stored in a wafe place, along with the seats and olloer instruments. If the Table of Practice is erected in a ritual temple where it will nol he disturbed, it may be lelf cowered by the white linen cloth and standing on its four wax seals und real carpel.

## Chapter Nine

## The Heptarchical Angels

## The King of Kincs

I lere is some confusion about the names and wifioes of the severn Kings. King Carmara, the first King to appear is kelley, is selated ly Dee la boulh Monday (Moon) and Iriday (Venus). The same is true of Prince Ilagonel, the Prince whon serves Catinara. Yet both Monday and Friliy have Kings and Princes of their own whose narmes lirgin will $\mathcal{B}_{\text {, }}$ it actordance with the system used for all the other names of the forty-nine goon angels.

Dee siates cjuite clearly concerning Baligon, the King of Friday and Venus, "he is the sanme mighty King. tho is here first described by the name of Carmara." ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Nevertheless, I am inclinewl to place Camara in a posifon of superior authority over the other seven Fings, ind similarly to place Hagonel in authority over the -her seven Princes whose bamles stanl with Es.

Carmara is premmently a King of the Moon. - hich enjoys a special position in Enkehian majuc. Sunday is the Enochian Sabbath, or holy day, on which tree and Kelley recelven the majority of important ingelic connmunications. Thus, in my opinion, Camara a kind of King of Kings (alithoughl this title, strictly waine, is reserved for Jesus Christ), and Fagonel is a Fince bl Primete.

## Carmara tells Dex:

First cast thine ryes uulo the genetal Prince, Governor or Angel that is primbipul in this wnild. Then place aly name that thou hast aleendy, Jhen the mame of hims thal was ahowed thee yestenday (with the shom coat). Tlew Jis пnwer, with the rest of lis str perfect mininters. With 山ese three thou shalt work to a goos end. All the rest thuu tuat use to God's glory lur owtry one of them shall mirustur tu thy mecessities. ${ }^{3}$
The principal Govenor of the world is probalty Jesus Chrisn after him in authority follows Camuara followed by Hagonel, his Prince. Ther come the six ranks of Ministers who serve Hagonel, wilh eath lank containing seven members, "All the rast" wrould seem to be the seven Kings whase names begin with H , along will their Princes and Ministers.

I find it useful to think of Carmara acting as the generall leader of the Kings under the name of King Blumaza, a name he assumes for his function as Kinus of the Moon, Similatly. I tegard Prince Hagomel as assuming the rame of Prince Hagenol for his position of authority as the Prince of the Moon.

The cause of the confusion is Dee's identification of Cammard and Hagosel with the King Balipon [yenus] and [rintee Bagenol (Moon), who rule Friday, but also with King Elumaza (Moon) and Prince Bralges (Satturn), who rule Monday, This dual identity, and indeed the wrery existence of Camara and Hagonel, has never been satisfactorily explained. They would seen to be nnmecessary to the system of heptarchical magic. Yet clearly the angels


## The Coming of King Carmara

Carmara was called into the showslone by the archangel Uriel. He came with the appearance of a gracefully proportioned man dressed inn a long purple robe (purple was the regal color of the Roman emperors) wearing a friple crown upon his head. Seven ollier spiruts who took the form oi ruen and subsequently declared themselves to he the seven heptarchical Princes wailed on him. Uriel gave Carmara a rod diviteld into rhree parts, two of which were black (probably the ends) and me fed. Concerning Carmara, Dee wriles:

This King only was the orderer, or dispetuer of all the dockines which $]$ term Heptarchical, attl lisst ly calling the 7 Hinces, and after that the 7 Kiugs: untid by giving Instructions for use and practice of the whole doctrine Heptarchical: for the fisst purpose and fruil dereaf to the enlopel by me ... ${ }^{3}$

We may assume that the Princes were stmmonod first lecause they are the aclive agents of the heptarchical shagice, The Kings sit in authority over the Princes anid omitmand their actions, but do nothing divectly. The Kings are lhe seats of power, and the Princes are their instruments.

Carmara revealed to Dee a flags on a pole. The pole Had three points, similar to a crown, at its top, The therse or front of the flag bore, on the figlu side, the mage of a wonlan withonte arms standing in a dress. Gr the lefi side, in bore the large capital letlers C and Ti, one thowe the other, inverterl as in a minor left to ripht. On er revense of the flag were the Royal Anos of Fingland, alled by Dee "the flag old," whith was the English flas orm $1400-16 \mathrm{nin}$. It consists of four quarters, with twa uarcers diagonally opposite each womlaining three fleursa lis (yymbol of France), and the other two quarlecs
each holding three reclining lions (lions passam pruardant-symbel of Enplandi].

Carmara callet this חag "the Sige of the Work." We can only speculate about its meaning, since it was never explained by the angels. The fact that the figure on it is female is significant, since all the orher heptarchical angels are male for, in some cases, male and female combined!. Queen Elizabeth was the symbol of supreme authority in England in Dee's day. This image may represent how heaverly conterparl, the mysieplots Mother of the angel Madimi, who is the same as the Queth al Heaven of Reweladian 12:1. Perdaps she is shown without amm because she acts through her angelic agents, nut directly. The C on the flas may signify the name Carmara, while the B may stand for the forty-nine good angels whose names all begin witlo B .

## Prince Hagonel and His Great Seal

Atter Camara, Prince Hagonel appeared in the form of a man in a red robe. Dee notes that all the Prinows have reat robes, but the robe of Hagonel was shorter than the robes of the other l'rinces, Likewise, all the Princes have circlets of gold upon their heads rather than crowns. Hagonel held in the palm of his right hand "a round ring with a prick in the midst, , which may mean a disk sinte Dee describes it as "hanging also over his middle fingers." Hagonel told Dee that this ring or slisk was Hagmel's seal. It bore the name Barees. Dee drew it in the form of the symbol of the sum ( O ) in his manuscript.

All of the Princes together held up a grear star with severn proints which Dee called the "Heptagor Stellar." It seened to Kelley to be mate of copper, the metal of Yentus. Dee drew this star in his manuscript. The seal of

Hagonel was placed in its tppermost point. The bame of ike first Prince, Bomogo (Venus), who is Prince under King Botogel (Sun) on Suntlay, was written to the righr of the uppermost print. The name of the second Frince, Befafes (Sun), who is Irince under King Bathatil (Mars) on Tuegtay, was writren to the right of the second point, mowing clockwise.


Ther Jeptagai stemor
This copper star appears to be the great seal of the hemarelical grimeire, If illusirates the contect order of the duys tor the material that follows. The days are to be ordered according to the order of the Princes on the ting of the forty-nine good angels: Bornogo (Sunday), Befafer [Tuesclay), Bututono (Thursday), Blision (Wetmesday), Erorges (Saturday). Bralges (Monday) and Bagend (Friday). Dee adheres to tlis oriter in his fresentalicin, with the sxception of placing the angels of Friday (seventh Prince) ahead of the angels of Monlay (sixlh l'rince), I believe this to be an error, and I have corrected it in the present chaprer.

## The Sons of Light and Their Sons

After the Princes present this great copper symbol, the serwats of loince Hagonel are presembed. These are the "Sons of men and their Sons." The "Sons of men," Dee noted, are the same as the sons of lighth.
Sors of Light
I, Jh, Jsm, Dmal, Heeoa, Beigia, Stimeul

## Sors of the Sons

$\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{I})$, An, Aver Libla, Rocle, Hagon(el). Tlentesc
You will semember that the Sors of Light and their Sons were inscribed upon the heptaprams and lesber theplagon of the Sigilum Abmeth, while the Daughters of Light and their Daughters (who are not mentioned here) were inscribed in the spaces irmide the heplagram and lesser heptagon.

Both the Sons of Light and their Sons were described to Diee on March 21, 1582. The Suns af Light came as seven youths with bught, pleasant expressions, wearing white garments and white sillk cloths on their heads that hung down like rwistex rope in the back so touch the ground. Every one of them carried a metal halt in lis hand. The firsi fon carried a hall of gold, the second silwer, the chird copper, the fouth tin, the fifth iron, the sixith quieksilver, and the bevensh lead, All had romad tahlets of gold on their breasts that bore the letters of their names.

The sons of the sons canne in the farms of small boys wharing purple gowns with long, hanging sleeves ["like priests" or scholars' gown-sleeves"), and purpte cloths about their heads than hung in the buck in awisted wreaths down to the ground. They had grem triangular tablets on their breasts on which were written the letters of their names. Dee notes that the letters of the first Son of the Sons, Fil, wete combined ogethev
into a simgle character Sonnetimes only the $\mathbf{E}$ is used to represent this spirit. It should be noted rhat the "el" in the narme Hagonel is also combined into a single character to produce six letters is this name.

## The Key To the Seals of the Kings

The melal hatle in the landse of the Sons of Tight may be extremely importino. I am inclined to believe that they are the key to the corcet platement of the seals of the Kindegs (each of which concains a name of the sons of the Sons) will the proper day and Finge, The planetary netal associated with the Son of Light who corresponds with the Son of the sons on the seal of each Kines should be the same as the planctary metal of the Prince sorving the King. II my speculation is comect, the relationship between the seals of the Kinge and the Princes of the Kirgs woule be as follows:
Sunday
1st lrince: Bornogo (Venus)
2nd King: Bolbgel (stal of 3nd S. pf S. Ave; copper)

## Ilesday

Ind $1^{3}$ rince: Befafes [sun]


## Thursday

had l'rince: Butmono [Mars]
th King: Bynepor (seal of the Sth S. of S. Rocle: iron)

## Wednesday

Wht Prinee: Bibshlon (Jupiter)
51h King: Bnaspal (seal of the 4th S. of S. Liba: tiri)*
suturday
Sih Prince; Rrorges (Mercury)
wh King: Brapen [seal of the fith 5 . of S. Haponel: quicksilver]

## Morday

6th Prince: Bralges (Saturn)
7 th King: Blumaza (sral bi Ihe 7 th S , of 5 . Ilemese: lead]

## Fridey

## 7th Pronce: Aagenol (Mown)

Ist King: Baligon [scal oi the $2 n d 5$, of $S$, An: silver]*
The asterisks afrer the medals of the Sons of the Sons fin the seals of the Kings are those that have been changed from the ones given in Dee's manuscript. The placement of the other four seals in the Frepurachid Mrstica is in accord with tris system I have proposed.

Below, 1 have allowed the seals of the Kinge to remain in the days and with the Kings to which Dee assigned them in his Heptamhia Mystof. The key I have suggestef ahove may be in emor. Since so much of the structural basis for Enochian magic remains hidden, it is always dangerous to make changes, or to state empluatically that some portinn of the systern is incormect.

## The Angels of the Seven Days

In the descriations that follow, it should be noted that although I use the words of Deers manuscript in mant
 but my attempt to incerpect and expand bee's oiten crypoc comments, and to rationalize the structute of the grimbire

## Surfuday

## Second Kingri Bobogel (Sun)

He appoared it a black velvel coas, close round hose with velvet upperstocks overlaid with gold lace, wearing on his head a velvet hat-cap with a black feather it it. His cape hurg rakishly from one shoulder. He wore


his purse on a long thong aronm his mock lial was tucked inside his girdle, and on the other side of his gisdle an ormameratal gilded tapier Platform overthoes raised his silk slippers above the mud of the stree. His beard was long, his manmer ostentatious.

Jtis office is the granting and tistribution of all wisdon and science. He teaches philosophy, natural historys and a true understanding of the mysteries of the universe.
"It is nol too late to learin."

## Fist Prince: Thornogo [Venus)

He appeared in a red robe wearing a gold circlet upon his head, and showed his seal.

His is the art of transforming the corruption of nature into perfection. He teacher the knowledge of metals, and ministers under his king Bobogel ibe hestowing of all true leaming, that is grounded in wisdom.
"What hou desirest in me shall be futfilled, "


Soll of Brire Eortagy

## The 42 Ministers of Bornogo

The first group of seven ministers appeared in costly formal clothing simitar to that wern by King Botogel. The other ranks were dressed as ruffians. The last group oif seven appeared tis be women frout the front but men from the rear. They danced, leapt into the air, ami kifsth one another.

All came formard into a circte. The stwen sages shool logelher, 'The firsl sage raised his right foot to reveal an $\mathrm{L}_{\text {, }}$ the letter of his name The rest did the same, tath in bies turs.

LEENARB

1. NANAEH

ROEMNAB

1. EAOFI H

NEICJAB
A OIDIAB


Soul ol the winisters of Bornago
The first seven merged together into a flame and samk down into the transparent fiery globe of the new wotld. The second seven fell through the carth like drops of mollet methal, The thirch seven clasped their hands together and dropped down in a densi smoke. The fourth surven joinetl lugther and fell like drops of water. The tifth seven fell down like hailstones. The las seven vanished away.

Orn another occasion when summoned by King Calmara these minsters catue carying a darge round table ower their heads. They laid it on the ground and stood around it, Gn the lable before each minister was the letter of his name.

## Tinesday

## Third King: Biabalel [Mars)

He appeared wearing, a lone white robe. The lett sleeve was white and the right sleve black. He seenned to stand upon the surface of water. A crown of gold ddomed his head. On liis forehead the letters of his name were written.


Suel of Finy Rrbviel: 4th S. of the Sons - Liba
The power of this king arises from the depths of waters. He is the mighty and womderful ruler of waters.
"Glurify, praise and honor God."

## Second Prince: Befaies (Sun)

He appeared in a long red fosathereal robe with a circlet of gold upon his head. Witten on his golden girdle were the letlers of his Iname. He opened the fromt of his cobe, and appeared to be lame when he walkiot. His mamer was moble and courteous.


Swid of Peme Rofeles

He is the prince of the seas whose puwer is an this waters. He served Moses to punish Pharanh of Egypt by closing op the Red Sea on the Eryptian army, antad albo Was a servant of Solonon and the magician Michael Soot, who named this prince Mares. It may have been Dee's belief that it was this spirit who saved him and Kelley Irom drowaing in the English Channel during a gate." The Egyptians named him Obelison, Ihat is, i pleasant deliverer.
"Use me in the name of Cod."

## The 42 Ministers of Prince Befafes

The first rank of seven minissers hat circlets of gold arount their heads so indicate that they are Princes of the Waters. All of the ministers had the lethers of their names writen on their foreheads. The letters of the first seven tell down between their feet and were cowered over with nowiog water,

The first seven took the water in their hands ancl threw it into the air. If became chouds. The second sevon thew up the water, and it turned into hail and snow. Each rank in tarn threw the water into the air. Then all divet into the water and vanished away.

```
EILOMFO
NEOTPTA
SAGACIY
ONE゙[PON
NOONMAN
ETEVLGL
```



These molle ministers are of arat power dignity ind authority. Some measure the molions of waters and (egutate: the salliness of the seas. Some give success in sca battes Some rule the fishes and munsters of the deep. home deliver up treasures and unkoown substances from theneath the waves. In general llisy clistritute Cod's judgments upun the waters chat cower the globe.

## Thursidry

## Fiturth Fing: Bynepor (Inspiter)

Ite appuarel in roysal robes with a falder crown on his bead. The power of shis king is distributed throuphout and hislains the peneral state and condition of thinge. He is in all, and all have their being by him. Althouph he had A beginning, he can never have an end. He is the workmanship of the word of God, only a single degree lower Han the Vita Supremu (Tighesil Life). He is the Yita mperior [Higher Life], of whom it may be said: the Vitic htitire (Lowest Life] is medsumed by your hands. He hngins uew worlds, new peoples, new soyal dynasiles, and new forms of govemment, yet none oil his power is if himself, but all comes inom the mame of tood.
"Thou shall work marvels by my workmanship in the Hishest."



## Third Prince: Butmono (Mars)

He appeared in a ted rohe with a golden circlet on his hoad.


5 tul of Prince Buthoma
All the beasts of the eath are embrued with the wital essersce of this spint, and take their tiving pattern from bim, excepling only humankind, which is formed in the imase of God. Ife knows the origin, the living. and the ent of all beasts, and regulates them with the measure of time. His seal is their glory.
"O God, Hou art sanctified: and than rejoicest,"
The 42 Ministers of Prince Butmono
They appeared as commenss, smaky ghosts, each with a glitering fiery spark in his mitst. The first seven in the foremost rank were red as blood, the second rank were

> BHARNFL
> BEAlGAO
> BBALPAE
> BEAN1FG
> BBOSNIA
> 日6 ASNOD


Seni of she himishls of Butteano
arange, the thitd were whilsh. These three had sparks larger and brighter than the rest. The fourth, lifilh and ifxth ranks were of mingled eolors, with smaller sparks if their middde sections. Each spark hat the letter of the name of a minister writlen within it.

## Wednesday

Fifth King: Rnaspol (Mercury)
He appeared in a red robe wpaniog a golden crown on his lexad.


$$
\text { Seal or King Enaspol } 2 m \text { s. on the cuss - An }
$$

The bowels of the Farth and all her secrets ate welivered into the hands of this king. The laas knowletge of the mysteries of the past.
"He ira wham thou art is greater lhan llown."

## fourth Prince: Blisdon (Jupiter)

He came dowsed in a robe of many colors, hus predemmandyr red, and wore on his luedel a circlet of gold.

[^1]If is his fumetion to conceal or reveal the secrets hid den within the earth, acoording to the commands of his king. He' Finds treasures that ate buried and rich weins af metals to be mined. All caverns and subteramean rivers are knowis to him.
"To me the keys of the mysteries of the eatth ane delivered."

## The 42 Ministers of Prince Blisdon

Thaty seemed to stand in a ring around a litte hill of clay. Eehind thenn in the disisance stood a multitude of uply Jwatfs, who ate spirits of perdition that gham the freasures of the earth for the [hevil. The ministers had in their hauls line letters of their rames.




## Saturday

## Sixth King: Rrapsen [Saturn)

He appeared in the form of a king wearing a long rote willi a galden crowre on his bead.


The offie of this king is to banish and exorcise evil spirits, and to reveal the wickerd thonghts and deents is had men. He has dominion over the pates of death.
"By me you shall cast out wricked spirits."
Fifth Prince: Brorges (Mercury)
He appeared dressed all in red. When be opened his cholhus, ghastly anul lerrible fanies of fire issued out of his sides, which ro mortal cye could laok upon for more than an instanl. Within the darnes the letters of his name were dossed on and frot.


Sell of trince hroges

He carries out the commands of his king upon evil spirits and wicked men.
"I know the dont of death."

## The 42 Ministers of Prince Broges

The rninisters appeared carrying a mund lable on the table were writlen the letters of their names. Ther cast this table into the midst of flames.

BANSEZE
BYAPARE
ENAMGEN
BNVAGES
H L 出OPOO
BABEPEN


Fiwl of ite Ministers of Brages

## Morday

## Sevenil Klag: Blunaza (Moon)

He appeared as a man will a regal manner, wearing a red robe and a crown of gold.

The forwer of naters is his, both to know and to becqueath. By these names are all the spints of the earth made subliject and obedient unto the wrill af man.
"These mysteries hath God lastly, of his great mercies, gratolef unto thee."



## Sisth Prince: Pralges

He appeared in a red robe with a circlet of gotd on his bead. The is the lash of the serven lrinces who hold up the points of the Stellar Heptagon. He set dowithis hurthem and extended his: hands to the others to form a ring around the copper stat. The seven Prineses danced filaytrilly in a circle around the star.



At the command of his King be leactues the secret namer of the inwisible spirits by which they are stummonets altad rulets.

The creatures subject unto me shall be known to youn."

## The 42 Ministers of Prince Bralges

The ministers are invisible, but appeared as little puffs of white smoke without any fom. All amond thent lhe world shone with brightness.

OESNGLE
AYZ NGLAN
YLLMAFS
NRSOGOC
NRECPRN
LABDGRE


Sow of fle Alimiters of Brabes

## Fridecy

## First Kin置: Ballgon (Venus)

He came in llue form of a well-proporimet rasm weat ing a long purple gown and a triple crown of gold rm his heat, atul carried a measuring rod of gold in his hand that was divinted inte three equal parts. The comtral part of the rod was red, the lwo outer parts black His greater same: is Cambara, which is voiced ammong the angels Mamara [but the firsl $M$ is silenti).


Scal of King Bndgone: 7\& 5, of the Sons - E ( )
From the angel Uriel he had received the golden tod of poverning and measuring, as well as the chair of dignicy and cloctrine. He was the first to appear. He is the teacher, the ordemer or disposer of all the doctrines termed healarthical.
"Come, let us seok the works of God."

## Seventh Prince: Bigenol (Moon)

The came wrang a short red rothe willy a circlet of gold upor his head, fa the palm of his right hand loe carried न ring or disk with a small Iole in the center. This is bis seal, which is liamed Barees.

The Sons of Light ant lleir Sons, and the Daughters of Light aml Iteir Daughters, are all Jis servants. To his power the operation of the earth is subject. Ife is the rïrst of the twelye, and commants the kings, princes and noblemen of mature. By the seven of the seven sons


lie works marvels among the people of the earth. He is also called Haponel.
"Ey mee you shall work cnarwels."
The 42 Ministers of Printe kagenol
They appeared like bright peoples. Aboul them the air owarnetl with creatures. Their letters were on theis foveliends.
$A O A Y N \mathbb{N}$
LBENAAW
10AESPM
GGLPPSA
OEEOOEZ
NLLRLNM


Geal of dhe winasters of Bughol

[^2]
## Chapter Ten

## The Great Table of the Watchtowers

THE Forty-EIGHT Gates to the CITES OF WISDOM

Gin April 12, 1584, at Catam, the angel Nalvage though Kelleyr] said, concerning Enochtan magic:

Muphael that trought up the prayers descended: and Jo wi.s Juth with doe power, \& spirit of frod: and II beeame a
 or mated: filed, or intapined by man, or acoondiog to their Imaghtations, which are of flesh: but simple, platu, full of surenget, and the puwte of the haly Ghase: which Doctrine began, ws mat diul, nakedly fom the panth but yet, the image of pertetuiou. Tris selfsame At is it, which is deliveren butto you an inlallible Doctrime, combainlug in fit die wintes, which tume through many Gales: ewen above du Gate of lnnoceucy, whercin you are taught in finde out the nignity and Corruplion of nature: alsn made pertikers of the sectet Juidecments of the Almighty to he made mani tess, and to be put into excention-...- 1 am therefore to
 prat, which is containut in 49 Tables. In 49 woyces, or call Ings: which ate tue Natural Keqyes, tra npen those, not 49 hatit 4 (tor One is bel to be upened) Gaten of understand Ing, wherety you shall bave knowledfe to move every Late, and to call dut as many as yom please, or shall be thonght necessay, whicll can wery wail. rightemasly, and
whely, open unte you the secerts of their citias, \& make ywu understand periectly the [xaysteries] containued in the Tibles. Through which knowredpe you stall eassty be able to judge, not as the would dath, but perlectly of the worlat, and of alc thituge contained withiet the Compasse of Natme, and of all thiseg which are swbiect to an end.'
On way 21 of the same yoar aftor clelivering to Dee the nanieh of the pants of the carbly that are ruled by the firsi Courtern Aethers, the angel Mapsama spoke more specitically aboan the Gales:

Mapsomaz; These Cials Louch all due parts of the World. The world may be dealt withall, wilt her parta; Therefore
 Gates and Cities of wisiom. Which lGates] are not able to be apened, bul with visible apromition.

Dep: And how shall thall be cape untnit
Mrytarma Which is according to the fermer instactions, atid to he had, hy coulling of every Table. ${ }^{2}$
When Natwage says libat the doctrine of Enoch is nat "painted, on carred; filed, or imagired by man, accord ing to ibeir imagiontions, which are of Mesh: hut simples, plain, full of strength, me means shat it is mathematical and geornetrital in nalure. The forty-nine tables "are 1he Jarge nuntrer-leter squares in Thee's Boak of Eroch, each of which has forty-rine rows by [ortyraline columas. From these whe extractect, at the dimections of the alogels, the Enochian Keys.

The forty-eight pates wi the cifies, or astrat residencos, that may bee ppen lyy the forl\}-ejght calls ar Keys, are symbolically represented by a large detter square that is divided into four parts by a central cross called the: Hlack Cross (if is colored black in Des's mantreniped, This late letter square is knoman as clie Greal 'lable. Fach of the tour quadrants on llis Taljle is called a WWatchtower, Twelve of
the celestial cities are accessed throuph each Watc:tidower. The gates of the hratchtowers must be opened to allows the passige of the Enoctian anpels from chelr own cities noto the universe of humas conscionsness. Each city is represented, or keyed, by a set of leters in a geometric moul nimnerical pattem.


Tysor's jegrneat Gruat Table

## The Great Table and the Gity of God

There seems to be an implicit siswilarity berween the structure of ibe Great Table and the structure of New lerusalem described in Revelotion 21 and 22 . Now Jenfalern is baid out in a stuare. Each wall has mbree gates. For a total of twelwe, "ind at the gates lwelwe


angels, and hames writeen therebn, which are the wames of the twelve tribes of the children of Israt," The walls af the city have twelwe foundations, of foumWalion stomes, each a semipracibus store upen which is written the name of one of the twelve apostles af Thas. These slones are probably intemded to be che same that were in the breatpplate of the Eligh Priest of Israd. *
th the center of New Jerusalem, the Lant of Cod (Christ) is seated upurn a thnone fion which flows the rivir of the water of life This is usually clepichet as luaving four yanams that flow outward in the fous cardinal directions,

John [ye was awate of this sitmilarily in siructure hetween the Great Table and New Jerusalem. He drew two square diagrams showing the assigmment of the twelve erithes to the four directions an space based on Numbers 2 and 7, and Revelition 21, in lus magical |unraal Dial deals with the assigncmenl ant epocation of spirits on the Great [adrle**


Onder of face Trembe Ifines of lesad

The diagrant an the left places the tribues of Israel in the thaterers of the wrolec Iflyy are assigned in the second

Chapler of the biblical book of Numbers, where the ordering of the tems of the trilus, aroum the tabernacle is describued. This same ordering of the tribes cos the directions occurs in the sewenth chapter of Numbers, which sets forth the order in which the tribes mate satsगifice at me alatr. The arder unfolds in a single cycte east, south, west and north. proceeding clockwise. As will lw' seen kater onn this orderine of the directions is crucial to a true comprehension al the plabement of the Watchtowsers on the Great Table. In the center of the divgram, Dee has written in Lation that this is the biblical prder and perfect condition of the tribes.

In the diaglame «m the xigho, the tribes are ondered to the directions as they were deliveret to Des by the Erochian argels, Next to the name of each tribe is the mame of is gusdian or tutelary angel, Notice praticularly the mumbers bee has inserted into this diagrami. The ordering of the tribes and the argels proceeds in thee chekwise oxcles of four arrund the square, each cycle beginaing in oht gast, These cycles have great importance in connection with the ordering of the Enhehian Keys on the cical Tatile This mumbering system was also used by the angels to Jink the eribes writh the nimely-onte Pringers a厂 the Thirly Aethers. In the center of this diagram. Dee has written in Latin that this is ther orter of the tribety of lsiach after the Diaspora, or scattering, as it exists in the year 1585 (presumably thes year be drew the diagram).

These diaprams may represent New Jerusalem or the great allar of satrifice, or both. Notice that there are three levels in each diagram. or (regandiag lome ats altars] lintse steps, it is not clear in the diagrams whether the cobs conraining the direchions should be nombidered as a separate level, or placed on the same level as the firs step. The alkar for burnt oflerings whas
sparce and three cubies high, which may hawe sifnitied three steps or levels. ${ }^{\text {s }}$

## The Architecture of the Great Table

The Grear Table as a whole reflects this imitalion of the pattern of New derusalem, lgnore for the moment the stucs written on it and consider it as the ground plan tor a madled chty or fortress l]at conlains within is Jesser wallet compmands. Each aif the long columns and rows would then represent a street. At the entls of thes mrets are gatw. The city has rhree primary avenues
 leser wenums. When the foul fesser avemues are conHowed, each side of the Great Table has seven gaters, for $a$ total of twenty-terathl; an sigrifican namber, bccouse it is the number of the Mansions of the Moon. The Creat Hack Cross that runs through the etenter of the Table miny for dssumed to rivpresent the four streams of the river of life that dows out from the throne of chnist, sit-山ated at the intersecrion of the ceoss.

There are forty-two of these avenues arn the Greal Table, and since each avenuco has two gates, cighty four hirles in all [threntyrone gates, the Jumber of Enochiach letters, for each whatchtcher). The Grtal Talse muy be onsidered as a whole entity which is divided into fors quarters by the Black Cross Iumoning lhrough its benter dach qualtor, br Wachtower, is in some respects a maller version of the Great Table. It also bas a cross runוnagr through ins center that divides it inso fout quaters. lisch watchower has one main gate in each side amal two lesser pates, for a total al rwelfo exterior gares. By the sanme tokem, each quster of a Watchtower has a ress running threrugh if that divides it ino fous frats

Quanters of the Whathtower have only one external gate in each wall, for a total of foutr.

The werleal row of each Watchtower, called the "Line of God, "contains three divine names of power, Keading, left to right, these names are composed of thee. fouls and five lewers each. For exampile, the lime of God in the Watchower that occupies the upper left corner of the Great Table contane tle divine inarnes DRO, 1 BAH and AOZPL. There is a direct corvelation berween these swolve divine nates, the twelye permutations of the Hebrew name of God. ITIVI, and the lwewe tribes of Istat], as I will demonstrate later. It should be noted that each line of God contains a lolal of twelve letters and that ald four contain forty-eight letters, the number of the gates to the angelic: cilies.

There may be an important distinction between tha spirits teprisemed by the letters in the awenues upon the Great Table, and the spirits represented by the lefters contained wilhtur the sixty-four walled enclosures. I am inclined to think of the spirits whote manes lie within the enclosed spaces as ferrale, and the spirits whose names lie on the avenues, or aiths of the crosseg, as male, although there is no explicit evidence in Dee's diaries chat this sexual division texishs, "The enclosed spaces call to mp mind the walled-atif seraglios of Eastem monatche where shelr brides amal concothines were kept isclated.

This diagrammatic aspect of the Gireat Tathe and the Walchawers is almosk never mentioned in descriptions of Enochian magic. Dee Makes no reference to it dicetly in his Enochian diaries and workbooks, bur it may be inferred from tomments made by the angels. do not wish to mislead you. This cify architecrure of ilue Great Tahle is my personali speculation, and is not an established aspect of madera Enochian nuagit:

## The Square and the Circle

if is morix certaiss that the' Great Table is intonded In be rrcolsnded by a larger circle. The squate of the Table represents our dwit earthly sealm helaw the sphere: of the Moon. The anyels ontiabio it in their manitest. earthly forms-that is, their names, The girater circle stands for the lorality and unily of creation, ermbracing the three reatms of heawen, carth and hell, The Great libble is thus the central portion of the plan of the universe, foursgluare bevause it is manifest and inpertect

The lmage of the creat Table as a subtare mithin a circle appears a number of timus in the Enochian books. Perfups the most important occurence is a diapram in the unmblished manuscript Liper scientiae that was Irawn by Dee it represents the Great Table sumounded


Ortio of the Twalve Enculian Errints:
by flags bearing the twelwe tivine rames that occur its the midale rows of its Watchowers. This image is vitally importan because in established the orientation of the quarters of the Gieat Table to the four directions The upper tefil quadrame lity in the east, the upper right quadrant in the soult, the lower right quatrant in the west, and tho lower Jeft guadrant in the north

The square or cross sumpunded by a circle also cecurs on the golden evedallion that shows the varions elements of Kelley's Wisjon of the Four Watchtoriers (see the next chapter), It appears in the illustration of the thirty Acthers, where the innemosi of thirty cont cencric circles is dividecl into tour, whereas all the other circles are divided into three. It is a part of Kelley's Wision of the Round House which (in my opirion) describes the flow of dynamic forces upon the Greal Tahlel- Clearly, it was of the highest importance. It is an expression of the sgtuaring of the circle, whtul was alongy with the making of che stune and the elixit of life, one of the three greal works of alchemy:

The creal Table is a mancilala, a mystical image cornposed oi a circle and a squane, or cross, that synbolizes a nom-physical place accessible through meditation and transchucent awareness. Concerning, Eastern mandalas, Carl Jung bernarked: "The Eastern ant more particularly the Jautiaic mandala usually contains a square prount plan of the stupa. We care see trome the mandalas constructed in solit form that it is really the plan of a building. The squate also conweys the idea of a lonse on roctple, of of an inner wallori-in space, Mecording to the ritual, slupas musl always be circumambulaterf to the right, because leftward movement is evil. " mo

The mandala appeare mosa commonly in the west in the form of Hemmetic or alchemical images, The
accompanying mandala of sohmon's Temple is particubarly irteresting, because it shows seron gates in each Hitc, which are explicitly linked to the twenty-eight Mansious of the Moon. The inner cross, lying withira the circle of the Moon, has three gates in each anm, and these are explicitly linked to the twelve months of the year, Notice that the central eye of God has sewen points, which stand for the serevi planets.


Solowndids dernale

## The Three Levels

The Great Table has rhree levels or hierarchies of angely that are reflected in its struture. The fitsol level conconms the enlies Table. When this is divided into fout parts by the Great Black Cross, the second lewel of the Trut Walcletwers is indicated, Similarly, wher anch Watch, tower is diwided into four parts, the thind lewel of the sixtern lesser quarters appears. Thit angels tell Deer

For bway Table Jath liss ker, every key opreneth his gate, and cwery gace being opeued, givelh kowledge af himself, of the entrame, and of the mosteries of those things whereal be is ata caclosme. Within these Palares pou shall finta diong that are of power. For every Palace is abowe his, City and every City above les entrathe.

This description evokes the ground plam di a medieval city constructed upon a hill, a familiar sight in Dee's time. The palace of the ruler bocopied the crost. Surrounting it on the sloping sides of the hill huddled the houses of the common folk. At a sill liswer lewel down the tivt, a protective wall enclosed the city. The wall contained a gate, or gates, to permit travel hoolh jnto and orat from lite chy.

## The Kefprrs of Time

The four Wachtowers, which ane themselves angels, stand guard al the four extremities of our universe They ate equivalent to the four great pillars of Egyplian nyythology Itat holk up the sky and separate Earth from beaver. These Watchtowers were established al llu same momenl Adan and Eve were oxpelled fiom Eden, or so testify the Enochian angels: "Adim receivect punishment for his offerise, in that he was flumed out into
the earth, and 50 did Adam, aceused, bring all misery ant wretchedness into late world. But in the same instand when Adarn was expellen, the Lard gawe unto |he world her time, and placed over ber Argelic Keepres, Walduncth, and I'rincos. ${ }^{\text {mp }}$

There are sevoral important points to he noticesl [n the guotation above, Ono at the most importaty is that lectuse of Adarn's sin of disulsedience, Got laid a cutse upon the entire world. This curse is what we knows as karma, or cause and eftect. Kama exists in time. Time began the morment Adarn was driven unt of Parabise. At the same moment, it was necessary to establish anpelic Ketpers and wonchmen to ensure the continuancee of the Eath in time. The Princes mentioned are presumbhly tive aerial squiris known ats the "princes of the air," who are said to be present throuphont the entire world.

Acoess through the gates of the four warchtowers is ateese outside the realm of time and karma. It is access to the anegels who dwell in Piradise, and moneed wo alt spirilual ateatures who have treen bared by God's curse from walking the paltos of itse Earth. The high angels ins the gataces and cities behios the gates of olve Watchtowdis fave the athority to rule over the lesser spirits who inhativ the aerial nertestrial rualms of our uniwerse, 辟 some Kabbalistic accounts, these earth-twond spiribs ane the offispring from the union between the fallen angels derarribed by Einoch and mortal moment.

## The Ninety-One Regions of the Thirty Aethfrs

Among thest *arth-bound spisits are those that rule over the rarious geograplical repions of the worlts. Each of tinese geograghinal spirits fwhich is inentified wills the
region it Tules because it is che Iulelary spirit ar geninis of that region) has its mwn sigill on the Gnat lable

In my opirion, it was the prospect of obtaining coremenand of these tutelary spirits of the kingdatrse of the woild uthat wis the bases of John Dee's atoraction to Enchian magic, Dee received this system of magic in the years just prior to the launch of the Spanish Armada against England, II was a time or exploration ame colonization for his native country. This expansion of jn.fluence was llureatened by the might of Spain. Dee barimesty sought control of the giographical spirits ant the Greal Table so that thecough them lie could control the lates of the kinug of Europe, and remore the dark ctoud of Joreifn dominalion Erom England's horizons.

About these gegraphical genli the anpel Nalvagee slates:
There are 30 Calls yet to come. Thuse 30 are the colls ot
 the Earth is delwered as a potlou. Thene tring tin ant agai> dispose Kirugs and all the Guwcrmmenta aphon bo Earth, and wary the Natures of thluge with the marhation of every moment; Unto whom, the providence of the themal Judgermeft. is alrcady opement. These are generally guvemed by the twelwe Aneple of the 12 Tribeg: which are also governed by the 7 which scand before the presence of coud |see Rewriation 4:5]."

It was no woubt in refercome to the power of these spirits of nations that Casaubon naktes mention in lis subtitle to his book A The orta Logithtol Roliwion, which reads in part "Tendine thad it Succeeded) to a General Adteration of most States and Kingdomes in the whorld.

## The POWERS OF THE WATCHTOWERS

In addition es controlling the tutelary spirits of the ruations of the Earth, the Walcheowers offer the promise
of all Inaman knowledse, incluting she perfect knowltige of medicine, lle arls, and the sciences. They give command of the elemental spifits of the world, movement from place to glace (presumably by supestatural meang), utue transformation of the forms of things, and anable the discovery ol hidten thiogs, incluching the location of dreasures and rich mines, No human secret is unkinowry to them.

The promise of limitless kowledge, even of an aby rach kind, was alluring to Dek, who had dedicaled his life to study, Later, in his private gleellag with Rudolpli 11, Dee would confide this lifelong passion to Ihe Einperor:

IIPrenppan I began wa daclare that all my life tinge [ hat sperat in learning: but for thes lim suntry manners, and in divers Lommries, with great patu, coure, and cost, T had from degere to degree, gought to tome by the best knowledge that man mighs atrajs unto in the world: And I found [at lemelu) that neither any man Living, gor any Fook T could yel aneet withal. was able to louth une thoge truths [ desired, atad longed Ear: And therefore I concluted with ney scli, to make latercession and prayict to the givar of pisdom aud all good thinga, no sembl me suct wistom, is I might kow the natures of his creatures; and also enioy menns to use 山em to his honour and glary;"
Екел more attractive mus liave been the prospect of peering, into the weiled Intrigues of the courts of Curope, and gaining information conceming the political plots abd maneurdring of great men. As a sevel agent of the Engish cown, his mouth 픈 have watered at the Incelligence pathering possintilities of the wathowers.

Perlats sensing this kust for forbitiden knowledge, both heawenly and earlhly, the angel Ave cautions Dee and Kellev about the limetations of the whathtowers, At ule same fime, he cannot rebisl hoasting of their powess;
 waters, To be prisy to the roinces of tom, lfow the waters ta Chtiss; fram clinneg anmo the repandiag of the wicked: The wicker soings of the flesh, of the form and dewilist imanimationta of mean, or to see what the blussed Kiugdum shall be, and how the earrlin shall he deguified, pureced, and made clean, is a meat ton subet for yout mutars.

Dee: Burintisy is far from oun trients.
Alue: Fins there is neither Patianch thor Pruptuch sameli fied, Martyr, or Confensors King wr Guverdour of the pedple upon earth, that his mome, conthuatce, bitul ems, is fot (like che Mont ar midnight] in these Latules.

This is quite a boast, It is ensy to see why Ave said to Kellerg concernigy lesser systems of magic, "Nay, they all Fhayed at this." Other larios of magic deal with the angeds and spirits already present in our universe-the spiritual ofispring that arose froun sexual union between the fallen anpels who taught sciences and arts to lumbakimd ant mostal women. Estoslian margic holds out the promise to reach beyond the sealed gales of liwe four Wateltowers and gain the authority and power of the higher angels who have nower fallen from grace to walked the bywas of the earth. Conversely, it also allows communion wich the dark athects who lave heen cast down into the Abyss for their sin of reballion. The gates of the Wachawers are the gates lo both leaven and hell.

## Chapter Eleven

## The Vision of the Watchtowers

## DRAMA IN THE CRYSTAL

The four Wachowers were nol delivered to Kelley metrely in the form of alsatract letler squares, but were also presented as visionary dramas in which the crystal becamse the slage and the angels ancl lesser spinits assurned the woles of characters. The most important anut complete. playlet is the one I have named the Grat Viston. Ir is remiarkable for its beauty, complexity, and mystery.

The Great Wision represems the diferent classes of angels whose stames appear on the tahles of the Watchowwers and their hierarchical relationship. Because this Wision ts so cental to Enoelsian magle, I have given it bete in its euticety, along with my commentary.

Wednestag, Jisme 20, 156.
 E., E. lyize in his bed, and awake, wpeared is wisinn, ift maniser as colloneth: One astandines by his beds head, wher patied fim on the tead gently, to thite hins the maze wigis lane. Fee seemen to be cloalhed with feathers, sitangely whathed alout him all over, etc.

There appenred to him [E.R.] jons very fur Cantes, Stinatine it the four hains aid the world: aut of which be hesard thet sound of e lhumpet. Then seemed gut af every Castle a cloath to be twown on the ground, of wore thea the hereduth of a Tabse clowth

Out of Hat in the Eash, the clnath seemed to be red, whicde was cast.

Out uf that in the South, the cloath seemed white
Out of that in the Wesc, the cloath seemed green, with, greal kuyps os it.

Out will that in the Noreth, spread, ar thrawn out from the 8)tet under fuot, the cloath seemed in he wery hilack

Out of every Gate then issued one Trumpeter, whoss 'Crumuth were of strange form, wreathent, and growing theger and bigest loward lite end

Aller the Trumpeter followned thope Ensign hearens,
Altur thecre six anciem men, with white hasads athd staves in their hands.

Tlien lultuwed a comely man, with wery much Appare] oultis back, bis Robe hawing a long train.

Alter Jien cande five men, carryines ap of his train
Thesf followed one grea: Consse, and ahout that fous Jesser Crowses.

These Cursses had on shem, each of them ren, like men. dueir dacus distinctly appearing nn the foum pats of the Gusst, all wer
[Masginal note: These Crosses seemed not to he on the grounth, but in the aise in a while cloud. The great Crosse sectered to be of a Cloud, Jike the Rais-how.]

Aflur the Crusets tollowed to while Creatures.
Alid allec thom, an infinite numher sermed to lssue, dud to spoced thernelver onderly in a compasse, almost butore the four toresaid Castles.
$U_{\text {Lut }}$, whith vision declaced unto me, I straighr wap get down a kute of is: trusting in Grad that it did sigmifie good,

Alter noont, as E.K. sat by mae, he felt on his head some stialse woving: whershy he geemed that some spirituall Cotalume did wisil him; and as we were continuing togethery and I had red tu E.K. some rare matrer out of lgrating' PiplsLles, Follicurpus, and Martialis: gome of the Sarsament, and sume of lue Crusee, a yoyce ansmered, and said, That it is true, لfat the sizn of the Crasse is of grean force and vetule

Atur duis, the spinitual Creature seemed to F. M. to the wery Leawy oun his right shaulder, as he sat hy me in my
stuly: and its E.K. comsiduret the numbers of such as the had numbered to phase out of the foum Gates fit is to wit 1.3.6.1.5) The splintual Crialure said, the bumines 16 ju
 more, God the father is a standing Pillar.

Dre: Uport which word if asked him, if 1 should write such maller the was to syeak. And he answered to E.K. at his rigtut ted.

Spirit: ti Lhou wilt.
 bisen, गor tubllow

Spirit: Diwided with a suraight line, is une and two.
Dee: Wital is to he diwided seith a straight line?
spitiv: The Plliar.?
This spitit identified itself as Ave, the second of the Sons of lhe Sons of Lithbl, who were revealed to Dee and Kelley during libe reception at the heptanchical magic His name appears on the smaller lopitagon on the Sigillum Aemeth. He dectared himselt to be the teathered spirit who had pated Kelley on the licad in the eatly morning hours, and said that if was he who had delivered the wision of the Walchrowers to Kelley, Ave con mentel at length ou Kelley's wistuth.

Ave: Nows thecclore heasken anto jap: fin 1 will open unto you the secret knowledpe of tue Eath, that you mary deal will her, ty such as govern leer, at your pleasues; and call her to $A$ reckonidg, is a stewand doth the servans of his lurd.

1 expound the Visiun
The 4 horsges, ase the it Argels of the Eath, which are the 4 Orerseers, and Wanclit-lowers, wat the eterctal Gind in his prowidence hath placed, against the usurping hlasphesy's, mivnse, and stealth of the wleker and preat enemy: the Dewill. Th the ialeut that heind put out to the Eath, his enviuts will máght be folidied, the determinations of Gom fustelled, and his crealures kept and preserved. within the contplase and mowale of order.

What Satan dnsh，they suffer；And whar they wink at， he wrasteth：But when he thimiketh himself mos assuled， then teelecth he she bit

In each of these Houses，the Chies Wathman，is a mighty Prince，a mighty Angel af the lasd：which hath under him 5 ßrinces［shese names．］must use for yout insatruckion．\} The seals and authnrities of these Hinuses, are cartimsed in the beginning ne the Whald．Unto every one af them，be＇t characters，！Takens of the presence of the sen of God：加＇what all thimg were made in Creation．）

Ensignes，upon the ］mage wherens，is death：whereon the Redemption of mankind jis establinged，and with the which he shall come to judge the Earth．

These are the Characters，and natutal marka of holi－ nesse．Unto shese，belnif four Aragels severally－

The 24 old men，ase the 24 Seniors，thas St．Iohn remembere1h．
These judge the governanent of the Castles．and fullil the will of Coad，as it is writen．

The 12 Banners are the 12 गames of God，that gavern all the creatures upon the Eanh，wisible and invisihle，compre－ hendiap 3,4 ，and 5.
Qut of these Crasses，come the Angels af all the Aires： which presently give ohedience to the will of men．when they see chem．
Hecehy may you subwert whale Cauntries withoul Armies： which you musc，and shall da，for the glocy af Cond．

By these you shall get the favour of all the Princes． whom you lake pity of，ot wish well unto．

Herehy shall you know the secres Treatures ofi the waters，and unknown Cawes oi the Earth．
And it shall he a Doctine，for you onely，the inserment of the Whatd．

For，the tess of your Tnstructions，ate tonching the Heaw－ ens，and the ume to come：of the which，thite is the last and extream knowhedge．

Thass will I deliver unto you，｜because I hawe yeilded yau bafore the Lord．！

Upont Manday נext， 1 will appene noto you：amd shati be a leston af a tew dayes．

Kitley：The will of ciod be dune．
Dee：Amen．
Ave：In the wew season，desire you of Goud，such لunge，as are neoussiry for you．

Le that filleth all thing gand from whom all things live， and in，and throuyl whom，they are sanctified，bleste you， and confirm you in peace．

Leve：Amen，
1 bespech yunu，to Nintific this momang＇s viston，by wuds；as all ather lyoly Prophects thave recordet theirs，

Alte：A Visiont
The sign of dee lowe of God towand his faidnius，Fowe sumprums and hellgayant Caulles，nut of 山ee which soumber＇Trampels aldice．

The sign of Mujesty，the Clath of pasabare was cast fonls．
lus the Fast，dee cloth red；alter the new smsillen blond
In the south，tee cloth white， 1.1 ll －calnur．
It the Wess a whoth，the skins of many Dragerts，green： yarlick－flaladed．

In the Norths，the clohh，Eair－culozerd，Billury juswe．
The Trumpers sound anec．The Cates opect The fome Casiles．are moved，＇thete issueth in Thamputers，whoge Trumpers are it Pytamis，fix colles，wrealhutd．There fol－ lowell out of ervey Listle $\exists$ ，holdiug ipy their bituners dis－ played，wish ensigne，the namse of thod．There follow Senions six，alike front the 4 Gotess After them cometh frumt every parl a king：whose Princes ane five，gardant， ：und holding up lus train．Next issurth the Croser of 4 Augles，of the Majesty if Creation In Cod alteuded upon twery nne．witl 4 ：a white cloud． 4 Crosses，bearing the wiluessen of tur Copenant of God，whith the＂Ftince［＂Kinal gone nar before：which were conlirmed，evory one，wirls ［24］Angels，visibile tr countemmon：After every Crosse allenteth If Augels；dispositors of the will of those，that Euvern the Castes，旬hey procred，and，in，and abont the muddle of the Count the Eusigns keen their standings
apposite to the maddle of the cate: the rest phase, The 24 Senators meen; They seem to consult.

1, AVE, STOOD BY THE SEER:
It wanlsheth.
so 1 leave rous.
Dee thongluthe Grial Wision somportant that he had a medallion made of solid gold upor which the wision was elepacted sete the illustration of the Gotdern Talimana, opposite). This relic has surwived she cen Luries and is now in the kerging of the British Masetw.

## Analysis of the Great Vision

Kelley sees four castes standing in the som quarters of the worth, Awe informs Dee that thbe castles, whichl lye calls "houses," are the four angels of the Earth, who are ateo the func Overseers and walchtuwers-it is jut uncmanmorn in magic for a place or thing to also be a spirit.

On Dee"s yolden talibman, these castles are depicted as medjeval stone lowers each writh seven battemena stones (the northem tower has eight stones), one small sipuare whinow combainkg four payes, and a large, open semi-circular gate. The seven battlement stones stand for the Latulitional falanels of astrology, the sufuare wirsdow represents the letter squate of the Watchtowner an the Gineat Table, and the anch of the gate is lle crescent of the Moon, through whose sphere all heavenly beings must pass on their joumey to the Earth.

This symbolism was pethahly umconsminus, wheli would account for the eipht battlement stones on the
 significance). The four watchtowers are depicted similarly on the meedallions, with only miner wariations, so Dee probably intended them to be prerceved as identical.


It should be moted that in the engraving of the medallion in Casaubor the volurs of the four clothes are fivertell sop to bottom and left to right. The engraver shows green in the east, red in the west, black in the soulth and white in the north. I have restored the colors to the arrangement described in Kelley"s vision. This inversion wass not an error by the englavef-it also appears on the migimal polden medallion in the British Museum. Dee may well have had some reason for fiverting the colons, and it may be the same teason the Enochian letters were inverted on the actual Cable of Praclice Irom the atrangemen in Dee's manuscript drawing of the Tible. Howewer, since I
cala think of no good reason for changing the colorts as Kelley's vision. I have put the colors in the same relative positions on the medaltion,

Ave states that the Watchtowers were placed at the extremities of the world by God "against the usurping blasphemy, misuse, and stealth of the wicked and groal enemy, the Devil." They act as a limiting inilhuence on the chaotic works of the Devil upor the earth, and are necessary in ouder to preserve living creatures "within the compass and measure of order." They do nou entirely exclude the intluence of Satan, or prevent him from affectingr, the world, hut check and bridle his matice to a degree that allows the orderly fulfillment of the "determinations of Goud," When 5atan seeks to exceed that limit, the angels of the Walchtowers exert their [Mower, and the Devil "feeleth he the bin."

From fach tower, kelley liears the simultantous sounding of a trumper, There is some ambinguity. Kelley says anly that he heats the sound of a trumper. Ave states that the trumpets sound thrice gut of each tower, then contradicts himself a litule further on and says the trumpets sound once. It may be that the trumpers solund one time, hat somul three distinct males.

Ave atdds the detal that the gates open. and the "Hour Castles are moved," that is, show signs of move noent willin. Four cloths, cach as wide as a tablecleth, are thrown our from the mouths of the towers toward the eenter, which Ave refers to as the "Court." Ave calls these the "sign of Majesty, the Cloth of passage." They" ate equivalent to the red earpets that are unmolled for the passage of dignitaries in our own day. The colors ate miporant because they are linked to the four directions. The color of the east is ted, that of the south is while, that of the wrest is green, that of the mosth is black.

Ave is nore descripulve of these colors. The clally of the east is the scarlet of new-spilled blood. The clath of the soath is the sofit white of the lily petal. The cloth of the west is textured with the scales of a dragon and is sctpent-green, The cloth of the north is the color of very dark human hair, or of bilberty juice (a decp hlue-hlack twerry that grows in England).

From cach open gare a Trumperer walks along the carpet loward the oenter court. The trumpets are of a vely strange shape, with six bells. Awe clescribes them 35. "Pyramis, six cones, wreathed." Kelley says that they ate "al strange form, wreathed, and growing bigger and bigger toward the end." This would scem to mean that viewed from the front the six branchine, bells of each trumpet spread in the shape of a tsiangle, They were probably wreathed with flowers.

The being who proceed aus of each Wachtower aiter its 'Irumpeter are the angels ruling in that quanter of the Earth.

The three Ensign Bearers carry upon their flags the divine names that are written on the mildle rows of the Watchtowers of the Great Table. The Eirst flag bears a hame of tioree letters, the second of four letters, the last of tive leucrs, for a total of melve, Awe calls these Iwelve ensigns (three from each tower) "the 12 лames of God, that govern all the cheatures upon the Eath, visible and inwisible, comprethending 3, 4, and 5." These names have a direct correspondence with the twelve overt permutations of the Hebrew name of God, [ $1 \mathrm{~W} V \mathrm{H}$, which fs known as the Tetraprammaton because it contains four letters.

After the twelve ensigny bearing the names of God come twenty four Senions who walk six abrenst from each gate. Ave says of these ofd men that they are "the 24

Seniors, that St. John remembreth." St. John the Divine was the supposed athor of the New "lestament luok fark efarions. The meference is to Rewelation 4:4-"Amd round about the throne were four ant twenty seats: and unoul the seans $T$ saw four and lwency clders sitting, clothed in white ramenta and they had on their heady crowns of gild. "The sembers ath the lorts of the hours of the day. They establish and regulate linear time the timespare oontinuucut that we are lamiliar with as incarmated souls,

Ave explains' "These judge the government of the Castles, whal iullfil the will of GuH, as it is writtern, "Tlee "government of the Casties" is what is known in the East as kama. Cause and effect is a function of thne. Wilhoul tho, karma would cease, and chaos would reiph. There would be no divige law, no cosmic justice, soo calional wader, satan for Cormazon as thas Enochian angels cal! him ${ }^{\text {² }}$ ] seeks to averthrow the repulation of the Seniors. but is belct in check by the four Cherseers.

Behind each rank of six Seniors walks a richly robed King. Five Princes who serve him carsy the hem of bis long tram. They are guardam, meaning that they malk with their faces rumed coward Kelley, of the King, Ave says; "the Chier Watchiman, is a mighty Prince. a mighty Amgel of the Lord. " Twice, Are calls the King of each Walchuguer a. Prijuce, talsing Tle to write a correction in the margin of his maruscript (indicated with asteriske on pare 159]. The mane of tach fing appers jn irs corresponding Watchtower on the Great Table, written in the form of a spiral about the intersection of the great monss of that Wacchtown.

Connected with each Kirs, and the Wachtower of whicth be is the anhirate ex gression, is a geal compasod of four characters. Ave calls these "the authorities of these Houses" and shas that Ilay were "Gonfirmed in
the heginning of the Whth." Abeut the Four characters corrected with each, he states ! bat they are "Fukens of live preserice of the som of cod: by whon all things were made in Creation-"

It is not clear what is meant here, ulless in fs the fous glaphic seals that were subsequently linked by the angels to the fout Watchtowers ors the Great Table. Thre of those have four divisions, but one does nor. The reference to four jarts may be to the four letters of Tetragratnmaton. At least, this is how this passage was interpreted by the founders of the Golden bawn, who assignell the Jeleer of Tetragamumaton in a conplex relandonship to the different patis of the Watchtowners on the Great Dafole.

Afer the Princes, a large cross with four lessed crosses in its guarters emerges from each tower. These seem to kelley to float in llee sky on white clouts, with satch crose sthinmering like a rainbow of many colors. Their palserts is ceflected in the Whathtowers the the Greal Table-each Whatuower has a large cucass dividing it into four quarters, and a smaller cress in eatch quatitur Don the smaller empisec, Kelley reports ten male faces. Ahe refers io these as "hen Angels, visible in combthance." The lesser crosises on the Walchnowers of the Creat Table each contain ten letlers. Each letter is the rame of one of these angets, who, as Awe sats, hear "the witness of the Goveront of God. ${ }^{\text {r }}$

Fotlowing the cloud wilh ils five crosses, sixaem "while Cieatures" issule rom the gate oi each watchtower. Ave balls these "Ingels, dispositors of the will on ithose, that govern the Caslles." The names of these angels occur in the lesser quarters ar each Watchtower on the cricat Table.

Fincally, an "irsfinite mumber" of lesser angels issute forth and ithange themselves in a large circle, slanding
close to the towers. The wratding of Kelley's visiont surggests that they conme gut of the paces after the sjxtecm Dispersitoss, but Ave indicates than this muttilude is ravale Un of ilje angets of the thirty Airs, or Aethers, and thal ther come out from the rainhow monserg. "these angels "presently give obedience to the will of men, when thry see thens," This ts expermely important, becauge it explains why Encochian magic can only be worked with "visible apparilion. " The ubedience of the angels of the Aethers to the magician requires that the magician see the arnate in the crystal, or by some similar means.

This echoes the Jrish Fislk tale lifat at leprechatur wan only be commanded by a human being to reveal his. treasure while he is helts bathive. Orice he slips beyond the reach of his captor he regains his freedom. similarly, the finn imprisored by soloman in brass botter could be compelled to grant wishes to the persons whu discoveresf themb, 'These tales express a fundamaental principle of spirit magic. To he controlleth, as spirth meast he emboclied irs sonme form. This form muy be aл innage or a came. The manifest form of the spirit acts as a kinit of. puychic bottle that constrains the spirit and binds it to the human mine that conotives the form.

The Ensign Bearers stap at the ends of the in ground cloths and maintalit their canks opposite their respective gates. The twenty-four Seniors approach tach other in the raidgle of the Courk while the rest stand wajting in their places. The Seniors form a ring racing inward and shem to hold a consultation with each other. Thar is ale end of Kelley's wision.

Ane paine out wo kelley the impostance of the numbers of oacle rank in this pratessiden $(1+3+5+1+5$ $=16\}$. This is the number of the Dispositors, or lis-posers-Lhose wht arrange and set in right order the
thing of the manifest world, and who ensure that ewerything happens in its proper season and due sequence.

The cornmumication becween Dee and Abe following the initial description of Kelley"s vision seems enigmatic, but is really quite simple. Ave merely points ott to Dee that the wertical pillar of the central cross on each huatchtower of the Creat Tahle wrill conlain two columns af letters, and therefore it may either be regaratisi as mue pillar, or twe if the columns ar henlers are divided. At this point Dee laws nut receiwed the Great Talshe, so the clirections mean nothing to him,

## Chapter Twelve

## The Transmission of the Great Table

## The Table of the Earth

As he had promised during his exposition of the Great Wision, the angel Awe appeared to Kelley on the follow ing Monday (June 25, 1584) and delivered the letter stuares of the Watchuwers that compose the glatanas of the Great Table. These were presented in the form of wisual imnages wilhin the crvstal.

Firsi, JKelley saw the interior of the shane obscured by a white curain. The curtain was llen wilhdrawn ant disearated in a heap in the background to reveal a standing nggure in a white smock with a white circlet around his head. Allhuugh Kelleg did mot recognize the argel, Dee knew him to be Ave because the anpel had prosised to appear on Momulay. As Kelley walcheot, firm consumed the angel to ashes. From the ashes he rose up renewed and brieghter than thefore, saying: "So doth the glary af God comfort the just, and they rise agair with it threefold glorie. ${ }^{-1}$

The angee exlended his hands and seened to spread or part the air in front of him. A square table appeared before the angell. This latile reveresentell the Greal Talie of the Watchtowers. Dee wrote in the marpin of his manuscript "The Table of the Earth." 'This is also true, sume the Creat Falhe applies to Elte cathly (manitest) realm.

From the cable Ave removed a black "Carpet" or cloth, From Kelley's earlier wision of the Watchtomers, we know that this corresponts to the north. Bencath the black cloth was a greers clath, which the angel next removed. The green cluth stands for the west. Beneath the green cloth was a white cloth, representing the south. After Ave pulled off the white cloth. a red cloth was revealed, correspanding will the east. The removal of che red cloth revealed the talsectop itself, which co Kelley appeared to be made of "earth, as Potler"s Clay, very raw earth." The table was square, with four legs made of clay tor earth. Two of the lefs tonched the ground, bal two did net.

It should be notel that the remowal of the different colored cleths symbolically traced a complete circle around the world counterclockwise. This is the direction of motion (as Carl Jeng abserwed) from the conscious miat to the unconscious. The metion is from the circumference in to the cemer, which is symbotizud by the bare clay topp of the table. II is the ground of cre. attion and the clay of Adam, The direction of travel around the comprass is opposite to that which usbally occurs in the Enochiau manuseripts, but this is because Ave is traveling foom the outwarif manifest workl of Dese and Kelley jinto the sweret center of the Earth, where all mysterics lie concealed.

Why the table should have two legs that touct the ground And two diat do not is puzzling. Perhapsis it referc. to the four etements, wo of which (Fies and Alry are lighot and rise up, and two of which (Water, Enth) are heavy and lall downh. Jowever, this is anly speculation.

## Tile First Seal

On the upper-left corner of the table (the far left from Kelley's point of wiewi) appeared the figure of a T with four bright bearns of clear light rising from its top. This is the seal tif the Watchtower of the east. The direction is not given, but we know it nust be the evstern quarter of the table because it is the first lewealed, and the east is the firse quarler in Fnochian migic. Ave, as he revcals the seals and atter then the Waturtowers themselves, is now progressing from the center outwat to the circumierence.

To make thoubly certain that Kelley naticed the posilion of this seal on the table, Ave prointed at the T with the iour beams, saying:

Alle: That part of the Table of the earth of those that gevern tie esult: that is are governed by the seven Augels that ale goverutul ty the seven that sland heiove God, that atip governed lyy the livine Eod, which la found fat the Seal of the lising Cod, [Tau with the four) which sigribice the Emur puwers oi Goul principal in earh, etc.

A wate: Muve nal, for the place is hols, and liecone holy.
 sell. Unto this, cluyy the other three Angels of the Table.'
The "Soal of the living God" is the Sigilturn Aemeth. "Fau with the fours indicales the capitall letter T with the small number 4 written obove it that is at the top of the outer cing of lellers on the Sipillum Acmeth. Thes ring consists of forty letters, whiche are to he understood as four groups of ter, Tau is the Greek name fir T. In Catsaubon the last letter " $u$ " Is "Can is inverted (which often happencul in old books) so that che text reads "Ian with the four," an obvious alosurdity that has undoubtEdly confused many students of Enochian magic.

The seven angels that "govern the earth" mentioned by Ave ane the seven angels whose names appear in the lagger hexagon on the Sigillum Memeth (Zurtia, (den), These curious names are extracted from à magic square composed of the seven more common names for the angels of the seven planels (Zapbliel, cte). These lattor are "the seven thal stand before God" (see Rivedatidra 4:5].

The common names for the angels of the planeta arte written down continuously in columns from left to right to form a letter squtare, and the nucummon Enochian names ate extracted by readinp, the rows actoss the square from lett to right. You will temember this siquare from the earlier examination of the Sigillum Aemeth. It was revealed or March 20. 1582, and is recorterd in the second book of Dee's Liber Mysteriormim;

| 7 | 1 | 1 | F | II | 1 | a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | 7 | $C$ | a | a | ᄃ | 1 |
| p | a | 11 | $p$ | $\pi$ | b | 1 |
| 1 | $d$ | m | ${ }^{1}$ | i | 4 | i |
| k | k | a | $a$ | e | 4 | e |
| i | i | + | e | 1 | 1 | I |
| e | E | , |  |  | G |  |

The woice that spoke and conmanded Dee and Felley not to mowe was the voice of the King of the Watchtower of the east, which the T with the four lnams represenms, we cautioned the men to also remain still while receiwing the seals of the ofber tluee watchtowers.

## The Second Seal

On the upper ripht comer of the table the tar right from [Kelley's perspective] appeared a cross which Kelley described as "like an Alphabet Crosse." This symbol, herause it is the second to applear, relates to the watchtower of the south and seveals the placement of that Watchtawer ors the Great Table. Kelley temarks: "This Crosse, and the other $T$ do seem la lye upon the lables in a dim dunnish, or a sky colour. All the Table ower seemeth to be scribled and rasped with new lines."

Aure: The earth is the last, which is will the Anects, but mon as the Angels, and therefore in stimdeth in the Table of the seven Angels, which stand befter the presence of God in the lass phace, willoul a Lexter, or tumber, but figured by a crosse.

It is expressed to the Aufyle of that Table, whereju the mames of the Angels are gatuertal, and do apycar. as of Michael and Gabriel.

Doe: I Jemember, thele is an Alplatutiary Crosse. ${ }^{4}$
This is a clear reference to the small cross that marks the empty final square in the table of the seven planetary angels.

## The Third Seal

The thired seal of the watchtowers appeared, as might be expected, on the lower-right corner of the table [the nead right corner from Kelley's perspective). Moving around the points of the compass, llis quarter of the table belongs to the Watchtower of the west. On it Kelleg obserwed another cruss will letters and numbers in its angles, as appears in the illustration of the four seats. The angel Ave makes the cryptic comment, "It is in that

Table, which consisteth of 4 and 8 ." This reders to the fifth Ensign of Creation, one of the tin tablets to be placed on the Table of Practioe slutime scrying. This Finsign, which is connected with Mercury on the Tabula Angelansm Bononsm 49 , consists of four ronws and eighl colunits, The seal of the Whechtower of the west occu pies the second square in the bottom now on this Ensjgrlin

## The Fourth Seal.

Finally, on the lower lefe comer of the table of earth [the near left cornex from Kelley's perspective), Kellwy saw "a litlle mund smoke, as big as a pin's head:" This quarter of the table is related to the watchtower of the gorth, which is lly firlad pignt of the compass, moving cloctwise around the Earth beginning in the east. Ihe seal of the north is ustally representerd as a paine or tisy circle with tines cadiating from it.


Origivel tour Seuls of the Whatchouers

In my judgment, the way these seans were revealed establisher the conect placenent of the watchtowers on the Great Table, and the refationship between the seats and the bratchtowers, Dee never recoprized that the able of earth was intended by the angels to represert the Great Table, or that the order in which the seals whert placed was to be followed in placiog the Wateltowers themselves. Consequently, he remained in doubt ahoul the grastionts of the Watchowers ors the Great Table tor the rest at his lift.

## "God His Spiritual Creatures"

Alme the fonth seal was reveated, the crystal was obscured by a mist and Kelley heard "a great voyce of uhamblicg and rumblinge" in We thowstone. This cleared to revenl an infinice mumber of bright wormige thiegs going up and down in the air. Higher than these he sam a cloud of little black specks. They also bloted up and down, and sometimes mingled with the worms.

Awe then delivered the monologet on Fromed that I have already quated is Chapter Ore ["The Lord "ppared ano Enoch," ete, ], This ss significant bewase its placement here links the Watchtowers strongly with the wisdoren af Efucte, and indicales how cerstral they are to Enochiar magic. The Watchtowers are the wery hearl af the doctrine delivered by the angele,

Dark smoke boiled up front the tahle of carm, learinp behind it a polden slime. The morns and motes in the air touchod town on the surface ant ascemued un Jfair. Ave took the smoke and "tied it up," saying "I tie lier mol upa from all men, but from the good, "Anotliet dark cloud covered everythilag. This cleated to reveal a grid. Are told kelley to note the number, and Kelley
informed Dee that be counted thirleer colmman and twelve rcuws, Apparently Kelley was viewing this prid at a light angle, because the grid of each Wathotower has twelve colurmens and thitlem mws.

WWithin the squares of the grid appearect characums or sigils. Ave remarked to Kelley, "They be the true Latages gi God hes spirirual Creatures." He ordered Felley to write down whal he saw, Kelley protsited that he could adi. 「hee urged Thelley to try his best. Kelley strusigled along for a time, then "fire fasleed in his face, atrd shordy after loe salid, I perceive they be easie to make, so that I tell the squares, by which the limes do prasis, and draw froris midalle prick to midale prick. " He tinhiself diawing the sigils on the grid of the tirst Watchltower, then proceeted to fill ill the gride of the other quaters of um Creat Table.

These sigils are not illustrated is Casauhom, but it is obvious that fuy were the sigils of the ninety-one geaglaphical spirits of the 30 Aethers [see Chanter Flinem). It is interesting to nole that the sigits of the genii of the pants of the Earth were conveyed by the angels lefore the actual Walchlowets lieniselves. TI would therefore have treen impossible ior Kelley to consciously comode the graphic sigils with the letters of the spirit rames ugull which they are based.

## The Four Watchtowers

Again the stone grew dark. Ave ondend Dee and Kelley to rtwi for an houl. No doubt the strain of combentation had been almost urencluratble, parlicularly for Kellers. When the men resumed the scring session, Are inmerdiately begar to deliver the letters al the whatchrower ol the east:

Ave: la the hame of God, be diligetil. and move tat fot the place is holy:

Take the flist squate: write foni the left hand tuwaud the right, you shaoll prite gmal heltess and great.

Say whac you see lto E.E.I

 that hath notlitag in it.
sue: [t must be filled.

Dee had not yot realized that the grid first seer by Kelley was tipped on its side, and had to bee motaed a quarter turn. He was roying, to insert the cwelve lethers of the firsl mow into one of the columas, which have thitteen squares. In did not take him long to understand tis error. some ot the leters in the Wathowers ate cagilals because they bugin rhe namey of the minetr-one spirite of the regions of the Earlli, which correspond with the sigils prevjousty forawn on the grids far a ripht argle, apparently: 1 by Kelley.
$A$ rem an the letters are mimor inverted left mo right. These indicate that the names of the gemgraphical genii that conlaln them may be wrilen forward ar backward. Whall written backwardi, they ate the names of evil spirits, but when written horward, of good spirils.

Rebley scried the Watchowery in the following

 3) DIP, TEAM, PDOCE; 4) MPH, AESL, GAPCL. AILT delivering the Watchtowers, Ave commented on the sigaificance of the middle line and the pillar of Cod in each Walclyower.
 There ase 5 lines above, and six below, That line is called

Binea Sparitus Sancti: and out of that line cometh the thrae names of God, from the Fis.t gate, heing 3, 4, and 5 letters, which were the anmes oi the Einsignes that were apmken or Gefore. Oto, ibah, noxpi, 1 said before, that God the Fathet a mighty pillas diwided with a right line.

The Farher himself, without the line
The Father and con hy addition of the line.
These two limes heginning:- if A

That is the great frosse that came out nis the East gate."
The meaning is that the double wertical pillar that forms the crenter of each Watchawer and crosses the mide dle row of due Jloly Glust at a righangle signifies Gext the Father when double, but Father and Son when the two columse are separated by a wertical line il is not clear iqn Casaubon which column of the Creat Cross belongs to the Father and which to the sons. However, the [eft colamon is the column of merch, which suggest that it belongs to the Son, whereds lie right columis is the columm of judgment, suggesting that it belongs to the Father-

Dee had no pablers correctly placirse the first Watchtower in the upper leff quarrer of the sireat Table, and linking it with the east. He comectly plaiced the second Wiatelawer in the bpper-right eomer of the Great Tathe, which is associated with the sauth. However, for some matson he dureten the thin ard fourtl whatchtowers. He was going to place them comectly. He roted beside the fourllo watchomer, "This is the Tatue that land the litule round smoke," which would have enablex hims to place is in the lower left cjuarler. But immediately below he wrote a second note, saying, "No, it was the Table heiore,"

The rasull is that on the First wersion of che crat Tahle, which is kngwin as the ariginal Table, Dee has [in
my opinion) inverted the third and fourth Watchtowers. The seals of the Watclttowers are placod correctly at the corners of the Original Table, as they were revealed by Ave The fous invered capital letters are indicated by asterisks. It is not inmonediately obvions that the capital A in the bettom row of the OIP, TEAA, PDOCE Watchtowel is inverted; howorer, Dee has drawn the $A$ with a hook on ity ripht leg, and wrilten in the margin " $A$ is arsward. "



Dee numbered the watchtowers on the Great Table in the otder of their hatial transmission, in two rows from left to right: 1. Upper leit. ORO, etc-i 2. Uppet
 MPH , etc. He mas obviously uncomfortable ahmut invartitg the batorin two watchowers fron their natwal places on the points of the conpass. Several then he asked lle angels for confirmation.

Ale: Now, what je djat, that is hard to you? Dee: Firsh, whether the Table (fur the riddale Crosse of witing the low prickipal parts) be made perfect or mo.

Ave: Thou thast fouted out the truth of it:?
There is no duestion that this numbering of the quad rants on the Great Table was mented by the amgels, at least at this stage Don January 14, 1585, Felley received an extemely itmporiant, wision which I have called the Vision of the Round House. This vision expresses, ill a pithorial form, the fow of elemtental entergies on the Great Table. At the outset of the Vision of the Round House, the relationship between the four directions and the numbering of the quarters is clearty walbished.

On that place shandeth a round house, LI tath four cor nest [within] nnd 4 Windows; and epery window de rowd, and harth 4 ronnd partitions, pount also. It hath 4 Lmoness and at the Fiast Dont is one step, an the South 2 steps, and at the North 3, and at the West [ $\mathrm{MoO}_{7} 4$ steps:
The number of steps hefore each door is the rumbering of the rellated quadrants on the Original Great Table.

Howewer, accepting that Ihits chunbering of llue quadrants of the Creat Table is correct, it does nor Eoll fow that the wacemets of the two lower watchtowess on those quadrants is also correct. The seals of the Watchuwers are seveated in a circle around the points
of the compass, Lasil, south, west and north, Each class of angels also unfolds in a cormplete clockurise cirde around the Grat Table. In my opinloat fand it is only that \} We Watchowers should be placed in a complete clockwise circle beginning in the pask in the onder an whith uthey were hiss rovealed.

## The Táfilet of Union

After instructing Dee in some of the uses of the names on the Walchtowers, Ave dellvered what is commandy called the Tabler of Union, because its lellers appear ous the central Black Cross of the Great Table. This Tablet is formed by wombintig the letters in the names of the: bloee geopraphical spirits of the tently Abller, Zux: Lexarph, Gomanan and Tabitam. These are writlen bortinuously left minglit into the raws of a sutare with foul' rows and five columns, The initeal $L$ in the lisst name is omitted, Awe instructed Dee to "Look out Lomarpl, with the two oflier that follow him, artong the rames of the Earth the thee last: Lexarpla, Comanan, Tabitom." ${ }^{*}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sum \quad \mathrm{X} \text { - } \quad \mathrm{P} \\
& \text { h c is l1 a } \\
& \text { II a } \quad \mathrm{L} \quad \mathrm{a} \\
& \text { bilimin in }
\end{aligned}
$$

Tibld of Wrãon
These תanes for the spirits of the tenth Aether had henen fevealed by the angel Mapsama eo Keiley more than a month earlier, on May 2t, 1584, along with the names of the other spirils of the first fourteen Aethers." Conccming the placing of the manes of the Tathef of

Unian on the Black Cross Ave Instructed Dee: "Sed them down without the first Table: That shall make the crosse that bandeth the 4 Angles at the Table together. The sume that stretcheth from the left to Iight, most afso stretch from the right to the lef. "th

The meaning is that the letters in the first thro Iows of the Tablet of Union are written on the columith of the Black Cross twice, with each set of letters progressing from the top and the bottom towards the middle so that the two sets of ten letters are reflected around the center. This type of reflection is known as a lake reflection, The lellers of the last two rows of ine Tablet are written on the beam of the Black Cross twice, with each set pror dressing from the center loward the edges so lhat the two sets are reflected around the center. This kind af reflection is known as a mirror rellection.

## The Uses of the Great Table

Atter deliwering the four Watchowers w Dee and Kelley, Ave explicitly set out Die uses to which the Graa Table may be put.

Ave; Now to the purpose: Rest, for the rlace is holyFirgx, generally what this Tahle enntainern.
7. All humane knowledge,
2. Out if it springeth Fhysick-
3. The knnwledge of all elemental beatures, amonega you. How many kindes there are, and for what use they were created. Thoge that live in the ais, by themselwes. Those that liwe in the waters, hy themselwes. Jhase that dwell in the earth, hy themselwes. The property of the fire, which ing chee secret life of all things.

1. The knowledge, finditer and use of Metals; the wermes of them: the congelations and wertues of Stares Ther are all of one matter.
2. The Conjusuing and kniture tonerther of Natures. The destruetion of Nature, and of wiggs that may perish.
3. Moethg from place no place (as, into this Coustry, br Hat Country al pleasure.]
4. The knowledge oi all cralls Mechantexh.

日. Thansmutatio farmilie, sed man ensenctatis [transmentation of formss, but not of essemocs).
|Dee's maginal note; The ninula Chapter mesy be added, and is af the sectetg of men bucurirer wherteut there is at peculiar Tathe, $]^{15}$

The funclicons of the Creat Table are set forth in grealer detaid in Dex's manuscripl Liber Scientide and will be cxamined in the rext chapter; alonf, wirh the extration and wine of the angelic names.

## Tie Reformed Great Table of Raphael

On April 20, 1587 , alronst chree years following the initial reception of the Watchtowers, the angel Raplael communicaled a conected wersion of the Great Table to Kelley, At that poith, Kelley was disillusioned with the argels ants wanted nothiry more to fo with them, but Raphael was persisrent.

Deve: E.R. had duis day dives apparitinns unto bim in lde own Chamber, and instnact|ons ia divers mallers which lue regarded not, but remaimed suill iet hiss purnose of uticrly discrediting those Creaturen, whd tow to have ant Jute to do with them, liut aroong divers apparitions he nolwd thig of sue that suld untu hims

Ruplowe Joyu Liturh hes Tibles.
Give every plave luis rumaing number.
Welter: whar thean you hy places?
Raphaed' The squares. Which doue, refer ewary letter in the Table in hes number, and so fead what I will, for lios is the last time 1 whll idemonish ywu.

## 184-Enochian Magle for Beginners

Kelier: M mati gandeth in the Alt lan it lidy Clube of my heighth, accompanied with some lumded of Puppets: on the one side of him standerh a womath, itud abuut her are four Clounds all white

The man unon a white liblagle sherwed 山ese numbers with spaces, as you see following [lere Eollows a larae namerical table, which $T$ have omitued.

Dee: Nate: When F, K, had shewed Jut deds Nute, [ by and by honugh forh mig thook of Euctly Jit Thbles, and found the forser letters : 't h th io be the fur first keters os the four principal squares standing aboul the black Crosa: and that here they were in be placed otherwise than at had set them. And in the firsi plactug of derert together [ sememher that I had doubt how to joysis Less; Lus thes were given aphart arh hy ihemselwes

Secondly, I found nut the 4 Charactess saving thay were inwerted somewhat, iand nome of thetu closed: wherced I found none like, but werf near, These cluaratitra wore of every square olt?

Thitdly, I did take chese numbers condaned between the lines (Eame mote atid sotile fewely to be wodds to be gatly ered out nif the Thmle af lercers' so mazy wonds is were dis tinct companien of mambers: ic is te wh, 41 .

Hereupan we hegan to number the squiles whercin lue Jetters stoad in Fnoch's Thilles as L load thent, but we could nat exacly finde the wirds, bun somewhat neur, Herrupous being tired, and desirntrs to kmow the sense of that Eypher, we left off till after surpier, and then we atsperyd dighin: Lut We could not balt is ont, thought we knew very tuede whal was to he done hy the instraction of a spifitual woice, נuw and then helping uns toweand the practise
A. lengith, E. K. was willed to go down fato hat fthumer, and I did remain still at out Pineing Thate qiat his return. which was wirhin in hour or somewhat nous, sud at hes ruturn this he frought in wriling there is pritued lin tougl form the amended Gear Toble of Thapheil]

Rapinati The black Cross is sight, aud neederth ar mendine. But this mumi I do, 10 let rhee understuad, thel

Lhou maydel consider ther self no he in man: Amit heneath山is uderstanting, unjess thou suhmin all ino the hands ui Gud, for bis sake; who else lesuing yon, all maked, prowideth in has creatures to his own gintr.... I Raphael, coused you to make or Covenant with the Highest, and to vstumu his winge more then your owil liver."

The Reformed Great Tahte of Raphael, when I give hore in its corrected form (see parge 196), is the arrangement of the walchbuwers mass ofen weed in modera magic. The ardering of the Watchtowers on the Reformed Table was adopted by the Gotiden Dawit, and alter the diaspora of the menbers of this Hemetic Order, was spread throughous Encylisli-speaking counlries,

As your san see, Raphael does not allocate the Whatchtowers around the quarters of the Reformed Table in the order of theif inilias rexptions any mone shan Dee did in the Original Table. He places the first seceived Whatchtower [ORO, $15 / 4 H_{2}$, hoz $\left.\mathrm{F}^{\prime}\right]$ ) on the basi quarter of the Table, which is the upper lett. However, he puts the fourth received watchtower [MPH, ANSA, chatol] on the soutli gatarter, the upper right. The third received Watchtower (OIP, TEAB, PDOCE) be puts on the west yutarter of the Tialate, she lower right, but places the seccond received Watchtower (MOR, D]AL. HCITM) an tle north guarter of the Talwe, the lower ledt

You mase decide for yourself which version of the Great Table to use. In my spinion, nother the Orgigal Table of Thee not the Reformed Table of Raphael is corsect in its placement of the Watchowers or Int athoters. This edmwich ion led me to create yct a thicd wersion (see Chopter Ten], which 1 have namect the Restorech Greal Cable, because it restomes the wath howers to their orginal sequence around the Earth. The Wathtowers are placect apon the Tafter in a blockwise cirche hegintuing


will the upper left quarter [easc-ORO, IBAH, AOZPJ], then the upper rient [soutli-MOR, DLAL HCTGAE, then the lower right (wies-DJP, TEAM, PDOCE), then


In this Restarect Creat Table. Hies rumbering of the quadran (as assigned to them in the Wision of the Round Jtouse) remains umchanged, but the numbers athacherl io the Whatchtowers that ocelsy the two lower quadrance become inverted. Tle fourth Watchower dellivered by the angets ( $\mathrm{MPH}, \mathrm{ARSL}$, CMICL) is placed in the morliern quadran, which beats the number
three, and the thind Watchowwer delivered by the angets [OH1, JEAA, PDOCE] is placed in the western quadrant, which bears the number four.

I suspect that hee main reason Raplamel felt com gelled to deliver the reformed Great Table to Relley was to conect the ghamentent of the last two Watchowers, and ilate Kelley somehom got the instructlons of the argel mixed up. Raphael alse worrected many of the indivictuat letters in the watchtowers. I hidve adopted these Jetter corrections in my own Restored Crear Tatble.

## Chapter Thirteen

## The Angels of the Watchtowers

## "East and West, in Respect of Your Poles"

Each Watchtower has distinct classes of spirits that are a manged in a hierarchy of descending authority, The glactume of the hierarchy and the functions of its parts are the sume for all four Watchowers. Howewer, those angels whose names are on the Wallhower bI the East only act in the east, while those whose names are on the Walchlower of the West ondy act in the west, ant san ol.

There is some ambiguity over just where the four parts oif the Earth are to be reckoned, Dee quite reasonably asked whether this meant the four directions in relation to the magician, regartless of where he might be standing, or the iour regions of the Earth. Ave replied, in a somterwhat ambiguous lashifon, that it meant the fout directions with respect on the poles of the Earth.

Ave: The 24 Sersions ane at of one Odibe But when bou wilt work iz the East, thou must take sucta as bear rule there: 50 गulst thou do of 山u゙ Jest.

Dec: Dor you thean the estats, in respet of aty place we shall be in, or tr jespect ol any terthly plice, accuuated alwayes the East part uf doe work, whetesurver we he?

Ave: The East and West, ian respect whout Poles. What will you else of 10n??

It is not clear from Ave's siatemeta which system. the angel litended. Dee's first sugeestion, that east should be reckoned from the location of the magician, is a much mote workable solution than to try to divide up che nations ot the world. To decide wheller a partitular place lies in the east, situth, wisi ar borth is by no means ato easy task. Obwiously, Sweden is in the nosth, but is England in the נortin or' the west? Is Russia north or east? What about South America? Or Hawail? Ot Morocco? The only certain localion is Jertsatem, which was considered to he the ceater, ar novel, of the Earth.

For the sake of simplicity, is sugpest that the [onu' airections of the worlt be relatad to the pace where the Eлochian magic is being worked, when the effect is to take place away from the place of working. Than is to say, jf the nugician works a ritual in London that is to take place in laris, the or she thould use the spirits af flee bastarn Watchower. Only if the magic is to take effect in the same place ass the working syi Ilse rilual sheutal the fous thghons of the Earth be considered. For example, if the magician works a ritual in Louden that is to lake $y^{\text {lage }}$ in Ite same part of London, without a specitic geographical tocus, the angels of the western whatchtower whtald be employed (since England was, in classical rimes, considered part of the west).

The acompanying table (oppgsite) shows a matchlower winh the offices of che angels whose names are found on its quatters. It should be moled Ihat the quanLers of the Watchtowers are ummbered the same wry the Watchtowers themselues are numbered on the Great Tatje.

| Eastr 1. | Sopth 2. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dispositors: KJidulug Together |  Triagencurbtion |
| Good Angels: <br> Tracls Medicine and Heal the Sick | Comil Astacls I'rechous Mecals and Jewels |
| Evil Angels: <br> Cange Silk wex innl Death | Evil Angels: Comoterfeition and Gambline |
| Morth 3. | West 4. |
| Dispucsiturso Arts and Craftg | Mispositore: Sectets af men |
| Good Angels: Transfocmations of Fomin, mul Psemer | Good Angela: Jinawlect ge of All Elemental Spinitg |
| Fuil Amels: Eifusions and Deceprions. | Ewill Angels: Evil and Base Uses uf Flimements |

Offices of the Angcis on Any Wetchtrmer

## Tile Ancelic Hifrarchy

The anpels on the Watulawers are thase describod in an emblematic way in Kelley's theat wishon. The Whachtowers also contain the Jacmes of evil spinfts not mens. tioned in Kelley's wision. The Watultower of the East will be used as an example, thut the samb chacens of argels and spirits are to be found in the same placis ans all four watchtowers, and the office or function al each class of angel is similar on all the Watchtowers.

## The Kings

The King is the angel Ibial Ave thecribus ds the Overseer and walchtower Tlis suegests that the Jing and the Watchtower are, to sorne extote, 5ymonmonts. Abe also
says, "the whicy Watcluman, is a mighty Princen a mighty Angel of the Jord," Kelley describes the King as "ت comely raan, very much Aguarel on bis back, lis Robe hawing a long Iraint." it is the funastion of the King to stamman the six seniors for judpments.

The rame of the King of the Watchtower of the Eas is efther Bataiva when the King evobes the Seniors for an act of mercy, ou Balaith whell the King ewokes tle Sthingy for an act of severe judgment. Are says, "Thous hase Bataiva or Palaivlı You monsl take but orie witherms either the [final] A or the $h$. A, comider, and $h$ ith matmers indiaris. ${ }^{4 t}$ It is a letter taken from the left column of Jetters on the double pillar of God in eactio Watrhower \{presumably the column of the 5on\} that makes the King metciful, and a letier caken from the righle pillar (presuriably the colume of the Father) that malies the King stwere.

The name of each King js written in a clockwise spiral around the tonble inherserator of the Great Cross on each watchower, beginaing with the fifth letter in the late of the Holy Glost or spirit, The last letter in the nanne ot the King of the east is sither che A ar h in thit Lwo sytures that form the center of the cross. The letters of che hame Rataiva ate lighlighted in lie accompayping diagram, which shows the center of the Watehtowner of the East.


The only deviation from this palnem accurs on the OTP, TEA息, I'DOCE Watchtows'r, which is the WatchIower of the North on the Original Table, but the WathLower of the West an the Reformed Table of Raphoel and also on my own Restored Table \{remember, the cuatiters of the eass, south, west anti north do not shift an the Greal Table even when the whathowers themselves are maved). On the OIP, TEAN, PDOCE Watmtower the lethe "a" occurs twice jn the intersection of the Great Cross. Dees has distinpuishod between the: King of mercy (Elidprna) and the King of severthy (Edtpmal) by imetchanging the second and thes letters in the name of the King to indicate mercy-

The eighl names of the Kings on the Original Creat Table of the Watchowers are as follows:

| EAST | Bataiva (mercy) | SOUTH: | Tozhed (recy) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bataivh (bewerily |  | [czhluel (severity) |
| NORTH: | Eddproa (mercy) | WEST: | Rations [mercy] |
|  | Edlproa (sewerity) |  | Raggiol (5ewerity) |

## The Banner Names of God

The three names of God on the the of the Holy Ghost ["linea Spirilus Sancti") are thase that were written on the thire banners or ensigns camiel but the gate of each Wratchtower in Kelley's Great Vision. Ave walled these the "names of Cod, that govern all the creatures uph thit: Earth, wisible and invisible, comprehending 3, 4, 5." It is signofficant that there are twetve lethers in the three names, and trelwe bames in all. This links the banmer rames with the twelve permutations of Terragrammatou: a wiral part ai Hebrew occultism that both Dee and Kelley were fanmiliar with irom their stedlies,

The liree banmer names may be regarded as the divine authoricy of the King of the Watchtower, who is sometimes referred to by the angels as a prince to distinguish bim from the One King, Christ. The four Kings of the Watchtowers carry out the edict of God the Son and God the Father. These two aspects of God are of one purpose, as is indicated by the pillar on the Greal Cross, whide is both the pillar of the Facher when undivided, but also the pillar of Falher and Son when divided wilh a line down the middle.

It is under these banuters that Bataiva rules the east Jcelheca rules the south, Raggios rules the west, and Eldprna rules the norlh (on the Orizinal Table). Dee empleys these twelve rames in the opening "Fundamental Ohesience" to God that comes before all his invocations in his personal Book of S'pirits, which is recorded in his manuscript Liber Scientice."

The three rames of Goal are extracted by reading across the line of Spirit from left to right. The diagram below shows the central part of the Watchtower of the East with the names of God in holdfaced type.


The twelve banner names of God on the Original Greal Table of the wathtowers are as follows:

EASI: OrD, 1bah, Aozpi
SOUTH: Mor, Dial, Hetga
NORTH: Oip, Tean, Pdoce

## The Seniors

The Semiors of edch watchlower are detcribed ly Kelley as "six ancient men, with white beatds and stawes in their hanils." Ave explicily says of the twenty-four Seniors that they are "the 24 Seniors, that St. John remembreth," Therefore their description in the fourth chapter of Reteintint applies; "And round about the throne were four and twenty seats: and upon the seats I shaw four and imenty elders sitling, clonhed in white rajmenc: and they had on their heads crowns of gold." Laler, the elders arise from their seats and iall down upon their knees before the throne of Christ and "cast their crowns before the throne."

The Seniors lar Senators as they are also called by Ave] are the only group of angels in the Creat Wision that perform two actions. Thay walk ont of tach gare in a single rank, six abreast, in company with all the other angels who surround the King. But when they neach the center of the four Watchwowers (colled the "Court" by Ave, who is makiog a gun on the legal court of judgment), they go to the uniddle and form a ring. Alrhough nothing is described in the midalle of the court, this would be the lacation of the thmone of Christ, which is always situated in the center of everything Ave says: "They seem to consull."

In describing the manner of extracting the oames of the seriors to Dew, Ave says: "Now 「or your six smions: whose judgment is of Cod the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghos, "t The act of judiciat jubgement is clearly cenvral to the role oif the Seniors. The Seniors represent the twenty-four hours of the day, and thus time. They sin in jutdgment ower the actions of the haman race, which accur in time. As I have shown in my book

Tertagramamart, the Enochan angels anceiwed of che Soniors as being seated around the throne of Gock ir two rings of tweeve chairs each, oree ring directly abow the other." Each ring wis jol two crescents of six chairs. This is indicated quite clearly in a wision Kelley expenienved on Jaruary 13, 1549;

Now I gee itl those inen, whoge feel I suiw before: Atod thisre sattelth the ith a Judgement seat, with all tis teeth fiery. Ard there sit six, on one side of him, ude six on the oltur, And there sit twatue itl a lower sear whater them. All We place is like Colil, geniched with pucione stones. On Jiis liead is a great stone; covering his head; at stome most bright. brighter then the:"
The reason Awe says that the Seniors are "of God the Futher, Hite Son, and the EHsly Ghost" is because their names trace out the Great Cross on tach watchtower. writh kuch rame begioning from one ot the two letlers at the intersoction of the Cross and proceevling outwand. The names oi the two Sendors located on the tise of lle Holy Spisit maty be written with einher six or seven Jetters, dependinp, on whila of the two letters at rhe inlersection of the Cross is chosen to bogin the rome. For eximple, the Eadne of the first sithior of the east may lue either Abioro or Thabion, reading irom biller of the letters at the tenter of the Great Conss to the left along the lise of Spirit

Ave lells Dee that he slouuld make the names af the two Seaiors lewated on the line of sutirl to be of sevell lenters " mhen the wraclu of God is to be mathesed. " The addition of the extra letter instusilies the power of the. Scolurs, which is me guwer of judgment. Fur the sake of unifarmity, the names of all six of the serionsa are tsually written willo sewen letters. In the Eollowing dio gram, Her names of the Seniors of the Watchower of the East are indieateed in boldfaced type.


The names of the twenty-four Seniors on the Original Great Tather are:

| EAST: | (T1) ${ }^{\text {abiom }}$ | SOUTH: | [L]aidromp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aupxaif |  | Aczinar |
|  | Hemerala |  | Lzinopro |
|  | (A)haozpi |  | [A)lhatiga |
|  | Hipotga |  | Lhinnsa |
|  | Awrotas |  | Asmiluicul |
| NORTH: | (A) aetpio | WEST: | [L] ¢5atum |
|  | Aclutcel |  | Saiinot |
|  | Alndood |  | E.waxtp |
|  | [Mapdoce |  | [\$) p aiol |
|  | Arinnap |  | Jighta |
|  | Anudoin |  | Souiznt |

## The Dispositors

The sixteen Disposiloss in each Watechlon*er are lowated above the arms of the four lesser crosses Ape says: *Mher every Cross, attendeth 16 Angels, dispositors of
the wiall of those, that govern the Casiles. " It is the Dispositurs who actually carry out the will of the Kirges. Kelley describes them as "16 white Creatures." Con cerning these sixteen angels who are abowe the lesser crosses, Ave lells [7ee that chey "have no participation wilh Devils." "

There are four Dispositors almove every lesser cmas, Each is represemef by a sinple Jetter. For exanple, the diagram below shows the sulypuatter of the cast (upine left quanter) on the Watchtower that occupies the eastent cluarter of the Drigital Great Table, In this stiagratn the four Disposilors are highlightent in boldfaced type.


As was Iruc wi the simple-letter mames of the fortrorma Ministers that serve eadith beptarchical Prince, these rows of single lateres may be permuted fo yield tour names of four letters. For cxample, the four letters alowe the arm of the lesser cross in the eastern subquarter of the Watelhcower of the Easi ane $\mathrm{Z} Z 1$ a. Each letter represents an angel. Fy moving each lethor in turn to the begiming of the row, foul hatase of four letters are utrierated:
k $\quad 2 \quad 1$ a
Z L a r
L. a I z

A r $\quad \mathrm{Z}$ I

The set wif four Dispositors above the arme of each lesser cross is ruted by a specific name of God. This divine name is created by adding the lether in the Black Cross of the Great Talle that stands in the same row as the four Dispositors to the head of the four letters of the Dispositors. In lle example, nlae lether in the black Cooss that shares the same row with the Dispositors above the lesser cruss in the eastern subquarter of the Watethower of the East is e. This letter from the Black Cross is placed bufore the letters of the group of Dispositors to form the divine name Erala.

By a similar process, the divine name that rules the Fous Dispositors ahowe the southern lesser croses bl the Watchtower of the East is Eutpa. The divine name that rules the [oar Disporiturs of the westen lesser cross of this Watchtower is Hagzd. The divine name that rules the four Dispusiturs oi the northern lesser cross is Hentr. The divine name is cmplowed ritually to croke the four bispogitors related to it.

Each of theser four groups of Disposilors has its own function in Enochian magic. ${ }^{5}$ Dispositors in the easterth subquarters rute the "Knithag logether of Natures," which means the joining together af things, as in the process of growth or healing. The opposite power also applies, which is the destrucrion of natures, since the creation of one thing is the destruction of another. Elsewhere, in the list of uses of the Creat Table, Are tells Dee that these anpels control: "The Conjoyning and knifting together' of Natures. The Destruction of Nature, and of things that may perish, "I" Those in the soulhern subuquaters rule the "carrying from place," which probably signifies physical travel of persons and the movensent of objects. In

Whe list of uses of the Great Table Ave calls this：Hor ing from place to place［as，into this Country，or that Country at pleasure］．＂

Abont trose in the western subquaters，Ave tells Dee：＂Flerein may you find the scorets of Kings，amb so unto the lowest alegree，＂which seems penemally to sig nify the rewelation of sciert hinger，In a margital note， Dee shows that he understood this dse the secrets of men knowing．＂

Dispositors in the nomhern subquarters rule＊All Hand－wafts，or Arts，＊which signifies the teachiog and bringinf，of success in the atts and sciences，Dee utuder－ stomil lifs to mean＂All humane knowledge．＂

The unctian of correspondeng groups is the same on all the whatchtowers，but applies to different zones ol the Eartll．Awe tells Dee：

But you must Note，That as the Angets of the first of the four Crosese in the bast，which are for Medicitut：so are the firgt of the second，the first of the Ubtrd，and the first of the fourth；so that for medicine there be sixieren，and sat ol all the rest In their onder but that tuey difier in that，some be the angels of the East，olien sume of tue West．and so of the rest．＂
Ave is talking about the angely bemeath the amms of the lesser crosses here，but the principle applies to the Dispositiors as wetl．For exanfle，the office of the fous angels abowe the legser cross of the wesl an the whathe tower of the Eist is to reveal secrets in the eastern parc of the world．The function of the stmilar group abowe the lesser cross of the west on the Warchtower of the North is also to reveal secrelts，lut these four anpels reveal the secrets of the northern part of the world．

Listed fir the accornpanying table are the names of the sixty－tour Dispositors who stand above the arms of
the sixact lesser crosses on the Original Great Table， along with the ruling olvine names and offices of these angels，Again，it must be stressed that the quasters east，soumb，west and nurll＂relate to the Gieat Table teself，not to itje inctividual Watchtowers，The associa－ cionts of the Dispocitors will the directions will be somewhat different on the Retormed Table of Rapliaed acal my own Restored Table because Itwe watchtowers occupy different quarlerts．

| Gubruarter | Materbtprara |  |  |  | Fraction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Eang | －8．0nth | 年或码 | Horth |  |
| こココะert | Brle <br> Zlar <br> Lace <br> hryl | Bosa <br> 02ah <br> 2 <br> abous | ＂งa゙ <br> And＂， <br> 뢏 <br> Trac |  <br> Op를 <br> gado <br> म⿵冂卄一口 | Katrime <br> Topether <br> of <br> Neturus |
| Ond wink | Exxla | Eloza | ntrand | fulcea |  |
| Soritera | 1709 <br> ＇tre山 <br> Eat <br> nutp | Ftiras <br> Jixep <br> \＆fapt． <br> Aghr | TAIm <br> ［int <br> Intz <br> HLall | Ang <br>  <br> f五큭 <br> 고공․ | Carthyg Ern 50 13n |
| cosk H1anes | Eutpa | Ephra | R－5in | N4ㅏㅏ릉 |  |
| Wegteral | Ygxa <br> Gxix： <br> 2 Em <br> Ineyz | こ䒑an <br> B20uI <br> 解is <br> Med | Hlex <br> 1050 <br> Rxril <br> Yulx | 名iをz <br> Ixax <br> THE <br> griz | Mlecurcr GI Escrets |
|  | Exajad | 131a00 | Prlfr | Frita |  |
| Wixtbert | crle <br>  <br> 日边 <br> RGB | Hown <br> 0au゙ <br> Frise <br> $\mathrm{Nc} \mathrm{NB}_{2}$ | Mag <br> 3 J <br> slpa <br> Truay | F3크듣 <br> Sack <br> Hep： <br> Cpea | Teamining <br>  and Orifts |
| G0木 Ha | 15crby | Excan | ［nag］ |  |  |

[^3]
## The Angels Both Good and Evil

Thesc are the angels in each watchower whose names are written of either sisle of the lesser crosses beneaslif the arms of the lesser consses. They are obviously relared to the sixteen Dispositors, luut this relationship is never anade completely cledr by the Enochian angels. The sixteen angels alowe the arms of the lesser crosses are said by Awe to be whiply good, whereas che sixteen angels below the arms are on a mixed tature, ncither wholly good nor whalty evil.

Only one sel of sixteen angels for each Wurchtower appears in Kelley's Great Wision, so it is possible that by the Dispositors Ave intends the angels below the anms of the crosecs. I tend to believe that lie Dispositors are the angels abowe the arms bowase all the other anpels in the Creal Vision are good. If might be spectulated that the sixteen anigels above the amms rule the sixteen lielow the arms, bur Ave does not directly stiate thils relationship.

There are four good angels and four sibling evil angels below the armin oif each lesser cross. The lettens that make up the names of the good and evil angels in the enscert subquarler of the Watchtower of the East are highlighted below in lootd type.


When the bames of the angels below the atms of the lesser crosses aie written with tour letters, they are good angels, but when they are withen with oally thewe letters, they are evil angels. Thus rhey tonn cwo distinct sels of angels, but since both good and evil angels derive from the same letters, they should be under. stood as rellated, each pair conmposed of a good and an cevil twin.

## Tile Goon Angels

The natues of the good angets are deriverl by reading across each row from leit to right. In the example, the good angels of the subguarter of the east on the watechtower of the Ease are Czas, Tath, Sias and Fmad. To gready increase the effectiveness of their function, they thay be made into parmes of five lecters ly including the lecters in the column of the lesser cross: Czons, Toitt, Sigas, Ftuntid,

Each group of four good angels in the subquatter of a Watehtower hass its own particular function. The function of the four angels in the example is healing. By adding the letters in the stem of the lesser cross to the names, their power of luealing becames enfonced. Awe says conceming the four food anpels in the subquater of the eas on the Watclatower of the Fast: "TI in be ant incurable disease (in the judement of man) then adde the leller that stancleth against the natre, and make him up five: then he cureth miraculously." ${ }^{\text {. }}$

Dee understood Ave's words to mean the letter in the column of the lesser cross should the added to the names, and in his Liber Scientiae he gives the names of the good angets with five letless hased on this assimpltion. 1 should point out, however, that the directions of
the angel are not altogether cleas, it is possible that an intended that the letler in the Black Cross that occupies the same row as the name of a gotd anpel should bu added to the from of the name of che angel witensify its power If this is tonta, the four good angels whost namees are of five letters would tee Xeaths, Atoth, Reias amblifond. [n giving the nanmes of the good angeles, have athered to Dieers understandieg of Awe's diece lions, but 1 wanted eo pemint out that another interpretations is pomsibibe.

The foul good ambels of each suhquarmer are invoked to visible appearance within ntie crystal or evoked within the ritual cluarnber, by the name of Gche of six letfors than lies on the colnmon of the lesser cross in the same sulhquarter, reading from toj to bottom. In the example, the divine hame that invokes for ewokes) is Idoigo. This same proup of four goad anpels is com manded by the name of God of five Jetters wrlater on the armor the lesser cross, readiag left to right. In the example, the diwine namie that comenards is Ardza, speaking aloul the anpel czns, Ave |kils Dee "It js one of rlu it angels that serve to that crosse, withich are culed by this tanue doign. It is the narige of God, of six letters; Luok in the crosse that descendeth. Jn that matme [ideipol they dppear, by the name [Ardea] that is in the croserelliansversaryf they do that they are commanded."

As is true of che Dispositors, each group of tour good angele on a Watchtower has its own specific fintetion. The gond angels in the subquarters of the east cule Drer medicine. Ave tells [yes, "Those 4 be of Physick," When their ndites axe increased no five letters, theis healing power is miraculous.

The angels in the subquarters of the south are catu* cerned with metale aud mining. About thent Ave sars:
-They have powne over Metals, co find them, to gather them together, and to use them," In enmmeratigg the usess of ithe frowa Table, Ave has also listed as one of their functions "The congelationy, and vertues of Stones," Hy this, precious and semiprecious jewels should be understood.

The good angels in the subquarters of the west give knowledge and command of the elemental spirits. The Eirst angel of the four rules the air, Hee scomet the water, He thirs whe easth. and the fourth "the life, or fire of things that live. ${ }^{-1}$ in hes list of uses for the Greal Tahle, Ave says boncernlang the power of this group of good angets: "The knowledpe of all elemental Creatures, amongst yous. How many kindes there ane, and for what use ibcy whe created. Those that live in the air, by themselves. Those that live in the waters, by chemselves. Those llat dwell in the earth, by themselves. The property of the fire which is the stcret life of all Ilyinges."
'The somid argels in the subquarters of the north have the power of transformations. Ave defintes this office ill Latin, bayins "Iranspmutaic formalis, ged nom essenlialis," which means that the change is one of oulwaral form but not of essential nature, Thesit angets can change a spmin into a fork, or make a begegar appears to be a king but they cannet transfont lead indo golst (which must have disaflinimet Eelley!]. They can, however, change a lump of coall into a diamond, since this is a trablominaticul of form null not essence (binth are carbon).

The fous classes of good angels are the same ury each of the four Watchlowers, huth those out the watchfower of the East act in the eastern part of the world, those angels who perform lue same function on the Watclitower of ilae South act in the southern part of the world, and 30 for the rest.

| Aubpuarter |  |  |  |  | Furctior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | East | 限uth | Wost | North |  |
| Esscern | Dqロッ日 Tu15t A18日的 Frmond | 禹1薄工 <br> Dypmin <br> 도묘 1 <br> Izinf | THED <br> Nhedel <br> Petax <br>  | Opame <br> Aplat <br> Bem10 <br> Tretag | ＂I＇reatirat Manl Curicis of L＇Llagese |
| Envulainy | Jthong | Anflow | OLfotag | Wrublex |  |
| Commundixy | A덕Ig | पпताax | Dalan | Cineg |  |
| Poubhers | Qymut <br> Pacea <br> Rbant <br> Binil | Omaldg Gbeal H1ennu Thamit | Malyun <br> Lemoc <br> Vspesi <br> Rurij | Gradion <br> Bempp <br> Aralos <br> Bulap | Knowledge， Findisf and Use of Metals |
| Inwokidy | Lemeza | Aricesm | Nalapr | Wedsili |  |
| c＇otmand＇tit | P．tism | Condri | OnLebis | Otxata |  |
| Westerm | Amucs <br> NPHEt <br> Ot5y <br> ITanax | Marnal <br> Tatinもa <br> 12Ixp <br> 癿ざ场 | Xpacti <br> Vilat：in <br> De8p1 <br> Rndij | Arlle <br> 3195p <br> I口nil <br> Acrmai | Hnowledge听 ATI <br> Elemantal <br> Gנ＇ |
| 1лヶロkirat |  | Spmnit | Inassd |  |  |
| Commerailsy | Aloal | Tpi2 | Ritiojs | Mrasm |  |
| ねコロher | Aluam <br> Napsa <br> Dharuli <br> Shial |  Dolop Rxpuc <br>  | Proleo <br> Md木坔 <br> Tldpo <br> XTIEL | Deltit Dryun Dodpe Hgaran | Chanspara of Forim， Bactuce |
| IWwokrg | 4icapa | （nfuly | Malak | Toixdo |  |
| Exmmandin | Oijlt | Arble | Dlayd | giods |  |

The Gond Angels an the Oruginal Great Tithie
On the talke of the good angels，the letters extracted from the pillars of the lesser crosses to increase the number of letters in each name from four to five are indicated in boldfaced type．

## The Evil Angels

It only the first two letters in the name of cach good angel are laken，and to the front of them is prefixed the letter in the Black Cross that occupies Itse sane mow，the name of an wil angel is created．These evil angels dhways have rames of three letters，as Ave lells Tjee； ＂Every name，sounding of thee letters，heginning sut of Itat line［of the Black Cooss］，is the name of a Devil，or wicked Angel，as well from the right，as from the left．．．－＂

When describing sa Dee the four evil anpels of the sub－ quarter of the east on the watchawer of Ihe Fass，Ave says：

Aus：But if thou wilt semu sickucests then bake pwo of the lefters．and adde the letter of the Croase［Chee：Lhe black： cmase］to that，as jn the secourd，a T v．
［Dee：This a，is of the crase of wion，or the bhack cooses］
Aep：Then he is a withed puwer，and buitgeth in dis－ Base：and when than callest him，call hita by lie name of
 strain him backward，as Gujudi．

Dee：$T$ think the Constraint msust be，by the natue of the Transwersary backward proneumatid，as ol Audiza，is botk－ way，azdra：For ogiodir shuth bul wasel Lin to apow by the order of Jdaigo，used for the 4 good Augets＂
The meaning of this passage is that the evil angels are evoked or callod to visable appearance by the name of Cod in the pillar of the lesser cioss for Itwir particular subquatter read backwaru，from boitony to top．They are commanded fy the name of God in the anm of the crows read backpard，from right to lefl．Fheause they are exil， these invered names of God are divine to them，and hawe power ower them．

Theee is sonte confusion in the angelic transeript over whether the sixteen evil angels native to each Wath hower
should even be used in Enochian magic. Ave reters to them when he speaks ahout sending sickness, wut also ut cosnection with obtaining money in the form of coinc:

Ave: These [evil angels of the sourchern sthquan er] can give money cained, in Gald nir Silver.

Dee: Which theqe?
These wricked ones mean you?
Ave: I.
The other pise as mornef coined, hat the metial,
Dee: Youmean the gaod.
Avee I. ${ }^{13}$
This suggests that at least some of the ewil angels have a legilimate function in Enochian magic. However, a litile further on in theis conversation Awe shandy bort tradicts this assumption, much to Kelley's dispust:

Dew hs concerring the wicked here, Shall I call or sumsmout thers alls, as 1 do the good ones in the thame of Gorl?

Ave: No man calleth upon the name of God in the withod: They ere seriants and wile slawes.

Dee: We call upon the name of Jesus is the expulsing of devils, saying in the name of Jesus, elc.

Ave: That lis, is against the wirked. No jush man cailenh upun the name of God, to allure the devil.

Dee: Then they are not to be named in the first sumbmoning or invitation.

Ave: At no linje to be called.
Folty : How then shall we proced with them?
Ave: Whan the Earth lieth opened unto your epes, and whem the Aggels uf Light, shall ofter the passages of the Eardl, untu the entrance of your senses (chiefly of seeinaj) Than shall you see the Theasures of the Earihs, as you go: And the cawes of the Hills shall nal be unknewn unto yout Into thesta you נnay say, Arisc, be pane, Thate an di destructian. aud ul the places of darknesse: These ase prowided for the use of man. Su shall thou use the wicked, and no. ofherwise.

Dev:- This is as concerving the лatural Mines of the Farth.

Are' Nol so, for they have nothing to do with the matusal Nines of the Earth, but, with that which is comproter wilk math.
Lhe As coucenturg the winet they hawe power on hring it. Ale: 50 they mivy; that bey keep, and no owher.
De: How shall we know that they kepp, and what Wey luep not?

Alve: Read tuy lormer words; for thou inst mot mudersland tivitul.

Dee: I fead h: Legituing as the firsu lime nom this side, when we Angels of Light, ere.

I mean of coloed noney that they deep not, How shatl we to to serwe out necessities with it?
Aus: The good Augels are Minklefers for that purpmse. The curgels of the 4 angles shall make the Fath nom unto yurs, and shall serve your necessilies from the a pharrs of the Earth. ${ }^{\text {. }}$
This is mot exatily a clear statement on the pate of the angel. He seems to be saying that althought the evil angels can lee used to cause sith mess and olytain coined moner, they should not be named except to banisli them from the clay of human ilesh Dee thic not undelstant that Awe Was speaking about the dark places of the human body, not the mines of the Earld.
'Hee ollices of the cuil angels are substantially the same as those of their good brethren, but their areas ar induence are proverted to evil purposis. Fov exansple, the good angels of the eastern subquarters cure distase and teach medicine, while the evil adgels lring sickncss and ituath. The good angels of the southem subquaters teach the finding and use of melals, whille their ewill Iwitsis leach coumerfeiting and the wicked uses af money, such as garmbling- The food angels of the weblem sulnjuatters ceath the knowledge of elemenial spirits, while the evil angels teach the uses of these spirits for perverse or hartlul
ends．The good angels of the morlhert subluarlers leach transformations of form，while the evil angels teach the ant of idusions and trickury of the senses，

The table of the evil angels（opposice）shows them offices and the hovirtel tivine mames of the lesser erosses by which they are summoned and corit mandex as they akpear on the Original Creat Table of the Watchtowers．

As you can see，it is possible to extract another set of sixty－four ewil angels by combining ifse letters in the columon of the Bilack Cross with the pairs of letters in the same row that stand on the righl side of the lessex trosses，In the edstern subquarter of the Watchtower of the Easi，For example，the cacodemons are Xcz．Ator．Rsj and Pim，but with this method of extraction they might just $d s$ basily ke Xons，Att，Ras and Prd．Dee makes no gurpestion that rlais possibilify ever occurem lo lim， mor th the Enochian angels refer to it．［ merely mencion it here as a poinc of antertst．

## The Questions That Went Unansweret

The explatiation given by sue concernine the parts and uses of the Great Table is incomplete．Nowhere dous le mention the assouciations on the Table with the Tham peters of Kelley＂s Cieat Yision．Nealdur does lee explain Lhe link between the Table and the five Princes in each Watchtower who hold up the tralu wf the king．The Iela－ Lionship between the letcers on the beam of the Black Cross［what Thee balls llue＂Iranswersary＂）and the Watchtowers is not set forth．About alse misallitucte as spirits itaat kolloy saw，as Lee says，＂standing，after the sixteen Angels mext the Gate．＂Ave says ornly＂They Lee Minislers and servants．＂${ }^{\text {B }}$

| Spbaquartax |  | Watcht | Orfar |  | Functior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | E迷昍 | South | Nart | Horth |  |
| Easterm | 畐不 | Yui | M－a | Hoge | Brimprag Sickues ara［nss： 71 |
|  | 250 | 80： | Ont | Cup |  |
|  | 鳥i | His | Cp4 | C8\％ |  |
|  | FF\％ | Pis | 〕－3 | － 113 |  |
| Jாroking | 맨）d | 工scm．a | Atys－10 | Fmiluca |  |
| Bommerlias |  |  | Dcles | Sxali |  |
| Cnuthem | Na | Esm | 1614 | Hytic | Go゙aiming <br> Mmares ${ }^{5}$ <br> Coluleg． <br> Gowisn |
|  | 䣎 | Hath | Ole | DEC |  |
|  | kre | Rrl | ［ve | Cars |  |
|  | P11 | P1．s | H2\％ | Hbr |  |
| Issokior | 폳ull | M｜x | Fricler | İadev |  |
| Commardiug | \％1ap | Máriss | Leena | Sinloy |  |
| Wamberer | Cac | CTEs | Fix | Pust | Berse लux Evil Zises of the F．rametal． |
|  | 0 OD | 3in | Nut | $3 \times 1$ |  |
|  | 3 SoL | Wiz | Yin | H2\％ |  |
|  | 3 P 17 | 355 | Pra | Esic |  |
| L7roking | Txrovi | 7！ump | Ezazari | 9xciat |  |
| Bimonathlty | İctiz | ㄱplil | 4pata | Nfxiti |  |
| Northers | Cos | cos | 2pa | 害 | Pbacylive <br> 다anges of FO：Til Illustocs |
|  | Cris | OdS | sud | Asi |  |
|  | 1 HOC | $\mathrm{VIX}_{\text {IK }}$ | 3 j | Y193 |  |
|  | 5sh | 3 Mx | Ex，$\square^{\prime}$ | ErIM |  |
| Impekizis | Ianzia | mplates | TExan | 64x 104 |  |
| Comamiou | Ti土ia | gitra | ［4310 | moiz |  |

The Fith Angels on the Original Grwal Tohil！
Dee mate several poinced inturries about these and sev－ tal other more gerieral matters，but each time he was put off by the angels，who clearly had no intention of revealing these mysreries to hurn．Since they did not wish Des to actually use Fhochiar magic in his lifetimb（despite their
intimations to the contrary), they may hawe withheld this essential information to prevent him frem defying their order that he await permission to use the magic.

## The Princes

After considering the matter, il seems wery likely to me that the cour ranks of five Princes who hold up the trains of the Kings in Kelley's Yision are equivalent to the four rows of letters in the Tablet of Union, Eathitetter in the Tahled gi Union stands for a Prince. The tous rows in the Tablet are prolvably assigned to the Watchlowers if the same curious way that the Watchowers are numbered on the Original Greal Table.

1. Watchtower oi the East: ex a r p
2. Watthtower oi the South: he om तो
3. Watch ower of the North: na n c a
4. Watullower of the West: of it on

T3y live farniliar process of Enochian permutation, the single letter that stands for the name of each lrince may lxe extended into a fiveletter name that is derived from the rowr of letters to which it helongs.

This arrangement of the Princes on the Greal Table (opposite) is hased on my personal speculation. 1 have not encountered it elsewhere, not have I sen any dater confectures as to what the figures of the Princes in Kel ley's Vision may signify. It doLas sem very suggesive that thete are five Princes in each Watchtower, and that each row of the Tahter of Union has frve letters.

| 1. | EAS'1 | 3. | SOUTH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Princes nif eher Esct | Framp |  ulf life Sonth | Hepora |
|  | \%arpe |  | Comaht |
|  | Arpise |  | Osmilce |
|  | Rpexa |  | Makco |
|  | Pexat |  |  |
| 3. NDETTI |  | 4. | WEST |
| Print: oi the Nowh | Naงla | Primery of the なRESL |  |
|  |  |  | Etranh |
|  | Nitanc |  | lombl |
|  | Tacep |  | Dubtü |
|  |  |  | Mbisa |



## The Trumpeteles

Regarding the dher mystery, the meaning of the single Tinmpeter with his strange hurn of six openings arranged in the shape of a pytamid or (seen from the fromi) a triallgle, my guess is ulat this refers to the letrers at the intersections of the five crosses tn each Watchtower. Every lesser conss has a single lecter at its intersction, but the Great Cross that runs liropugh the nuiddle of the Watehtower is double, and has two leters at its indersection.

These six letters, watheret together would make a single name, One reasonable way to gather them is to lathi hhem in a clockwise circle around the Watchtower bepinning with the lesser cross of the eastern sulbularler, and enting at the center with the lwa letters of the Great Cross.' This is the sante pattern by which the name of the King is derived. The following four narnes af six letrers would resull:

1. Waechtower of the East: D I o i a ly
2. Wathlower of the South: Nrpbal
3. Watchtower of the Nortly: 0 a $\%$ a a a
4. Watchtower of the Wert: Lead s I

Again, ithis is speculation unsupported by any state. ment of the angels. The lithers all the inmersections of the crosseg are surely of sipniticance in the schente of Enechian magic, hut what this sidnificance may be remains unknown.

## "The Letters of thf Transversary"

Ave explains the use of the lefoms bithe colurnm of the Black Cross upon the Great Table in detail. They soem to embody the divine mergy thal vilalizes the lesser angels and demons, when added to their mames. The rave of the Black conss symbolize the four rivers that flow out of the throne of God in Paradise iand in thow Jerusalem, which ss Iaradise returned to the Earth). However, Ave says nothing at all ahom the lelters in the atm of lhe Hack Cross.

Dee was curious as to why the lhre geographical regions or genii of the tenth Aether (Lexntph, Conjaban, Tabitom] had been chasen for form the leters of the Black Cruss. Ave refused to enlightem him.

Dee: If thank a mystery did depuend upan the chalce oi the three games, Lewarph. Lomman, and Tahhom, Ave: That is not to mur pirpose. ${ }^{18}$

LHe persists, as this matrer is obwionsty ne the grates importance. Liter in the same conversation he asks:

Dee: of the Leterts in the Transversary of the wicked thel black Crosict 1 kisw no use, as of matiwal; nan, etc. Awe: Thou stide know, when thou witest thy book. ${ }^{13}$

This was only another way of pucling [he of the question. Dee was nothing, if nat persistent. Five duys Lather he gol atamber chance lo ath Ause ther same questiom:
the: of the fetters in the 'hanswersary, I would kuyw your will.

This is the only chue we get concerniteg lie leltery in the amm of the Black Cross. but it is a usceul hint. It appeare plat the letters of the anm are to be added to the front of angel banmes extracted by reatiog che letters in the: subquarters of the Great Table in columns. The names extracted from the pillars of the tessel crosstes wotld pirtiably be divine names by which the athers are invoked,
 the pillars in the case of ewil angels. The divine almes would have seven leders, llut uarmes of the gogel arlgels six letters (five plus the intensifies in the atm of the lesser tross), and the rames of the evil argats five letters. The good angels of the columns may be commanded by matiing the names on the arms of the associated Jesser crosses Trom laft to right, white lhe evil angels al the coblames are commanded by readiag the names on the ams of the lesser crosets Jrom righal la lefl.

## The Good Angels of the Columns

For whan this speculation may be porth, 1 have arraged the conjectured names of the good angols of the columns, along with their invoking God names, in the table on page 21 (G. Their funclions are anknowh. As is true of all the other tables in this chapter it is based on the Original Great Table, and would be different fict

| 40上quaxt＊x | Hatohtowers， |  |  |  | Functios |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fust | gouth | Net |  |  |
| Eastex | Hacts <br>  <br> Lsc．ter <br>  | Emari <br> Culrse <br> Ex：TuTM <br>  | Fetmpe <br> Mhataid <br> Memai <br> ［codxa | ［7arsen <br> 0lpece <br> Pans： <br> Matoy |  |
| Cuxd Rinas | Tidaige | hanctol | H3．rota | Tnoslus |  |
| 3 Buthern | Dpopra <br> Tayzisl <br> Ta＇l00I <br> paxchi | 곰gㅍi <br> Boniby <br> racanh <br> ANElul | ＇Jрт．\}uт <br> 7远迫 <br> Ibrogo <br> Mbrenti | Abogesh <br> Chacmi <br>  <br> Barpxp | Dicown |
| Cod tisares | M12acza | Пacaeer | ILelafi | Statinli |  |
| Hestert | zamper <br> Glcpta <br> Ta工eno <br> Statix | Knis <br> slsaze <br> 01ebsi <br> Mal新 | W2xu： <br> Ltpaiay <br>  <br> fargil | Zouspu <br> Iritac <br>  <br> imenit | Ur：zow |
|  | Wialicza | Tzumix | Tjuzasd | Mrsiap |  |
| wosthert | Coanges <br>  <br> IL <br> REw | Sastra <br> Crincx <br> H20a！ <br> ม2xaper | Yopgix <br> Andif <br> ©actuu <br> LAonoh | Fgidgr <br> Gisiog <br> AtLopa <br> Catnan | Wrakrekn｜ |
| Dual hamen | Teiadial |  | Mmulali | Tunixia |  |


the Retomed Table of Raphael and my own Restored Table clue la the differen plawemenis of olde Watchom． ers of the quarters，and miner vaniations in the letter－ ing．

## The Evil Angels of the Columns

In the Tual table I have extracted the names af the con－ iectured cwil atsels of the columns from the Origina］ Great Table，along with the inwermed names of God by which they miy be invoked．Their functions are： unknown．Perhaps the gond and evil angels of the columns，about which Ave says nothing at all，play a part in the apocalypele．transformation of the world

|  |  | Patch | tomers |  | Fructien |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sulaquataf | Satit | south | Wata | Sorth |  |
| Eastert | Metst | Wari | Atrep： | Weest | Dalkican |
|  | Ovide | Pixes | 3abai | Draca |  |
|  | Intian | 17 Tring | revai | Lreiz |  |
|  | Estsi | 3evir | hatixs | Entag |  |
| Con thames | Tegindi | Hiceral | Mitcolo | Trsham |  |
| 5outhers | nowad | Lugti | Erlue | meat | bavam |
|  | Tyabi | Incla | Tаези | Fictic |  |
|  | majer | cmat | O9\％es | Stion |  |
|  | Stacti | Welut | Mersii | HUPMP |  |
| Grd Wan？ | 14880811 | \％teraina | Tapalal | N－1adia |  |
| Weaterch |  | Eriis： | Fixurit | Mappu | Wikcom |
|  | Tcptn | Ieaz： | Iposis | mias |  |
|  | hranem | Oabsi | Gespi | arsla |  |
|  | HyLix |  | Mrsil | Mepry |  |
| Cred Hyms | Fimmod | Tricme | －deasid | Watuix |  |
| Wexthee | Hinus | Haters | \％owix | watcr | drinoma |
|  | Dinat | 740x | Asdit | cricn |  |
|  | Itcena |  | TCzect | Izum |  |
|  | Paum］ | Aspor |  | Etusu |  |
| Gna feres | Tiacala | zaluce | N\％ARTan | \％malos |  |



Which is so oren mefered la try the Enochian angels jo their conversations with Dee and Kelley. This might he 1he reason Ave relused lo explain the fuctection of the columns and the beam of the Black Cross to Dee.

## Chapter Fourteen

## The Enochian Keys

## The Transmission of the Keys

Ithe last word of the Cirst Key, or Call, was transmintedt ta Dee through Kelley by llu angel Nalwage on the morning of hpril 13 , 1584 . The Keys were reveded hackward to prevent Dee from inalwertently using them as. inworations when mepating them?

Nalouge: Unto this Docernte helnageth the perlect Hourleder ant ientembunce of the mysticall createres. How therelore shall I informil you, which know chen aut?

Ever. Meant youl ds isalbyon. Fiohoyrel, Etc.
Naltuye: The Chatacters, or liftera of the Tables.
Det: You mean the mpitical Tetters, wherein the holy trook is prourissd to be writery and if the hank he sa written and tail uper Lefote us, and then you will from. Letter to Leller poumat, and we to lecond your instructions: Then I trust we shall sutlicicuth' utchenland, ani leam your insrumions.

Notuge: Alse la rereivirg of the calls, the ja to te noted: thal tuw ate to he natered nif me, backwardi and ol

Due: I widectand It, for the efficary of thew, eles, all thiser called woll appear; and so hinder aur proctubilug in leaning'
The Keys correspond in number to the iorty-nine Large tetter mumber squares of Elee's $\sqrt{2} n \boldsymbol{k} k$ of Enach save that the firsi falde an the hook has no Key, Nalvare expilains to Dec:

1 finde the soul of iman lieth no portion in this first Tablie, It is the lmage of the soll of Got, in the hosome of his Barher, before all the workds, It comprehendeth his thearmation, passian, and return to ludgemeni: which hev himself, in ilesh, knoweilt tot; all the rest are of undersanding. The exact Center excepted,
The first unexpressed call would seen to correspond with the smat crose at the end of the magic stguart of the names of the seven angels who bum ats flames betore the throne of heawenly Christ (feweldior 4-5). If this is so, then the other forty-eigit Calls probab] comespond with the indilvilual letters in this scjuare, moving throngh the square from back to front, This is only conjecture on my part, however.

The Keys were deliwered backwand lether by lenter tan least in the initiol stape), and and of their pooper sequence This was a torturous puricess that must have surely nrintid the facience and endurance of both Dee and Kefley:

## 86.

A [Two chonasand and fourtecn, in the stith Table, is? D 7003. [th the thireenth Table is 1 .

A in the 21th Tatele. L140G duwnward.
I Jit the last Table, one lesse thea Numblec: A word, Iaida you shat understand, what that word is before the sum gor dewnu, laidda is the last word of the call.

## 85

11 49, ascending $T$ 49. descendiug, A 907, directly: B shaply.

11 2029, directly, call it Hoads

## 84.

225, Prom the how angle on the riphe side, contiming in the
 A Li the thireenth Table, 740 . asconding in his spere

M The wht Tathe, Ilat25 anom the low angle in the lef-wide. In the square ascending.
Call it Mad,"
In this painful and contusing mannet Nalvage revealed the last three Enochian words of the First key of the forry-eight that are expressed. Apparenry (though it is far from certain) the angel pointed to letters with a fod on a momd cysial table on which he was standinp. Kelley saw this in the showstone and reported the position al the polater to Deb, who thent looked up the corresponding letters on his onwe written tables. As Keller worked, the mysial hatole of Nalwage became clearer: "IIjs Table now appeareth wery evidently to me, as that I could paint it all, ${ }^{-4}$

## The Keys and the Great Table

It is my conwiction, based on the overall structure of the Great Table, than the Feys From lle Thiod wo the Figltiteench unfold themselves upon the Table in four overlapping clockwise circles (see the diagrarn orn the next page). Each circle begins in a subquatter of rhe Eastem Watchtower. Each passes through the midide of the lesiser cross of the corrosponting subquaters on the other three Whatchtowress. The circles are numbered
 quadrants-that is to say, the fisst cifcle begins in the eastere, or firse. subryarler of the wasthenter of the East; the second begins in the southern, or scond, subquarter; the third begins in the northern, or third, sulbguarter: and the fourth circle begins in the wescern, or fourth, subquarter.


Four Cucies of the Neys on the Crater whble
The first two Kerss probmbly relate to the pillar and bean oi the oentral Black Cross on the Great Table. The mexpressed primordial Koy that morresponds with the ifis of the forty-nine Tables of Enoch maty relate to tha center of the Black Cmbs. Il should be deripnated by a zero, shmilar to the use of zemo for the first card of ilie Tarol [the Fool].

This relationship of the Keys to the Gevat bable is never clearly slated by the angels, but may be deduced from internal evidence in the Keysi for the watchowers, the Llowe Iatys of each Great Cross are explicirly
given to the Eather, Sonn and Holy Ghost of the Chrisfian trinity, I suspect than che pillar, beabi, and center of the Hack Cross are also linked wint the trinily. The Father is probatlly assigned the pillar of the Back Crobs, and the First Key, The Son is probably assigned the beam of the Black Cross, achal the Second Eery. The Holy Spirit, who is the unsean Mother of many of the Erobiluan angels, is probably aseigued the intersection of the Hlack Coss, which is a dimensionless point, and the unexpressed primordial Key that has nothing directly to do with the human race or the Earth.

In lle biblical nt?! aphor of New Jerusalem, which is so intimately linked witli Enochian mabic, the Father and Sorn are combined in the fipure of leovenly blorlst. who bas the splite hair of an olis mand ljust as the thair of Moses turned white while he commoned with Gond and recelved the len Commandments\}. In Rewedarion, the heavenly Chtist is described both as a king who stif in dulharity and passes judgrnerals, and as a memonted conquering prince who wiches a twa-edget sword of retribulion. The Holy chlost is represented by the thone on which heavenly Christ sils ar the exact center of New Jencsalem. From the thone thow the fout civers of Parallise, corresponating to the four atms of the Hlack Cross.

It is ntual in Enochan Magic to progress backwatis from the end to the heginning. This was the course folJowed by Aletster crowley when he worket he invocations of the thisty Aemers. He began with the blirtieth and ended with the first. It is possible that in stae firial apowalype working vine of the eighlesen distinct Reys is lat the wibrated each day, begtoring with the elghteenth and working backward to the first. In this way, the magician would proserss four times omoterclockwise atound the Greal Talbe, beginning its the norlif and ending in
the east (the process by which the table of clay wos revealed to Dee and Ketiey in the initial Iransmission of the Watchtowers), thell would follow the two ams ai the Black Cross to the center of the for Watchtowers. where lies the Fountain of Holy Spirit. It is through this fountain of Spirit that blae thirty Aethera are to be accessed. The inlersection of the Great Cross is the doonsay into the Grear Table of the watchtowers.

## The Author qe tie Enochian Keys

The Enochian Keys are clearly situal inwocations (or evocationg, depending on whether the spirits to whom they are applied are called in, or called outt. Yer in discussing the Book of Spirits, the angel Ave tells Dee that he musi write the invocations for the [ook himself, since invocation is a fimetion of the free will and fer went heal of the human soul, and angels have nop part in it. When Dee presses Ave 「or more details, the angel says "I know not: for I dwell not in the soul of man."

If the angels cannot write invocations, and if the Kives are invocations, then who wrole the Keys? And why? It secms rextuntan that Dee should have to witite a contplete set of invocations to comtat and bind the angels of the Watchupwers when he has already been given a come plete set of invocations thy the angels themselves.

The function of the keys must be different from the function of Dee's owan set of invorations, which was intended to initially call the angels of the Creat Table during an cligheen-day working. It may be that Dee's invocations were also to be used in regutarly summoning the angels. Are talks about a book that is only to be used on one day, hut this canmol seler to the Eiook of Spirils that contained Dee's invocations, which was to
be used for at least cighteen days. As I have indicated, the book of one day probably is the Book of Silvered Laves, which was (I believe) to be employed to record the seals and sipnatures of the invoked angels. No limit is glaced on the nse oi Dee's own invocations.

Ir is usual for modern Enochinn mapicians to vibrate the Keys fo sumanom the angels of the Watchtowers for Everyday rituad worlc. This was the Golden Dawn practice. The founders of the Gotden Dawn dik nol unterstand the need for the magician to compose on original set of invocations to establish initial contact with the angelels. In the Golden Dawn, ouly the Theys were used to inwoke or ewoke the angels.

Perthaps the Keys have a higher and more specific purpose than everyday invacation. If they were not composed by the itugels, but rather somenne above the angels, they muss have been written by the Father of Heaven, or by heavendy Christ the Sola, or by the Mather of the angels who refers to bersetf only by the tite I AM. They may be the text of the unrecorded apocalypse workhige, which I have postalated as the dark and secret heart of the Enochian communications.

Enochian majecians who employ the Reys castadly for personal reasons may be unwittingly debasing chem and abusing their power. of course, if this is soi, only the smallest fiaction of the power af the Kers would be released during, this awkward and inappropriale application. It would be akin to using a hundred-ton hydraulic press to hammer in a nail.

## TEXT OF THE Kfys

The Enochian versions of the Fers were revealed before the English tranglations, although in some cases the

English was remtaled alont with the Enochian. ㄱ Casaubon the initial recording of the Keys is, to say lou leasi, con「astat, 'loward the end of the process, frag ments of one Key are conixed with fragments of anomher Fortumately, the Euplisll translatipns later provided by Nalvage are much clearec.

Ilee recorded the text of the Keys and its translation ir a much more readable form in bis manuscript do Glaves Arselicae," and it is this meanuscript version ant its prinnos Hanserjpts Hat 1 have followed in the cor rected text of the Keys that appears here. I have adherent to Dows own practice of writing the Enochian in rows from leit to right, with the Eaglish ranslation directly above each word

Some of the Enochian worts are writuen in capitals by Dee. These are the power words, the actually triggers that bring alooun the wisual apparition of the angels. It swill be noticed that two forms of the Enochian wowd for "mnwe" are used, ZACAR and ZACARe ZACAR appears much more fiscquently. In my onimion the lower vase " e " appended to the end of the word is intended metely as ata aid to promunciarion. The hypherated Envelian words are compound words that are mritten as single words in Dese's mantuscipl, I have inserted the hyphens to make it easier to understand their composirion. Fot the sake of clarily, I lawe removed the hyphens that Dee put into single words (apparenty as an aid to prombutil alions). Hhe Epeehian words in square brackets have been insented by me to fill in otwintes gaps in the Pnothian lext. [3urists may prefer to ipnore them.

It has been observedt that the Enophian languate is excrandinarily compact, that one word in Enochiath oiten signifis all emire plurase in English. This fact has been used to support sceptics' claims uhat Enochian is
mot a reall language. Ii we lonk at a French word in a French-English dictionary and compare Its size with the size of the English defintion that accompanhies it, this is hardly evindence that French is nol a lancenafe, Also, it should be noted than Det was often writing she definiriorse or destriptions of difficult Enoctian mords not merely their tramsiations, Probably no adequate IramsaLiwn exists in Englizh for' mamy ol uhege words.

## First Key

I reigll over ypu, saith the God of Justice, Ol sonf worsge ghlo lad Bade

in whose hands the Sun is as a sword, and the Moon soblert zol ror I ail Mazpeste od Crad
as a through-lurusting fire, which measureth in malprg. ds holy
vour earments in the midst of my westures, and gad Horbod eiriz ad Irussed you together as the palnis of my hands mothose comutoh ta mobloh ziert solde
seats I garnishat with the fire of gathering whilch
thil grtorp prge dis
besutified your garcments with admiration; wo wilun wits aboleh E-rsurric casurm
I matle a Law to Rovern the Ioly Dres, which ohorela tribt $\mathrm{Fi}_{1}$ ds
delivered you a cod with the ark of knowledpe. ronrereq ent erml Julunk.
Moreower, you lifted ty your woices and swore obedience Pirlt form zita adna
and faitle to Jim that liveth and mimmpheth; whose gone dadpil ds hored soli; solar
berghnigy is not, nor ent cannont lse, which shineah [ford ipam. ui ipomis; ds bowlo
as a flame in the midst of your palace, ambleggnom Hep zoma poemal. od bogpa
amongst you as the ballance of riphteousness and trulh.
aai la pudp phomos ad vacir
Mowe, thercfore, ant show yourselves! Open
ZACARE $\mathrm{ca}_{\mathrm{B}}$ od ZAMRANI OLo
the mysteries of your crbation. Tie friendy unto me: cicte Gaa Zorge:
for I am the seriant of the same your God,
lep zindo now MAD,
sthe true worshipper of the Hishest.
Bamilt
Jelific.

## Second key

Can the Wingts ar itbe Winds understand your woices Adigt Upaik Zorg om forip
of wonder, 0 you, the Second di the First? Whoon silus, Via L? Sobamt
the Burning Flames hawe framed Jarfprg

## innerz

within the deptles of my jaws; whom I have prepared as

cups for a wetuling or as the fowers in their besuty talho paracháa q-te lorsiç furles
for the chamber of rishleoushess, stronger are
rego Jaltoh. Civi chis
your feet than the barren stome, and meghtiep ate Tusif orri, out micolp chis
your voices than the manifold winds; for you are bewome bud nzongon: Lap noan
a building such as is not, but iea the mind trof cors tt ge og markin
of the All-powerful. Arise, sath the First! Mowe, Jaidal Jotzit goter ! ZACAR. therefore, unto his servants! Show yourselves in pawer, (as) E-Fopod ZAMRAN micalzo,
and make me a strong see-thing, for I am
al oxuzin Jiesp, Lqu zir
40) Hin that liwath fomever.

Iotiad

## Third Key

Behold, satith your God, I ann at ejrele Whirrd, goho Plizl, zir comselh
on Whose hands stand 12 kinpdoms; six are the seats a-zier biab as romaris norzetis othil
of liwing treath, the vest are as sharp sickles, or gigipat, und chis ta puiri, Q
the horns of dealli; wherein the creatures of the Earth mosplen teloch; quire toltorg
die and are not except by mine bwn liand: which also chas i-chiti-ge M ozien: ds-t
slmen and shall rise. In the firsi I made you slewards brgate od rorzri. P-L col bolzarg and placed you in sears 12 of government, giving
od arda thilr os metadi hilmga
unto every one of you power succussively over 456 , purnserg bonsa capmiali bors rims.
The true ages of time, to the inlent that, hormil wows?,
fafers.
from the highes vessels and the corners of ivizop od mifugs de
your goveruments, you might work my power, pouring clawe

the fires of life and increase on the Earth continually, malpurgi Causg pild,
'Trus yod are become the skiris ofi Jusice and Truth. Nodr Brailah Bals od toume
In the name af the same, your God, lift up, I say, Daxiap

MAD, goholor, gohws,
Wourselves, Behold, his melcies tlourish, and mame

is bocome michty annomps! usis, in whom we say, move, nodr mixhle ariomm: casarme golid, ZACAR, descend and apply Yourselwes unto us, ats unto partakers whiglag ond incuamit, pugo padal
of the setrel wisdom of yout creation.
anarael groni.

## Fourih Rey

1 have set my feet in the stith, and Othil liasdi barbose, od
have looked about me, saying, are now dorphe, gohol gchisge
the 'Thumders of Thcrease numbered 33 , which reigm Avavage comm fric d-sont
in the second anple? Under whom I have placed 9639 viu-itu? Casarmi ouli mapm whon nome hath yet numbered bat one; in whon sobum ag cormpo, erpl $^{2}$ alisyms
the second beginming of things are ant wax smone; croodzi chis od ugeg;
which also successively are the number of time: and di-1 capunali chis appincore: od
thedr powers are as the first 456 . Arise, you cirms lonshint cilisica to cla lorgu Nor
of Pleasure, and wisit the Earlh: for
Quasahia ckl F capsga: bagle
I am the Lord your God, which is, and liveth.
Zit-ena-iad, dsi-i od apila.

In the name of the craabs, move, and show yourselves Dowio Doal $\angle A C A R$. $A 1$ ZAMRAN
as fleasan deliwerers, that you nay praise him amon get obelisurg.
rest-el aly
the sous of men. nor-molap.

## Fifth Key

The Wighty Sounds bave encered into the thint SogMr zimuil

D
atige, and are beoone as glives jo the Olive Moumt, diu od shas ta qaatis Adroch. looking with glauness upon the Earth. and dwelling fopphi Frocivinal Gaosg od pasmes
In the brighness of the heavens as coulinual camfoners:
[7ucijizas] peripwi an blior:
uralo whom 1 fastened pillass of glatness 19, ond ceISama amipzi naz-ath
ar ad
gave then vessels to waler the Earth
duger zizop zlidia Culogit
with her crealures; and they are the hwothers tal-torgi out z-chts esiasch
of the firse as of the second, and the beginting $\angle$ ta wix! ad iond
of their own seats, which are atroished Ludd ds peral
with continually bumbing lanps 69636 , whose inumiptr; [pid? hubar prowik soba cormta
are as the First, blee ends, and the combents of time.
chis da ta, bis, od q-cocasib?
Therelore come you and aboy your creation; wisit us Ca तiIs od derbs paxs: $F$
is peace and comfort; conchude $u 5$ as receivers

of your mysteries. For why? Our Lond and Maseer culte Baste? Genedd
is all one.
i-1.

## sixth Key

The spirics of the lowtli angle are nine, mighty Guh 5 diz min micrizo
in the firmaments of walers; whom the First hath planded priziti sondmy Ei hary
as a torment to the wicked and a garland meir brbution od obloc
to the sighteous, giving unt them fiery darks to wan samvelg, dígar marpreg ar
He tarlis, ant 7699 contirual workmen; whose courses

visit with comiont the Earth, and are in povemment F-blaml Cologis ad chis artide
and continuance as the second and the thitus.
nu midm tid viv od D.
Whachore, harken unto ryy voice: ifave alked of you Dersar, solpeth bris. brita
ankl. [ move your in power and presence, whose works od ZACAM Emicrto soblui-atis
shall be a song of honor and the praise of wour God

in your creation.
qution.

## Seventh Key

The east is a house of wirgins sinping praises

amongst the Flames of the first glory, whercin the Lord swo Jopricgelt Eratir Eray bath opened his nouth, and they are hecome: 28 butmon, ad i-noess ni
living alwalling in when tle streryglt of men rejoiceth; paradial casams uscar
chürlini:
and they are appareled with omaments of brightness, LuI zonac THEificus.
such as work wonders on all creatures; whose kingdoms कos sor tount zirst
ton-harte;
wabl luridoh
and continuance are as the thind and iourth,
sxd ruider chis $a \pi$ D od Es,
stmig towers and ploces of comfort, the seats of mercy urradea ckd pi-bhiar ithil-rit
arst toulituracice O you servants of Mercy, move,
od miert G-Noqued Rit, ZACAR,
appeas, simp praises unte the Crambr, and he mighty ZAMRAN, werimt Godoh, od amicoolz
amongst us; for to this remembrance is givelt puwir, wai-om, bogle fapmor i-flugam lonshi.
ant our strength wayeth strong in our Comforter od umplif uggegi Bighul.

## Eighth Key

The midday, the first, is as the thirll heavem Frizuts bo. I Lil [D] piripson
made of pillars of hracinth 26 , in whom the Elders oft raz-a-wbh ax, GLirmes UTan
are litconte stmong; which I have prepared

for my own righteousness, saith the Lord, whose batioha, goho lad; soba
Jong continuance shall be as bucklers wo the stonping midum friail en tolcis abai
Dragont, and like unto the harrest of a widow. How smavy Vuin, ad aziogler rior. Irgil ane theme whinh remain in the glory of the Earth. chis da ds pouder busel Eanger.
which are, and slall nol set deah, until ds this. ad ip-urar teloah cacarg
this house fall and the [Dragn sink! Come away, for

Ihe Thinnders have spoken conte away, for the crowns Avarger gotan: ruitso bagle rromano
of the lemple and the coat
Siaion ad mbleza
of Him that Is, and Was, and Shall] Be Crowned, Jadoiasmertar,
are divided. Conse, appear so the remor of the Eartll, pwips NiLs ZAMRAN crout Cmspo. arut ho out comitart, and of such as are prepared. oul bitors, omi corsi th abruasige

## Winth Key

A mighty guanc of fine wilh two-edged swordy Wiculifi braise prgel supta
Daming [which have vials of of whath for wo times ialpor bes brincrafute P wogpho olami. and a half: whose Wings are of whmwood, and od obza: sobca Upinsh chis tatan, od
of the marrow of salt], have settled their [eet thanar balye), Miliz

Lusda
in the west, and are measured with their mufltwhen

9996. These pather up lie mose of the Earth as cial. Lirad aldorz mom Liosgo th the rich man doth his treasere. Cutsed are they tas ollor gray lural. Amma chits
whose iniquities ther are! In their eyes are sob:\%2 madrid $z$-chis! onmpor chis
millstones greater than the Earlh, and aviny dribpi Cotosgina od
firm their mouths rus seas of blow. Their heads butmoni parm zumui culifa.

Dizuz:
ate covered with diamond, and upon lheir hands are ethame achibleo, od mire otol chis
marble sleevers. Happy [s he on whom they frown not. pudiad collin? Uleinin a-soberm acim.
For whly? The Goid off Kiphtcousness rejoiceth in them. Bagle Iadballoit chirlar phrt.
Come away, and not your vialsi For the time

is such as requareth comerert.
i.cors-ta unig blior.

## Tenth Key

The Thunders of Tumbement and Wrath are numbered Corizan chis compr
and are harbored in the morth: in the likeness od bhans iwal aziazor
of an oak, whose brancles are nests 22 of lamentation prebs sobi dulonor chis wirg op eophan
and weeping. laid up for the Earth, which burn sight and radir, mansi bagle Cmosgi, is ioppon tosig and day, and wonit out the lieacds of scompons and od basgim, od buek dazis siatris ond
live sulphur mingled with poison. These he the Thunders salfrex cyruir
fabourd Intal-chis Const
that 5678 times in the 241 h part of a moment roar
4) daon cocrsb) al oanio jur
with a hundred mighty earthquakes and a thousand times cors whim pizs:ux of math covas b
as many surges, which rest not, meither know any plosi muled ds pageip, tarag the druin quiet time. Here one rock bringeth forth jubur rrimorb carcash, Emna $L$ patrals yolici math ewen as the heart of man thoth his thoughths. Whate, wou, nomig monons olora gray angelard ohia, ohia, wore, woe, woe, woe, yea, woe be to the Earth. for ahio, ohia, ohio, chic, hail, ohio

Causgon. begbes
ther iniquity is, was, and shall be, great. Come away, muitid I, zimop, chiso. dripha, Néso,
but not your noises!
דтip ip ridali!

## Eleventh Key

The mighty Seal froaned, and there were 5 Oxiryol holdo, ad zimm o
Thunders which flew into the east; and the Eagle Comtery ds zindar ruasy od Volizir spake, and cried with a loud voico, Come away! Ant comntiar of tahal, Nitiso! lot
they galliered lhemselwes together aud became the louse aldon od noms! silmun
of death, of whom it is measured, and it is as tedoch, cesammar holy. on $t-i$ tra
they are whose number is 31 . Come away, for zthis sobla ofrof I ga Nisd, bragle
I have plepared for you! Move, therefore, and abramg moncr: ZACARe ca, od
show yourselwes. Open the mysterige of yout creation. Z/MKAN. Odo cicle quad
Ba friendly unto me, for !am the servant Zorge, hap zitile roce
of the same your cod, the tue worshipper of the Highers.

$$
\text { LAD } \quad \text { 「WWS }
$$

Finin.

## Twelfh Key

0 you that reign in the sould, and ane $2 A$, Womei d-sini bohage out chis obs
the Lanterns of Sorrow: bind up your sirdles, and Hithato herip; allar atramh od wisil us. Aring down youl train 3 㓦 3 , that the Lord eft Drix Fafere mikit, if Bray may be matenified, whose hame amongst you is Wrath, ovat: soba dooain ati i Fowit
Mowe, I say, and show yourselwes; ghen the myandites

of Yout creation; be triendly unto me, for 1 am qad zorge lip zitdo
the serwan of the same your God, the true worghipper now MAD,

मिए M
of tle Hioghes,
Inda

## Thirleentll Key

O you Swords withe souths which have 42 eyts

to sith wheth of sin, making men drunken whick tritg voriph dodim, eqlis ollog omba ds
tre emply: |hehold the promise of Gad and his power,
 which is called amungsi yoi a hitter sting. Mower and fis i-wnd dai CROSB ZACAM, od show yourselves; open the nuysteries of your netanion; ZINBAN: कीd cicle qua;
be friendly unto me, tor I ann the servant
zorge,
bIए zirfl romp
of the same your ciod, the true worshipper of the Highest.
MAD, Tocilt Trilla

## Fourteenth Key

0 you Sons of Furf, the Daughters of the Just, Woronet Bigle, Pasbs Diad,
which sit upom 24 sears wexing all creatures ds tristetaitc an! hail dods rol-ham
of the thath wisla age; which have under woul 1636 :

behold the voice of Goh, prornise of Thm
mixhul bial Diad, aisro Tox
Which is called amongst you Fury for kxtremit Justicen dis-i-um tad [Bingic ( $q$ \} Eudtim)
Nowe and show yourse[ves: open the mysterjes ZACAF od ZAMNAN do cicle
of your erchlicin; be friendly theone, for I am qua, zorge, lap zindo
the servant of the same your Gomt, whe biue whrshipper row hant howit?
af the Highest.
Juida

## Fifteenth Key

0 thoul the Guvernor of the first Flame,

$$
\text { Its Tafam } \quad \text { L-ialprt, }
$$

under whose wings are 6739, which weave the Eath

with dryness, which knowest of the great mame
orscor, ds distar Promesti

Rightomshes ath the seal of homot: move ant Beeovib od emetgis iatadix: ZACAR od
show yourselves; open the mysterjes of your creation. ZAMRAM: Dib cicle प(ac:
be tiriendly unto me, for II atn the servant zover. bap ziruly shoct
of the satme yout God, the true wotshipper of the IIighest,
MADJ herh
saida.

## Sixteenth Key

O thou second Flane, the House of Justice, which

hast thy beginaing in glory, and shalt comfort brini acrevizi busd, od bliorter the inst; which wallect on the Earih whin Feet 876 balit; ds-istsi Caosg Lusdan emodl
that undersiand anul separate creatures greal arl ds-om ad thiob hami: drilpageh
thou its the Coct-ot-Stretch-Forth-and-Conquer. Move and its Marzilwilup. ZACAR mb show yourselves: open the mysteries of your creation,

be frienuly mintome, for I ant the servanl zorge. lay zirtur mow
of the same your God, we true wrorshipper of the Highest MAD Jexal fl Jaida

## Seventeentl Key

0 Lhow third Flame, whose Winges are nloorns Jis D-ialprt, woha bpant chis nanbut
to stir up vexation, ant hast 7336 Lamps Living going zixdiy dodsit, ad brint foxs IFAbarc tastox
betore thee; whose God is Wrath-in-Anger: girif rif Wig rabo lad I Vorywrongh: alator
Iby loins and harkenl Move and show yourselves; open dexil of lounir! ZACAR od ZAMLAN: oda
the mysteries of your creation; be irlendly unto me, for cicle graf. zorge, Lap
1 am the servant of the sume your cod,
Iris noco NAD.
the tue worshipper wh the Highest.
Mopzh Iada.

## Eighteenth Key

Q thou miaghy light and Burning Flame of comfort. is micaolz olprit bl balprg bliers,
which openess the glory of god to the center is brio busdit Ghed wounits of the Earth, in whon the secrets of Truth 6332 have Chosgor casames laiad 「Woodrl] emm brints their abiding. which is callect in chy kingdom Joy, and cafofain, is i-iard a-q-boadohi mos, owi
not to be measured: be thou a window of comfort unto me. macaff: bolp ourk-blion permint
Mawe and show yousselves: open the mysteries
ZACAR ad ZAMRAN; ado cicte
of your creation; be friendly unto mes, for I am
qan: zorge lap zirdo
the servart of the same your God, the tree worshipper rowa MAD.
boarh
of the Ilighest. raida.

## Fey of the Thirty Aethers

0 you Heavens which ctwell in (the first Ais') are Modriak ds-praf
(LIL) chis
mighty in the parts of the Earth, and execute mictol shardi Gmogo, nix fisis
the fudgement of the Highest. To you it is said: behold balzizras Jatida. Norate ghinhime: miconu?
the face tof your Got, the beginming of combort; whose adoiar MAD iad bliorb; sobez
eyes are the briphtness of the lowatis; whiclu onamal ches lucirtias peripsol: ds
provided you for the govemment of the Earth, amd lier
 unspeakable warlety, furnishing you with a power adphahe damploz towat portof gemicirlz wif unclershanding to dispotse all hhinge according oma drasd rotglo marts
to the providence of Him-Thist-sitteth-On-6in-Holy-Thmane, y/ury

PDOTGO.
and rose up in the beginaing. saying; the Earth. od torzmp atadaf grome Caosga, let her be gevemed by lier parts, and lethere be
tadeomi
samair, od chasteas division in her, that the glory of her may be always yrpoil tiobl buscit tilb roulre pain
dranken and wexad in itself; her comese.
oribta od dodrmiti zytrice elaptilb,
fet it run with the heavens, and ass a bandmaid famingi peripsax, od ta grimist
let her serve them; one season, let ir confoum another, boodgis: l.nibm. whicho symp.
and let chese be no creature typon or writhin her
ofi chriscev as-bidort minc Q twobl
the sume; all lier members, fet therm difier
Ind: ton paturndt diLzrou

In their qualsties, and let there be no ont: creature 0 aspian, od christeps isg L tontorn equal with another;
parach a-symp;
the feasomalite creatures of Earll (or mer), tet then wedx cordzez chapal
ond weed oul one another; and the twelling places, ow' Mrate t-smrud; arl fargt,
Iel them forget their hanos: the work of mañ and brats ormacks; monisbra cmel his pomp, let them be delaced: her building avavox. torug: orma-th.
let them hecome caves for the heasts of the tielt; maosmi taldges levithtorg;
confound her understanding with darkness. For whys

It repentech me I made man. Dope while let her be known, Monwat oftordziz. L caphimau ixomasip, and another while a slanger: because she is che bert od ca-rocasb gosad: bagter pi-i tianta of an liarlot, and the dwelling place
a-babalond, ad faterg
of Hinn-that-is-Fallen. 0 you Heavers, arisel

The lower Heavers underneath you, let them senve you. Ordricx oroches
aboapri.
Govern lhose that govert: cast dowa sich as fall; Tabaoripriaz ar-tabas; adipan cors-tic dobix:
bring forth with thoose that increase, ant destroy polcare priczi arcoazior. od prasb
the rotten. No place let it remain in one number, add
 and diminish unti] the stars be numbered. Ajise. od prtzar corcg avivete corstrit TORZU, move, and appeat before the Covenary an His mouldu, ZACAR ad ZAMRAN aspt Sibsi butmona.
whiels $\mathrm{H} \pm$ hath sworn unto us in His justice; upen ds surzas Tia baltar,' , ail?
the mysteries of your creation, and make us partakers

of undefiled knowledge.
icdrarmad.

## Chapter Fifteen

## The Spirits of the Thirty Aethers

## The Princes of the Alrs

The names of the ninety-one Princes, who are the tutelary datrmords or genii of the regions af the worlat, were delivered wo Dee through Kelley by the angels Gabriel and Nalvage on May 21 ank 22,1584 , al Crancow. Fiabricl presided ower the process, und Nalwage did the actual work It way this liemarchy of gecographical spitils Lhat hetd the greatest promise of practical utility fot Dee, who hoped to use them to achieve political advanLages for lifs sowereign, Elizaheth : This desire was not wo be realized, however, because Dee was never granted permision to invoke thecti.

Although the names and sigils of these spinits are clearly set forth, along will, the angels by whicli they are ruled and their seoteric associations, they constītute one of the most nestlected aspeds of Enoufian magien They whe ighoned by the solden Dawn and by Aleister Crowley. This neglect continues throbigh to the present day, perhapts betanse fow Enochian magictans knowr what to do with them.
'The thirty Aeblers, ar Ars, atw described hy the angels as conceniric spheres surroundine the Earth. Each is divided into three parts, wexept the area closest


to the Earth, which is divided into four These parss are inlathiteq by rumely-tint spurthes whom Nalwage refers to ats "Princes and spiritual Govemours." These Princes aIE all spirits of elemental hir, but bach rubes a particulat regino on the sulface of the Earth.

Their habitations or Aethers lie between bie surlace of the Earll and the spiritual fires of the firmament. However, it is a trifle simplistic to conceive of them as occupying physical spach. Dintersions or frequencies of wibation are more wetul madels for these Aethers.


Tre Therty Amtant
They tie mingted, yet one above the olher, just as the colors of the rainhmw are all conamed in nommal sumlight but may be separated and distinguishoed by their farriculat wayelengilis.

## The Hifrarchy of the Aethers

Thic. Princes of the repions appear to be receptive rather than active. They are the spititual idencities that resitle in, arimate, and give particular qualities to their regions. They are ruled by the trelve angels oi the
twelwe tribes of lsrael，and by the numerous ministering spirits of hose angels，whon conver the specific inten－ tions of the angels of the tribes to the regional lrimeses and cause those intentions to be realized．

The rwelve angels of the tribes are，in their turn， ruled by the seven angels of light who stand helome the thune of God．These angels are the lamps burning before the throne in Revelation $4 ; 5$ ，and also the siven stars in the right hand af heavenly Christ in Revelation 1：I6．Their manifest expression is the seven traditional planets of astrulegy－the Mnon，Mereury，Wenus，the Sun，Mars，Jupiter and Saturn．

This information was set forth concisely but wery clearly ty Nalwage just before he revealed the namer of the ninety－one Princes and heir rulity augels of the twelve Irithes to Kelley：

There are 30 Calls yee to come，Thnse 30 are the Calls of Nirkty ole Princes and spiritual fiowermones unto wham the Larll is deliwered as an potion．These hring in and apain dispose the Kiugs and all the Comvernatenca upan the Eamt． and vary lue Natures of thlugs with the wariation of every unvometr；Unto whom，the providenne af the ecernal Judpe－ nitult，is already opened．＂Thege ate generally govermed by Ube twitwe ADeels of the 12 Tribes：which are also governed Ly due 7 which stand before the presence of Goid．Let hirs Hath can see look ofp；and leat him that can here，atrend；for山is 逢 wisdom．Ther aide all spiriss of the Air，nat rejected， lut dienilied；and they dwell and have their hatritation in山es air diversly，anot In sumiry places：For theit mansions ure mot slike，mellhes are their nonsers equal．Utiderstand山erefere，山hat from the Jire to the parth，there are 30 places wr albidings：one athote and hemasth another：wherein these aloresind treatures have thely abmad，for a cime．＇

The number nimety－ane seems oddyr unbalanced， but it is based on the formula $7 \times 12+7=91$ ．Seven is
the number of the heptarchical Kings and their Irinees while twelve is the numbther of the angels of the tribes of Istael．In astrology，geven is the number of the planets and lwelve is the number bi the signs and their houses． It is emphasized by Nalvage，who ewen goes so far as to make a pun at the end of his speech；that the angels of the Aethers act within the consitaints of rime．The Princes＂vary the Natures of things with the variation of wery monyeri．＂It is these angels that are responsible for the franstomiations of the Earth from moment to moment，and for the constantly clasping play of thoughts within the luuman mind．

## USE OF THE AETHERS

The geograplicical genii of each hether are to be invoked hy the Call of the＂Thirry Aethers．with the name of their parlicular Aether inserfed iato the parentheses near the beginning of the Call．This was the practice followed by Aleister Crowley during his 1909 lrek through Algeria （thouph Crowley mercly invoked the Alrs．not the Princes），First，hawever，il is probably necessary to per－ for＇m a general ritual working thar finvolves the wibration of the efghteen distinct Keys，one per bight，in reverse oriler：the Eighteenth key on the first nighl，the Severi－ teenth key on the second，and so on．

As was pointed out in the previous chapter，the Keys are associated with the divections of the Earlli in four sets of fout，with each set working its way in one complete circle argund the Earlh．The Eighteenth Key should be wibrated to the morlh，the seventemill，to the west，the Sixteenth to the soull，the Filtemth to the cast，and so on．This pattem stould continue to the Sectond Key，which relates to the bean of the Black

Cross on the Grear Table of the Warchtowers (the northeast by southwest axis), and the First key, which relates to the piltar of riac Black Cooss (the southeast by northwest axis). The unexpressed primordial Key of the Holy Ghost or Geat Mother which is nor an explicil part of the working. relates to the intersection of the Black Cross, the foumain of spirit lieneath the thome of New Ierusajem.

Aiter this inilial workinn of the keys is successfully completed, the sethers may be tured in or "keyed" by wibrating the Call of the Thirty Aethers, Then the angels of the tribes may be invoked and commanded by the names of Cod that lie on the bearns of the Creat Crosses of the four Watchlowers. Fach angel is ruled hy the name of God associated with its purticular point of the corrapass.

For example, the second Prince of the third Air ZOM, is Virooli, the tutelary genius of Thracia (Thrace) He is suled by the angel Alputdus, who is the angel of the tribe of Issachar. This angel resides in and is invoked from the west-nothwest. Alpudus has $3,6 i 0$ good ministering spirits who serve him, He is invoked and nuled by PDoCE, which is the name of God on the banner of west northwest and one of the names on the line of Spirit in the Wacchlower of the North fon ato Original Gieat Tables.

The rituat application of the angel of a tribe to the genius of a region of the Earfh is a kind of spisitual cop ulation that is performed to enfender the desired pur puse of the Enoctian magitian, The genifs oif the place who is manifestly embodied by his sigil, acts as the receptive medium. "the angel of the tribe, anting through his minisrers, is the catalyst by which that medium is shaped and quickened.

It shoull be understood that time tultlary angel of a patiticular place representes not merely the physical place isself, but also the living spirit oi that place. Every tegion of the: Earth has its own distinct character and its ownh unique power. Through this branch of Emechian magic the spiritual powers of the mations and regions can be harnessed and directed for rimal ends. For example, the spirit of England, symbolized by the goddess Britamia and the hers John Ball, Lis completely differenl in its virtues irom the spirit of the Uniled Slates, symbolized by the gotdess America and the hero Uncle Sam.

It may be that the full Apocalypse warking (if such a thing eren exists) will be conducted in this way:

- Vibraing the nineleenth Kery for each of the lhirfy Aethers on thirty successive cuighth Jiom the First Mir to the Thintieth Air
- Vibraling each mis the first eighteen Keys in teverse - order, also on successive nights.
- Vibrating the primordial, unmritten Key Ihal relates no the center of being
- A finul jubilee day of altainment

In this way the Aphalypse working would span fifty diys, whicil is the same period of time the angels say that Enoch toiled. The movement would be from the outer reaches to the center of the Earth. All this is speculaliont, of course.

## The Use of the Table of Sigils

The accompanying table slows ine shirty Methers, the ancient regions of the Earth they command, the Princes or penii of thase tegions, the tribes wf the Itebrews and men angels of the tribes who rule the genii, the number

|  | Mir | Eratime | Lienlus | Trathe | An조갠 | Hinc | Dir． | ㅇunk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LII． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \text { hital } \\ & \text { Pervolue } \\ & \text { Baithar } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Whin } \\ & \text { SiP } \\ & \text { Fion } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \vdots \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $2$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Civporecs } \\ & \text { EIntin } \\ & \text { nen Mlirur } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manasen } \\ & \text { Fentben } \\ & \text { kenhen } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3316 \\ & 2362 \\ & x+46 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{N}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 3 \\ \times 1041 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { somplis } \\ & \text { VIrmali } \\ & \text { minlegii } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { airsia } \\ \text { Mipodus } \\ \text { I- maguy } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ESE} \\ \mathrm{CH} \cdot \mathrm{NW} \\ \mathrm{CSE} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 220 \\ & \text { mox } \\ & \text { mos } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ F i n z \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-uid } \\ & \text { cud } \\ & \text { rimparan } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} 2360 \\ 3000 \\ 1791 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 13 \\ 16 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{j} \\ \mathrm{LIJ} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lasdxil } \\ & \text { Hisesmal } \\ & \text { rimpue } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eun } \\ & \text { bashar } \\ & \text { sesulua } \end{aligned}$ | Opzas hipodus <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5090 \\ & 295 \\ & 5008 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & 17 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | \％$\times 1.2$ | Xunidia Cppos Nohls | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sutany } \\ & \text { vapiacip } \\ & \text { zivert } \end{aligned}$ | Ablrus Ethinial Ashatr |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & E \cdot 6 \\ & N-W, W \\ & E-5 I \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 30 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | 7E0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { firlulia } \\ & \text { Arukia } \\ & \text { Fhitisex } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Hanemen } \\ \text { linillı } \\ \text { Txanding } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Nag } \\ \text { rewn } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & \frac{12}{2} \\ & 24 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \％ 217 | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Manlimu } \\ 3 \times x i \\ \text { Callas } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { दister } \\ & \text { Than } \\ & \text { Wrathell } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & \hline 15 \end{aligned}$ | Yı | 二紋： | $\begin{aligned} & \text { indurse } \\ & \text { intal pre } \\ & \text { [indindin } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ludght } \\ & \text { Gun } \\ & \text { Vafillull } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3736 \\ & M 20 \\ & 92111 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JEs } \\ & \text { Hos } \\ & \text { GHaul. } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 26 \\ & 20 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | \％ 710 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lexarph } \\ & \text { Cumaner } \\ & \text { Talitanl } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  indus Rarsis | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 380 \\ \hline 1290 \\ 1897 \\ \hline 189 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 11 \\ 31 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 11 \\ 10: \mathrm{H} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { चsid } \\ & \text { Finesen } \\ & \text { luish } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \pi \overline{2} \\ & 3236 \\ & 523,4 \end{aligned}$ |  | Wम HOTらい JEG |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 24 \\ 3-1 \\ 3-4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 12 \\ \text { Liff. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Ontap } \\ \text { Ollat Mzwr } \\ \text { On:3mrii } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{SW} \\ & \mathrm{NSI} \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 97 \\ 36 \\ 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 13 \\ 21 \times m \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  <br> － Armon <br> 4，7rodises |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sidi } \\ & \text { Inan } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Linstonl } \\ & \text { aphipod } \\ & \text { Nposus } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3: 11 \\ & 39 \leq 51 \\ & 9213 \end{aligned}$ | －8： <br> E <br> 号．NW | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wcin } \\ & \text { Uhine } \\ & \text { PToc. } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 46 \\ 413 \\ 4 \pi \\ 4 \end{array}$ | 14． | 3yphlamida <br> 3heslyn <br>  | Tedpand ทv｜ras OMn2mb | Hill＝ <br> 三phritu |  | $\begin{aligned} & 584 \\ & 1214 \\ & 2310 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ 0 \times 10 \end{gathered}$ | Dead <br> Mesemonala <br> fineratramale． |  | xinjlindi Cuil Ephoing |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1+y \\ & 1757 \\ & 1856 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NOF } \\ & \mathrm{NFH} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |


|  | Sir | Regita | Smars | 7rim | Anger | Wall | Dir． | Lices ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { In } \\ & \text { LE. } \end{aligned}$ | Sanromariza <br>  <br> Flactre |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ w \\ m-r i m \end{array}$ |  |
| $\left.\right\|_{57} ^{43}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 11 \\ \hline \text { T.AN } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Cuxiliza <br> CIraluc］ <br> 防sampan |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \cdot \mathrm{Ne} \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\left.\begin{aligned} & x \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & y \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ |  | I．mellajas <br> Cnaläl <br> AJumpal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hahand } \\ & \text { Halsan } \\ & \text { inlparn } \end{aligned}$ | isher ishath Entivin |  | $\begin{aligned} & 33+6 \\ & 7499 \\ & 5294 \end{aligned}$ | $E \leq E$ $W-K H$ $-4-5 W$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { howi } \\ & \text { Purce } \\ & \text { mill } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { JP } \\ \text { ever } \end{array}$ | Hardmal｜ <br>  M14 | Tarmas sturlond Imagre： | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Epasum } \\ & \text { Enn\|ame } \\ & \text { Belulkn } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{KFH} \\ & \mathrm{CFHFL} \\ & \hline \mathrm{OEP} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 93 \\ 39 \\ 50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 50lpem Cgrenlusu 14alu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T:alren } \\ & \text { Pa:Ith } \\ & \text { Sococan } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fins } \\ & 029 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MozFt } \\ & \text { TEAR } \\ & \text { PWOLIE } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 61 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 2: \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Prytant： Pronlize thandiati |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eohrution } \\ & \text { Facinal } \\ & \text { SImex } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Hil} \cdot \mathrm{NW} \\ & \mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{WE} \\ & 5 \mathrm{SE} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MPA } \\ & \text { Gnol } \\ & \text { Resen } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \dot{k} \\ & u \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 22 \\ \hline \underline{4} 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | insulih <br> Naruincs <br> I＇mernw syin |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2128 \\ & 2128 \\ & 2168 \\ & 1+168 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & h \\ & \text { is } \\ & \text { is } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 12 \\ \text { TIIR } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Cabil } \\ \text { Elam } \\ \text { Hobun } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7 \pi \\ & 71 \\ & 72 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 34 \\ \mathrm{MLs} \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3itㄱㄱd } \\ & \text { 4mann } \\ & \text { Ct.alded } \end{aligned}$ |  |  Cinal xst：ulu․ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{it} \\ 91 \mathrm{Tr} \end{array}$ | Frísion Pugul． Feria Eockatha |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Anmasseh } \\ & \text { Anauben } \\ & \text { Bullualn } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AREL } \\ & \text { OULL } \\ & \text { MEH } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \left.\begin{array}{l} 3 \\ n \\ n \\ \hline \end{array} \right\rvert\, \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 合 } \\ \text { hess } \end{gathered}$ |  <br> Fimphilly |  | Ewhilin Eenkain 1：－hrain． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \cdot \mathrm{NW} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{HE} \\ & \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{SN} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Not } \\ & \text { chiol } \\ & \hline \text { Heg } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 27 | ｜xycith Fidaylin！ Weulan |  | Riculint Whicusth Asher |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \text { Es } \\ & \text { Es } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 展 } \\ & 10 \\ & \text { 相 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 25 \\ \text { אn } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Sulhưíaī <br> Fatival <br> Dxopen | Gas <br>  <br>  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Widit } \\ & \text { ORAT } \\ & \text { RCTCh } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & y_{1} \\ & 98 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }_{2 \pi}^{2 \pi} \\ & \text { KII } \end{aligned}$ | 45074 <br> － 410.4 <br> Exinntal | Malliinn <br> Didex <br> Enretart | Jutis <br> Chansel <br> 5ahram | Fanersa <br> Xampalı <br> irland | $\begin{aligned} & 492 \\ & -249 \\ & 7655 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \because \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 92 \\ & y-1 \\ & 71 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { rex }}{x}$ | hamon <br> Itrry／u <br> Licial <br> Wayrhanla | Taniequa Genainth Nupepy Licenay | Ephriaia <br>  rudah $51 \mathrm{~m} \times \mathrm{m}$ |  <br>  <br> IJromen！ <br> F\％nne！！ |  |  |  |



## 254 - Entuhimn Magic for Bepinners

The spirits of the Thirty Acthers - 255
of good ministers under the angels of the virbes, the direction of the compass where each tribal angel resides, and the Enochian banner name of Got assactated with that direction. The numbers of the Princes may be used to locale their sigils on the gride of the Griginal Great Table of the Watchtowers. To convert the sigil display on the Original Gerat Table into a sigil display on my awn Restored Great Table, simply inverl the quatters of the west and nortio (transpose the lower right with the lower left).

Rear in in mind that there are minor vaniations in the lettering between the Original Greal Talle aut the Revised Greal Tidble of Raphael, My Restored Creat Table uses ihe lettering of the Table of Raphaed. The sigits of the Princes of the regions are the same shape on all thee wersions of the Great Table, bum some of the mannes of the Princes are spelled with slight differences depending on whether the Original or the hewiset (and Restored) Tables are used.

To locate a particular sigit on the Original Greal Talle, lake note of the sumber of the Prince, then find this number on the sigit display near the starl of this chapler. 'The sigil closest to the number is the sigil at the Prince. Compure the sighl display with the letlered wersion of the Oripinal Great Table in Chapter Twelve. You will he allot 10 trace out the individual letlers in the name on the Original Table by following the arrow of the sigil. Tach sigill tuegints will a cross and ents with an amowhead.

If you wish ta locate the name of a Prince wat my Reslorkl creat Table, first detemine which Watchtower the sigil occupies by tomparing the quarlers of my Restored Table in Chaperer Ten with the quarters of the Original Tahle. Ponsition that sigit on the Restored Table, and trace out the amow of its name de hefore. You will see that some mantes lave slight variations in spelling.

It is evident that the names of the angels of the twelve tribes of lsrael are each intended to contain stwen letters. Howewer, in Dee's manuscript Lavavoth the angel of the tribe of Gad! is written with eipht letters. This octurs lotatse the final Ieller in the mame is the Hebrew letter Tuu, which is written in English Th. Fatu is on occasion alternatively transliterated by T, so I hawe used T to stand for rbis Hebrew letter in arder to give the name of the angel seven letters. The name should be pronounced "lavavoth."

There are sinety-one Princes of the repions of the Fianth, hut nienely-1wo sigits on the Great Tahne Dine of the sigils is not named by the angels. It occurs at the bolturn of the MP'H, AKSL, GMOL Walcthtower, which on the Original Great Table is the Watchtower of the Whest [lower right quarter]. Laxdizi, line name of this extra spinit, can easily he extractet fron its sigil.

This supernumary sipil has caused some contusim, In the magiral system of the Aurnm Solis, a British occult society with a madition similar to that of the Gulatell Dawn, ithis sigit is turmbered $6.5{ }^{-2}$ But whe sixlyFifth Prince is ramed Paraoan (Paoaoan on the Restored Table), and the letlers of his name are nol to be foumd in this sigil. This error appears to have arisely from a misunderstanding of the nature of Paraoan's sigil. which is nol ohe unbuken lime on the Great Table, but is composed of three two-letcer segments firotn three of the: Watclnowers, and a single letfer irom the fourth: PA:RA:OA:N (all the detters are capials). If you examine the sigil yrid of the Originat Greal Table, you will fend these shont segments and single cell marked with the nurnber 65.

This sigil purzled Dees, who inquired about it to Awe.

Dee: You bod we clase ane of the Thble the Chararters
 yous said thay are eight, you gain there are cight in font: I know not what this meanest.

Ave: Fur must bake up the name Parauan.
Dee: What shall become of the I, Mersed?
Alve: It may bee N , ur L .
Dee- What must I now do with that indme?
Ave: In Exilrph deece wanteth an $L$ which $L$ is of motere force then the $N$ wid therctare in in sen in 山e Tables. Ans fill as that N stretcleeth in the Character, su lar shall that Countrey he consumed with fire, and swallowad in Hell, as Sodam wats for wickeduesse.

Dee's magghal wote: Sa is nor one letter superfiugus, or waraing in the Tables. ${ }^{3}$

Five days dater, Dee again matle imquiry concerning this curious name, hat received little satisfaclion:

whilly you said, sn fir iss ljal stretched, should tititk to hell
Awe: Ewery letrer in Pracean, is a liwing fire: bul all of onte quality and of one Cration: but unio N is delivered a wiol of Destructinn, accordiag to that phant that he js of Praban the Gavernisur,

Dee: It may plense you lu Janale that Flace, Cily, ot Coualry, under that $N$.

Ave': Ask Nalvage, and be will tell you,"
[?ee did nat have lipe letters of what lie calls the "Characters of fewest Latters" correctly gachered; luat seems to have understowd the explanatibn of the angel. The thete sigil segments of two letters make up the first six letters in the ramne Paraoan on the Original Table Ave lelts lyee that the final letter in the name may be either the single inverted $N$ or the single inverted L but the Watchtowet MPIT, A䗑L, GAIOL in the western quatter of the Original Grat Table. However, the L. has
greater occult potency, and therefore shomid be attached at the front of the sigll of the twenty-eighth Prinet, whose bame is Liexarph. The final six lentws of this sigil wre to be found an the top of the pillar of the Black Cocss [and also at the bottom, since the sacne letions ane uwerted there].

The whack Cross, as the [ame implies, was , inawn with solid black ink by Dee in his diagam oi the minetyone siritis of the Princes ous the Great Table. Constqfiently, Dee could not illustrate bue lliree sigils that are located upor the whper hall of the pillar and the right sille bl the beam of the Black Cross, as I hawe donte in the illustration at the head of olbis chapter. The sigil of the twenty-mighth Prince, Liexarph, is located on the top of the pillar. The sigil of the Imanly-ninily Prince. Comanan, wraps arount the comer of the southern quater of the Trihe and passes throuph the center oil the Black Cross. The sigil of the llirifich Prince, Tabitom, ties on the righ arm of the beam of the Black Cruss, Sinem Ihe Jeaness that make up these rtarmes also accur in reversed order on the fower hatr of the pillar and left and of the beam, these manes may be found wrapping amond the northem quarter of elto Talstr.

Because Dee did not represem nhege three sigis on the Black Cross or חumber the sigils in his diagrairb, it was an easy matter to misurderstand the wese of the three two-letler segments and rwo single letter cells that Gectur on the Great Table. Many of [hee's sikgle contain minor mistakes in [omu. I hawe corrected these emors in the sigil display ar rhe head of this chapler, Wofisitatately, I can offer no josighl inhe the use of the rinetysecund stoil of the spirit whose name is haxdizi. The accurately drew the sipil of this spirio bn his grid, but did not include its fame in this list of Princes of the Authers.

## The Reglons of the Earth

Atter conveying the rhatues of the Princes of the Melbers, Nalwage indicated places on the surface of the Earth to which they correspond. He began by simugly priating to the region ruled by each spirit on a plobe of the Earch in the depths of the showstone Dee protested that this way was too confusing, so the angel adopted a differelst approach:

Kindray: Therfe appearelh a great thine like a Clotre, turu Ing upoin two axell-trees.
Naluage: Turs to the first Aif.
Dees I have done
Naiuage: The Earth in the first ayre, is duis
$K$ elidey: Prinsting on that Globe to it.
Dere: We heseech you to bround or delcruitue the Coun tries or Portions of the Earli, by thcis uttermust Loweitules and T.atitudes, on by some other certaita matucr.

Nolumge: Out manner is, not as in is of worldfituss: We determine nat places after the forms of legs, or as leaves are: neither we can imafin any thing after the fashions of in harth: Ass thase that ane Cosmographers lo
Norwichstanding the Angel of the Lord appeated untu Prolnomie, and opened unto him the parts of tete Eulls but some he was commanded to secter: and thust are North warit willer your Fiale. But unta you, the wery tuve juathes of the Whrld in her Creasion afe delwertul.

Nalwage went on to name the geographical name of the region under each af the Princes of obe Aethers. Dee had considerable difficuley understanding the lecaligu of some of these places, bul was oncasionally assisted ly Kelley's wision of the places of their inhabitants.

Natuse: the whind [pi the seventh Mether], Phalagoma
Whe: I wewer heand of it,
Mithw: It is toward the Noirth, where the seines of Guld:
ind sum people appear ats before were noted. On this side them a greal way appear men with swinush sumut5, their visoge ts sol strauled quit; but to he pereeived to be of Lumatue visage. The wonder have aboul their privitins vety lome duair down to their kasees. The jum have hinas on their shoulders of loeasta akins, so insteal of a Jerkin ur a Mondilliens. ${ }^{\text {P }}$
In the course of naming the regions of the Earth, sialwage also showed Kelley visions of Noath's atk in Ammenia ant the Garden of Edent Paradise is apparently owerseen by the second Prince of the elgheenath Aether-

Mithage: The seonnd fol the eighreenth airl:
Kelley: Now anpear many Gocodiles, long necked. scaled on the body writh long tailes.

Nounge Coxlint.
 Many grat serpents appeare of zoot foot, It appenterh wety Fastorata, No peopie appear here.

There comerh from fieawen like a mus, and coverelh a grear place ahour 300 mile long, Jike in therk, enclosed wath firr. If is on a high ground, There come four Rivets out of it, none Fass, another West, suother North, and amother Sinuh. The piales, or enclosure of is seem to be Arches, beset monst richly with prections stowes. In the Gute of it stand three men like us, one is [n a long count with mamy pleats, the other like In a Casset, The thent in the tough skin of a heast. In the nime of Ifsins: is chis the Pandilise shat Adam was hatished nur of?

Nabsge: The very samer from thence lie was qubed out into the earth. This is the true Wale of loserphat

Dee: Will grom give me leavei
Malugen Sily on,
Dep: It should seem this mulst be on the eantli, not in the aite.

Nahrage: It is is unathe thath.
Dees- Thit said that from hempe be was turned out hito the earth.

Natuge: The curge of God for Adom chused the eath whereinto he wase cast to he aboused lob ti Adatu Lud ater his fall ramert in l'aranlise, his wickeinesse would
 distingushed from the earth, in respect of the puily:
 earh in said to he sinfull in trepuect of the s.an of man.
[hes: Till 45 segrees, hoth Nomherly and southerly, all is known in the mons par of the wrid: but of any such place there is man knowledge nor likelyhood by stiy Jistory of thene davs, at af old bime,

Naterge:: Therefore this Is cunning, ant the whedoun of God. There dwalleth fiesh in it that shall never dle, which were taken up fir a tesrimony of Thuth."
Dee was not a man to be easily dectived conterniog geggrapthy, since it was one of his primary subjects of study. While in England, he hat frequently beern densulted by the leading explorers and navigatars of the day concerming the [ablet Northmest and Northeasl [3assaget as well 45 the geography of Asia and the New Worlil, Englisht marjuers followed his charts when they were sailing inco unknown waters. His skepticisme cimcerring a pliysical Eden is abyious, but he did not argue the point futcher with Nalwage.

## Ptolemy and Agrippa

Dee was perfoctly awame that the manes of the places of the Eath were those recorded in the Tetrabiblos of the Griek astrontimer idnd astrologer Ptolemy. Nalvape himself had stated as much betore begraning lo hasue the pilaces, Accerding to Nalvage, the common names for the regions had bean derabled lo Patemy by llae "Angel of the Lord," but not the names of the places near the morth pole. However, Nalwage promiset to Dee
and Kelley somethinf greater "Ihu wery true bames of the World in her Crealionz. ${ }^{\text {² }}$

Filley did not understand Nalwages roferance to Ptolemy, but he slid ץ'gutyr recognize the names, Altar the angel complened the list and allowell the men wo rest owernight, Kelley followat his thread of memory and was atble la look up the names in his private library of magical books. He was enrageal by what he tegrded as a rank deceprlion bun the part of the angels, arna al first rifdsed to resume the serying session.

Lhe: After half an hour and Jeses, he came spersily nut of hls Spudy, and brought in lis havid one Volume of Corjuellus A.grippat his works, and ind one Chapher of that Rocok be redd the mames of Coustrics attit Prowinces collected out uf Holomensa (as the Author tuse jutetb) Wiherempon he bifercen, that our spicitual fustruthots weif Cosenets to give us a description of we Morld, taken out of ofher Books: and therefore he would Lave bo more to iff with them, I teplied, and sajd, I and wery ghad that yan have a Beok of paus chen, whercis Ulose Ceographical rames are expressed, such as [for tre mesa poist our betructors had dellweted unco us: and that, accuding to the Tenor and form of mive request to häm, so to latwe them expressed: for our mosh perfect information, Ly llose known namea; toundershand those 91 unk nown and unhent of names, of seven letters every one: whonetry thay [our lisisinuctars I meami are very greatly to be drasked, and to he deemed [in all teasnnatle mens justements] most friendly, and far jrom consenafe, or abusine, us: Bud fonher' I stid, that I my' soli, had here sel down un a poper all the कl mames logether atderly, as we revelweal diem, and that I had here broughn the description (Gerandus JMercator's] [/miversal (hare of the Warld) Gederawital of the whole earthly atohe; and also Pempunius Meld set forth in Erglish with the Ghartea cheretalu teluaging, Lalrlip described by hand: Th the incent that be migtu see the verisy of theit words
yesterday delivered wato us: Lus we performance of tuy тeपчuest made to themb... ${ }^{3}$

Kelter was not mollifjech. He refused to hate aby thing more to do with the angels for tive diys.

The reference Kelley made to Agrippa corscerriss Book One, Chapser Thiry Ohe wi The Thece Books of Occult Philosophy, Aprippa here sumnanizes part of the third chapler of the seconch book of Puotemy's Temmith tos, where the regions of the would are categorized under the ruling inderence of the slats Agrippa intro duces his brief chopter by saying. "Moreower the whole orth of the Earth is distrilutad by kingtoms and prowiscos to che planets, and signs. ${ }^{7}$ He then groups the nations of the clasuical world under each planel and the sigas of the zodiac it rules. This list comesponde in many respects with the list of places given by Naluage.

It cosing, hgrippa writes:
These we dewe it this ruanmer gathered from Potemprs opiricu, to which decortang to the withags of ather astrolugers many mote may be added, bult be which knows linw to compree these divisions of provinces antontigig to tue diwisions of the stats, with the ministry of the nuling intullyences, and beessinge of the tribes oin [smel, the lats of Lue apestles, and typical seals of the sacerd scripinfe, shali he able te cobain great and prophetcal oracles conceming every religions, of things to come."
The dist of places given by Nalvage is mate extensive than the liss in Agrippa and Ptolemy, it is difficult to cletermine which lext served Naluabe ats a sourth, fir cilhet These лames were common in uncient geographies.

## Chapter Slxteen

## The Enochian Invocations of John Dee

"MakE YOU BUIT INVOCATIONS TO Sow the Seen"

Dee was arxious to learr the details of the initial eigh-teen-chay ritual working by which lie whtllif pais access ta the ninetyrone Priseces of the Thirty Aethers, hut be was never actually piven this intormation. Ave dicl tell hime that hefore the cond undetake this cotmated inilial working it wrould be necessary for him to make a Book
 on the Greac Table of the Wrathtowers.

Ale: Yant have the cnicn, and gins have the groumit: Make ynu hur invocatinas to gner the seesi, and the fant shall hee plentiful.

Exe: Aa concerning pur ussge in the i dayes [sand] in the if dayer, we wnald gladly have some jnfirmation,

Dee: As concerning a fit place and tirse to call. and other circumstances, we warld leam somewhat.

Ane: hou would konw where and whers to call, hetiote your itwocations bear witnesses of your readitesse.

Dee: Then they must be written in wertis cnnceptis, jn formal wards

AIre: I-a wery easie mather
Dese. What is the Fook you mean chat if hanald write?

Ape: The Bewk consisteth [1] of Lnvocation of the names of tion, and [z] of tlee Areels, by the names of God: 'Their officers are manilest. You did desire to be fed with spoaner. and san yourare.

This is not a wery delailed description, but at least it is sometling to wrork with. and mose practical information than the angels ofien gave in response to Dee's questions.

Previously. Ave had informes Dee that after the lwork luad been writen out he must invoke the Got wf Hosts (Dee interploted this to mean Jehowah Sabaoth) For bour days, using the twelve names of God that aje found on the lines of spirit in the four watchtowers. Then for fourteen days Dee mast call the angels "by Pericion, anf lyy lie juacne of God, unto the which they are obedient." On the fiftecnih day, Deed and Kelley were wo clothe eluectuselves in white linen and "go have the apparition, lise, and practice of the Creatures."

Deer actuatly created this Book of Spirits, or at least, he created the prattern liom which the book was to be made. It appears in his Latin manalscripu Libler Kiendiae Avxiluii at Witoriae Reressris (British Librars Sloane MS 3191). It is reproduced in English in Genfirsy Jatiey's The Efwhian Magic of Dr. John Dee, which I strongly recommend to anyone seriously interested in studyinp Enochian magic. Dee's Book of Spirits consists of Hnse invocations:

1) The Fundamenal Oheisance, which is the invoci" tion of the rwelve narmes oi God that are written on the lines of Spirit of rhe Four Watchuwers of the Great Table.
-:-
2) 5 six Seniors of the thet whose names are written on the greal eross of the Wiathtomer of the east.
3) Six serjiors of the sumata.
4) Six Semors of the west.

5\} Six Semins of the north.
6] Four good angels of the cast wilho are skilled and powerful in medicine and curing tisonsers.
7) Four good angels of the south fowerful in medicime
g.) Fout good angels of the whit gowerdul in medicine
9) Four goorl angels of the norlh powertal in medicine
-:-

1d) Fow good angels af the easl who are skilled and prwerlul in metals and precious jewrels.
11) Four pood angets of the south powerful jn molals and precious jewels.
12) Four good angels of the west powertal in metals and precious jewels.

13] Four good angels if ube north powerfil jumedals and precious jemols.
14) Fous good angels of the east who are skilled and powerful in transformations.
15) Fous goor angels of the south powestol in trangformations.
16) Foul good anogels of the west powerlul in transformations
17) Four good angels of the north powerlul in transformations.

18, Four good angels of the eatil, each of whom knows the liwing creatures in one element, and their use
 ing creatues of one element, and their use.

20j Four good angels of the west knowinf, the living creaturey of one element, andflow use.
21) Four good angels of the nordi knowing the liq* ing creatures of one element, and their use.
22) Four Dispositors of the east who are skilled and powerful in the mixing together of natural substances.
23) Four Dispositors of the south powerful in natural substances.

24] Four Disposifors of the west powerful in natural substances.
25) Four Dispositors of the noth powertul in natural sulbsiances.
26) Four Dispositons of the east who are skilled and powerful in liamsporting from place to place.
27) Finu Dispositems is the smuth poweriul in tranghoring
28) Four Dispositios of the wati poweful in trancipporting

-:-
30) Four Dispositors of the tast who are skilled and powerful in the meethanical arta.
31) Four Dispusitors of the suuth pawer [tw in mechanical ants.
32) Four bispositors of the west powerinl in mechanical ants.
33) Four Dispositors of the norlh powerrul in mechanical ants.
$\qquad$
34) Four Dispositors of the east who are skilled and powerful in the discovery of the secrets of men.
35) Four Dispositors of che south powertul in the discovery of secrets.
36) Four Dispositors of the west powerful in the discovery of secrets.
37) Four Dispositors of the north powertul in the discovery of secrets.

These divisions of the ampels can he most clearly seer in this table, which is reproduced from chapler Thirleer. It shows the relative phositinnts of thent angels
ant the quarters of a Watchtower. This interelation is the sume en all four Watchupwers.

| Eassi 1. | Suall 2. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Tispusitur's: KiLutag Togermet | [145posilure: <br> Trauspurtation |
| Gurb Argels: Tench Montelne amb Heal the Sick | frion sugelt: Frecinus Mryal and Iefors |
| Eyil Artgely: Calise sīckric:s anat lyeath | Fivil Acheles Cumbterfeiting and tiambling: |
| Morth 3. | West 4, |
| Tispansitors: Ars and Ccults |  sivercts of ken |
| Good Anlgelth: <br> Triansformasintes of Frarti, nol Esabluce | Gabot Angely= Kturntedye af A. 11 IImemenent \$pitnts |
| 5will Mngela= <br>  TJerapatinna | Bril Anmels: <br> Evil and Tisge Ulees of Elementals |



## Four Days and Fourteen Days

Unfortumately, the invocations in Dee's Book of Spirits fif list lolal eighteen. If we take them together in groups of angels linked by function, they twal ten, Yet Ave slates that the period of invocation must be cighteen days, and musi be divided into two parts of tour days followed by fourteen days.

The Diss inur clays are to be devoted to the invocatron of the twelve names of God on the limits of Spidit in the Watchtiowers.

Aver: 7huu Last 山uct namevs of God, out of the line of Whe tholy Choss, int-dte principall Cinese of the first Angle. so hans lheu wree tu the second, ele.

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Hour dapes [after your book is made that da so say, written] mus yot onely call upoa thase hathes of Gind, at on Whe Gord of Hosts, in those nauses.

And 14 diayes after you shall fien dhis, or on some conveweme place) Call the Angels by Fetivion, and hy the name of God, untin the which they are ubedient.'
Filsewhere Ave tells Dee:
Awe: One bonk of perfect paper the lathour of a feve dives.

The callitg them togeducs, anad the ylelding of theit prouise, the Tepetition of the nanus of God, are sufficient.

I have glven you Corn: I hawe gitell you also graund Dustre Cont to give you ability tu tall:
Obwionsly the names of God in each Watchowner are to be introked on four individual days that open the eigh-teen-day working, yet Dee grouped all uwtwe names in a single apening invocationt. If is bvident that Dee did not understand Awes explicit instruction eouncening the names of God on the lines of Spinit. Ave further makes plain that the working is divided into turo dislincel parts: the invocation of the names of God, and the invocation of the angels by lie names of cood.

## "At No Time to Be Calleo"

If is not so clear to see low the remaining angels may be divided into foumcen groups, with each grohy receiving one inwocation to be wolded on a scparate day, []ee gives thirty-six invoc,atons for the Seniors, goud angels. and Disjositors. He does not provide any invocations for the evil angels whose names have only three ledters, even though he lists these names beside the names of the good angels from which ther are extracted. He wat exprestly [arbidden to invoke the evi] angels by Ave-

Dee; Then they \{tue enil argelsy are not tu bue bumd in He fisst gummoning or intilationt

Ave: at no time tu be called."
This is umequivoeal and cannot be waspally disfegarded. Therefore, in becomes necessary to divide ulye Sentors, Dispositors, arad good angels inu fonnteen grotips, each group to bo incoked ors its mwh day during the initial eigheen-day working sf invocation, Sinee the angels never zetually say how this is to to done it is impossible to the certais about il. Dee seemy ter havo completely missed lite mecessity of making 解si divi-sion-at least, he newer mentions it in his whtimps. I cannot be sume the system of division presented lape is worect--all lean say is that it is sensible and workable.

## Tiie Invocations of the Angels

In my opinion, it is nectssary to divide the senions jnto six groups of four, with each group containinf, asenior from all four Watchowers, This selection stupuld probably be made clackwise (following llis arder in which the nathes of the Seniors were delivered by (wh) with the rirst group compused of the names in the left side of the lines of splria of the Creal Crosises of the Whallow. efs, the second group of the names ir the uppoer part of the lines of ties San, the third grong of the names in the upper part af the lines of the Father, the fourth group of the names in the right side of the dinces of Spirit, the fifth frotep of the rames in the lower part of the lisuse of the Palher, and the sixal group of the names in the lower part of the lines of the son.

The Dispositors (on good anpels) wlose names lie abowe the arms of the lesser croshes should oome next,
since llay appear to be next in authority. These sixty-fous argels are divided into four groups of sixteen angels, each groug of which comtains four angels from each whach tower. The first group names the sixteen Lispositors of tize subquarters of the east, the sexombl the sixueen Dispositors of the suthquaters of the south, the thind the sixteen Dispositors of the subuturters of the west, and one fornth the sixacen Disimesitors of the subquasters of the goth.

The sume system of division is foblowed fo diville the sixty-fcur goont angels into four groups of sixteen angels, each group of which contains fieur good angels from each Wateltower,

For each of these groups an invocation is witten that contains the nanmes of God or the angels in the group, Each invocation is woiced duting one day of the eigheen-day working. Ave says rothirig ahoul how ruany linus each inwocation is to be repeaced, but fom other statements it is likely that each invocalion is tol lee repeated ln at conserrates place three times: once at sumsise, ance at noon, and once at sunset.

If the syblent of divislon I have suggested is adopted, it resules in the following eiphteen inpocations:

1) Gobl Names of ihe eastern Watchtower.
2) God Names of she southern Whathlower.
3) God Names af the western Watchtower.
4) God Names of the northern Watchumer.
5) Seniors of the left side of the tines of Spirit.
6) Seniors of the top latif of the lines of the Son.
7) Sunions af the top half of the Jines of the Father
B) Seniors of the righ ai the lines di Spirit.

4] Seniors of the bottom af the lines of the Father.
10) Fenioss of the bottom of the lines of the Son.
11) Dispositars of the mixins of atural sulvalanest
12) Dispositors of Galaspontation from place to place.
13) Disposilows of the mechanical arts.
14) Dispositors of the diseorery of human secrets.
15) Good angels of medjine.
16) Gookl angets of metals and fimedus jewels.
17) Good angels of Lransformations.
18) Good angels of the four elentents.

## The Invocation of the Thirty Aethers

Although the angels never say so, it may be that a simifar warkine of thirty days is to be conducted following the eighteen-day whange, This would serve to establishi commandeation with the angols of the "lhirty Aethers by means of thenty inwowations, each spoken thece limen on ifs appointed day. Both the working of eiphteen duys and the workirg of thirty days would be combunmated or fulfilted on the days inmediately following the workings, so that the entife period of invocaton would occupy filty days.

Thee seems never to have imagined wombining the eiphteen-day invocalion explicitly described by the argel Awe with another inwacalion period of therty dayz. Yet jt be whs to have the use of the angels af the lhirty Aethers, it makes good maglat serse for him to first establish comumuntication with them and secure their cooperation through an operirg invocation rorkilegThere is no reason to suppose that the employment of the anpels of the Aeshers folluws any diterent proctess than the edullyrnent of the ocher angels bl lise Watchtowers.

## The Role of the Enochian Keys

Theme ate eigheen distinc: Enochian Keys, and heste Keys obviously relate to the subquarters of the Great Tadrle. However, il is unclear wheller these keys are to be woiced during the cighteen day working that establishes conlact with the Enochian angels. At first consideration, this would stem frohahle. However, the distinct Keys naturally fall into a division of five purts: 工 $+4+4+4+4$, It is not clear how his divigion can be related to the division of the invocations into $4+14$ that was defined diy Avet, or my awn conjectured diwjsion of $4+6+4+4$.

It is possible to relate the eighteen distinet Keys to the eighteen classes of spisits involed in the inicial working by inverting the order of the keys, placing, the Seniots at the end of the warking, and sididing the shat proups of Seniors into four and two. If this is done, the Keys 19, 17,16 and 15 may be linked with the four invocations of the names of God; the Keys 14, 13, 12 and 11 may be linked with the four groups of Dispositors; the Keys 10,9 , 8 and 7 may be linked with the four groups of good angels; the Keys 6, 5, 4 and 3 may he linked with the four groups of seniors fom the upper parts of the lines of the Son, the upper pants of the lines af the Father, the lower parts of the lines of the Son, and the lower parts of the lines of the Father, respectively; and, firally, lle Keys 2 and I may be linked with the groups al Senibrs from the left side of the lines of Spirit and fron the right side of the lines of Spitit, tespecrively.

1 offer this association of the keys with the proups of the names of Goud and angels on the Grual Table as in matter of interest to more advanced Enochian magicians.
but I am nol happy with it. It is nyy personal view that the Keys are individualty associated with the beara and pillar of the BFack Cruss (Keys 1 and 2), and with the sixteen subquatters of the Great Talhe (Keys 3 lo 18), If tuis is ture, thens the Keys are not to be voiced in the initian ciskteen-day wrorking that establishes contact with the dugels, but are (pertaps) to be used later to command specific sels of apoche tun individual subquanters of the Great Table as illustrated on page 222.

For cexample, Key 4 would be used to invoke specinically the Dispositors and good amgels on the eastern suthquarler of the Watchtower of the South. Key 13 would be wsed to invoke: the Dispositors and pood aruels on the northern subquarter of the Whatcluower of the West. And so for the ress.
fike Seniors (ii, indeed, it is ever neocssary to invoke the Soniors) would probably be invoked by Kers 1 and 2. The First Key. telated lyy me to the pillar of the Mack Cross, weuld also relate to the double pillars of the Creat Crosics on the intividnal Watultowers, and to the four Seniors whose rames are writter on cach double pillar the lines of the Soti atad the Father). 'The Secmind Key, related by me to the bean of the Filack Cross, would also relate to the Leiturs of the Creat Crosses on Ite individual Watchtowers, and to the two Semiurs whense names arp wrilten on each bean the lines of the Holy Spirit).

Tr tuthersiand this assignment, see the illustration In Chapter Fourtecn that shows the numbers of the Keys assigued to the sixteen subquarters of the Great Table int lour circles of fols. It may well be inourrect, but since the angels left no explicit correspondence between the Keps and the angets, on the Great Table, we are forced to buent our own systems. Such improvisation was done

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by the Golfen Dawn, as I shall explain in Chapter Sewenteen. The correspondence berwen the Keys and the antgels on the Watchtowers represents one of the most original aspects of Gohter Dawn Enechian magie.

## The Afocalipse Working

As I have stated elsewhere, it is also my opinion that the forty-eight expressed Keys (and the firsb, unexpressed Key) are intended by the angels to be used in a great working, probably of fify days duration, designed to initiate the period of destructive transformation that is generally lnown as the apocalypse. This may be linked with the eighteen day invocation of the angelle wif the Great Table, as I suggested in my book Tetragrammaton, or it may be a completely separate working.

On this subject, it is impossible to be certain. The whole matter of the A pocalypist warking, as I have called it, is murky and is likely to remain so, because it was never explicilly discussex betwrea Dee and the angels. Indeed, many Enochion magicians would problably say that ion suclu Apecalype lWorking exists. I pul forward the concept based on my own study of the Enochian Irailsecipus, and 1 believe there is considerable implicit evidence to suggest that the angels intemated Bunchian mapic, and specifically the Enochian Keys, to serve as a trigger for the aporalypte Aut this is primarily a perconal conviction. You will not find unequivocal references to ant Amcalyse working given anywhere by Dee or the angels.

## The Furm of Invocation

When composing the words of the invocations to the angels. Des was forced to draw upiou his lackgrounat
knowladge of Cloristian and Hebrew prayers, supple mented. by the invocations which appear in the medieval grimoires of magic. Kelley may have aided him in this composition, since the alchemisi was a practicing ritual magician and had actually used the invocadians in the grimoines. Dee also exhilitus a kowlevige wi legal terminology in his insocations, which are worded In such a way that not loopholes are tefl opeat to the angels. He must have been familiar with lagends of Mack Pacts ant ofher tales in whicll spirits take advaneage of ambiguities in the wording of the contract. Since Kelley bad some kncwlectge of propercy law he :ray have helped Dee in this area also.

As I mentioned in Chapter Fourteen, the angels were unathe co growide Dee wilh a patlern liar his ampcations, Inrocation, Ave informs Dee, is a taculty of human matute that the antgels cho not possess.

Che: As for ble form of our Petitiona or lavitiation of dee good Angels, whithat soat should it be of?

Ate: A short ated briel spexti.
Lhe: We buseech your to give us at cxample: we would have a confidence, it stoudd be of bure tliect.

Abe: 1 may nol.
Khey: And why?
 of the heat and lervency of the spritl: And 山eretare is proyer of such e[fect with coul.

Lhe we beseech you, shall we usw ond lum tu all?
Abe, Erery one, after a diters torm.
The: If the minde do dictate of prougst adivers foums.
you mean.

According to Auc, Jnvention anses Frum human free will and ecstatic inspiration. It is a creative pro cess. Aragels catmol crate. They are instracrenty, of
extensions, of the will al God. The human power to compose invocations and the hatuan power to assign rames (used by Adant in the Garder of Eden-See Gettewis 2:15-20) have a similar source-the spark of diwine tire that lies within every humat being.

## The Prayfr of Enoch

The angels did prowide a nodel inwhalion that Doe was fiee to follow when composing bis own set of original invocarions. This was the prayer spoken by Enoch to God durig\%, the fifty diys findely spent creating his mapical latues oi slone. Although Dee chose not la follow the pattem of this prayer, it clearly was intended by the angels to have an apedication in Enochian magic, although they newer explicity said thes to 1 lee . It may have been intended as a. finwiel for the Apocalypse wrorkigs,

Since me prayer of Enoch, delivered by Ave on July 7,1554 , is of suct greal innporlarce in the matter of Fitochian invocation, I will reproctuce it bere,

Uke Aflesward, [Ave] he came agrim, and folter at prause) said as followeth.
 Whis Look, or wark thau hast in tand. But I tobd Live, it was the koowledge that Giod deliverest uria Erawh. I said illon, that Enowh



Leed Iont 1 dit the hest thal I could cusaccive of lh.
Alpe, I will tell thee, what the labow of Etuch was for fhose filto dayces,
ble: O lond I thatk thee.
Abe. He made (as. thou thast done, thy buok) Twhleg, af Serpanan and plait stone: as the Augel of the l.ned appointent him: saying rell me fo Lonli) 山e sumbuer of the dares thatil shall latomu in. la was answered hime so.

Then be groaned within himself, sulying, Lord God Jee Fuuntian of true wisdom, thom that openest che secouts of
 unt ruy juwasd darknesse: How can । (therefore) spouk שute them thet sfeate not after the wolot of thens; ue wurdily call an thy name, comaidering thut tuy whematien is variable amd fratitese, and anknown to my self shall Ltu Sands secm to invite the Momatains: or can the swall Hivers enturtain the wonderaul and unkmown Wates?

Can the wessed of tear, frapility, or that is of a deter wisued propuctius, lifs up himself, heave up lis hauds, or fialler the Sum into his bosom? Thed it cannot hei Lowd my wper fertion is great: Lord I am teser than sond: Lond, Lly Eubid Augels anti Creatures excell me fir: our proportion is wot alike; our sense agreeth not: Nopwthstanding 1 am comforted; For that we have all one Cod, all ohe begrimity [rom Llus, that we respect thee a Creatnu: Therefore will ] Lall weurn thy marne, and in thee, I will become misthy. Thou sidall tiphe me, and T will hecome nser", I will see lly Credturts and will mafoifie thee smongsi them, Thuse thal tworm unto thee have the game gite, ind throught the surue sate, dececond. such as thou sendest, Rehold, I olice wy Lousis, my laboux, my heart and sull, If It will plecse Lhy Actueds to dwell with mee anat If with them; to refoyte with suts, that I may rejoyce with them; to miniscel tulu we, Elac: \& may magnitie thy name, Then, lo the lables (w]ich [ bave provided, and according to thy wills, pue pited) I ofles wito thee, and anto thy holy Angels, destring them, ful ant iturugh thy holy hames: That as thou nut Husir Likht, and cornifortest them, sit they, In thep will bet my lieght atu cousturt. Lard they preserithe not latws anto thee, so it is not nued that I prescribe laws untn them: whal if pleaseth drew to offer, they receive: So what it plenser]in therti lu olfer whto ine, will $[$ alsa reneive. Fiehald I siny (o Lotil) If I slaall call upon them in thy name, Be it unto me lat unchy, as untu the servant of the Highest. Leg them ilso miturfest unlu atce. How, by what wonds, anit at what lime, I shall call them. 0 Lord, is there any that measure the
 emor into mins iftugination? Thy creatares ane the Glory'
 Glaty excelleth ant (01 Lond is lir athowe my understanding. it is great wisidom, to speak aud talke according to understanding wirlu Kiogsi Lut tu bommand king by a subjenten onmonadment, is tut wistom, untesse it come from thee. Behold Lomi, Huw sliald I theretore ascend into the heavens The air will nut earcy me, but resisteth my folly. J fall itwou, hor 1 atu of the exth Theretore, D thau wery light and the bomburt, 山al tamst, and mayst, and dost Enmmant the heowers: Behold [ ofter these Tables untn thee, Command thenl as it pleaselh thes: and O yars Wimisters, ind true lights of utberstamine, Governing this earthly frame, and the elements whercin we live, Do fos me as for the serwant of the Lord: and uto whom it halh pleased the lound wo talk of yous.

Beholif, fintd, thou hasc appuluted ant 50 tinnes; Thrice 50 times wil] I lift toy hands moto lhe. Fe it unto me es it pleaseth thee, and thy holy Miusters. I Ituquire nothis. but thee, and through thee, nod for dey jomour and glory: But I hape I shall be satistien, and staill aus dies (as thay hast promised] frntll thon gather the clouds togedjer, and judpe all things; when in on moment I stall bectunged and dwell with chee for ever,

These words, wete thrice 1 dayes talk betwiat Euach and Gind: In the end of 50 dayms, thest appeared unto hims. which are not now to be miluilusted noe spoken of: he
 ent af his faith. Here may the wise learh wisfurus for what

When Are tells Dee "be in tanto thee, as thou hasl done," he is saying that even though Dues wersion of the Boak of Spiriils is incourred, the angels will acknowiln enger it 50 that Dee's sincere eflots is constrmed the book will not hawe been wasted.

## THE Jubilee

The number of findech's vables is rot stated in the prayen. lfesumably they are the sante as lone forty eight ounher/letter squares that make up Dee's tlook of Enocli, phus the First occult table that was foo baly to feveal to Dee. The last day of the: faty was probably the day of fultillment, when Eroch's mork of the prewious forly-nime was brought to firaibon by God. Goncerning the rumber fifty, Gormelitu Agrippu writes:

The number fity sigufies remission of sills, of servimoder, and also liberty, Aoconding 19 fhe JJewish| Law, ul the fiftieth year dey did remir Hebtr, and everyoue did return to his own pussessions, Hence hy' the year of Jubilioe
 50 of the Wugate] it shows is sign oif indulgency, and reptu tance The Law also, and the foly Lihnes are declared fu due same: for the tidtieth duy ofter [graed's gaing torth uut of Fgrot, the Law wis given to Moses in Mount Sinai: the fiell eth day after the resurection, the Holy Chost taver lown
 the number of grave, "ud atubuted to the Holy Ghosi. ${ }^{\top}$
Just as God gave Mostes lhe tablets of the command ments on llie fiftieth day, so are the lathles of Enoch to be jertected on the fifletth day of his ritual working, Just as the Holy Gloast descended tapon the ronitles of Chict ofity darg after the resurveclion, so are the tables of Enoch to tue acthated and empomered by the holy Sinitit on the firtieth day,

There seems to he a connection between the mumblor uf Inves Fanoch speaks his prayer to Gom, aisu che "humdied and fifty lions, and spirits of wickednesse, errems. and deceit" that God sends among the burightoous peofise ro sow corsfusion ay punishment for their misuse of

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Enoch's wisdon. However, there is not enought space in this book to consider this matter al lengenth.

## "Lord I Am Lesse Than Sand"

Two hhings to notice abour Enoch's prayer ate his alkasement of himself before God ["Word my imperfection is great, Lom J ann lesse than sand" f , and his statite intertion sof to attemply to command the angels to per form other than liejr appointed offices: "loord they pe" scribe not laws unto thee, so it is not meet that I prescribe laws unto them: What it pleastlly thee to ofier they receiver 50 what it pleaseth then to offer unto me. will I also teceive." By laking this approach Enoch ensures that his matic will never be in violation of divine law. He places himself firmaly below the angels in the hierarchy of intelligent beinges.

As first impression, this appears cuntrary to much of the mapical praclice of the Western worlit, which has in large fiart clescendelf from the inagic of ancient Eepypt through the philosophers and magicians of the Greeks and Romans. The ancient Egyphans believed themselwes able to command not only spirity, but gotls as well. This power did not extend to the First Mover, lowever.) The pods commanded by the Eqyptians were capable of indepundent actions. It was a vase of their will being tuatched agatust the will of the magician.

The angels of Enoch are not independent beings, but mere messengers or agents of the Gord of Hosts. Thens, in commanding the angels Enoch would have been in the uncomiortable position of atlempting to defy the will of God, since any action the angels migh commit that was not of their office would be in defiance" of God's will. Conversely, there was no need for Enveh
to command the angels to perform their offices, since they would do this in any case.

This raises the turestion, what good are the tables of Enoch (and by extension, the tables of Dee) if they tan only cause the angels to do what thor would do anyway? Although the angels perform their natural offitets, thhes or no rables, presumably through the use of the Lables it is pussible to call down that angetir grace. for wanmote, an ingel of good fortune will always produce good tortune since this is jits appointed office, but the magician can control where that good forbum onanms, whether in his or her life or the lifie of another person,

IL was probebly the human arrogance of altenmating ta use the magic of Enocts for base personal ends in wiolation of the natural offices of the angels that proveled Gowl to sow the Earth with the 150 spirits of deceit who laught poetic magic. Through the proliferation of goelic muagic the original wristom of Enoch was gradeally for gorten and lost from the world. Ar any rate, this is the meylh presemed to Dee and Kelley by the annells.

## Chapter Seventeen

## Enochian Magic in the Golden Dawn

## Fludutin Sprengel And the Cither Manuscript

The Hermelic Order of the Golden Dawn was a secret Rosictucian society, modeled alter Freemasonry, that nourshed in England at the end of the Vibtorian era, It Was foumded in Louton in 1858 thy three Freemasoms: Samuel Lidklell "Machregor" Mathers, Dr, Willian Whno Whestcont, and Dr. Williany Robert Woodman. whotman died in 1891, leaving the Golden Dawn to be run by Westrott and Mathers. Westcott was the solin, respectathe camersitone of the Order; Manhers its britbiant but etratic guticlimg star.

The genesis oi the Order is said to be Woodran's discovery in 1887 of a brief ocrult manuseriph in cipher, found in a book shop between the pages of a boak. When translaterd, the cipher contained the outline of five esoleric Masonic rifuals and a letter by a Cerman kosicrucian adept calling herself Frāulein Symengel. Westcotl endianed the aili of Mathers wexpand the rituals, and wrote to sprenpel, who authorized him to tound an Eugligh branch of the German occult order Die Coldene Dammernng. At least, this is the swory, A more likely explanation is that the cipher manuscript was a
[orgery, and that westort cooked up the orizimal ritual] with or without the help of Mathers.

Nevertheless, the Golden Dawn was an intpotam and Lnusidal organization for two reasons. Firsi. taupht a complete system of practical ritual mapic sold ly based in the history of Wesicm mectursm. Steotid. admitted women members as equals. In both the inchoations, dating for the diay, il was intherned by ille Theosophical Socieţ lounded by Helena Petrown Blavatsky in New York 3n 1875.

## "The Extraordinarily Developed System"

An important part of the adwanced tewhinps of the Golden Dawn was Enochian magic-puilbalsh |liw resth of research carried out by Mathers in the reading room of the Hritista Museunk Lilorary, fit is jugossilble la be cut tain about the authors of many Golden Dawn pappit because they circulated anomymously anone mennben of the order and were copied and recopied by hasnd There midy well have been other contributors. Since Enochian words of power appear in the mystorleth cipher document,' it is ewident that Mathers was wark ing on Fibuchialt magie prior to 1887 (presunaime tho cipher maruscript to be Westcott's torgery, and presum irg it to have been forged prior to the exablithlmint ont the Tsis-Utabia Temple].

Israel Regardie, who published the order papers of the Golden Dawn berween 1938-40, and who was, along with his teacher Aleister Crowley, one of the two
 Golden Dawn magic in modern Western accultiem, retarded trachiant magio as one of the greatest achteve ments of the Golden Dawn:
*o [at as we are ible to make out, bowever, the Systern migintated by means of the teremomial skryine of De. Jnhn The and Sir kitwand ketly fowards the close of the JG:th cenmiry, The oflginal diajes of Dr. Jadar Dee, reeording the flevelopment of the syitett, may be tound in Sinane Manustrets 3189.3191 in the Brilish Nuseum. But this tinnts oul pery cleuly, duat [u drese dierics is a rudimentasy selneme which teats endy lue nevs disuan relation to the estrieodinatly dereleged syecem in use by the Drder Whatchee wias responstble for bue Order sthecte of the Angelic Tablets-whether it was Maduers and Westcot or the Germanh Rosicruciath sdepte foou whage the former are supphesed to bate obtwined deir kuondedgr-was possessed of an ingenuly ond an understandiwe of Mapice such as never was to the possesslone cither of Dee or Kely?
As yob will bave galbered iron the preceding chaphiss, this is a very unjusitified slut' agatnst Dee anch Kelley, whu understood very clearly those portions of Finochian magie which the angels chase to reveal. Regaralie is mol to be blamed for this attitude, Jlis knowledge of Dees mantictripts appears to have been fuite limited, despite his claim to have ohtained *a pood deal of information alout "Enoethiana" through frivate meditation and studies at the British Mitseurch. Cowhly, Regarclets utentor in mapic, suffered from the ame shallow understinding of Deces magical diaries, unI aliol lwatide of a much more extensive experience with the Enochian syatem tham he aclually possessed.

## What the System Contans

The Enochian matgic of the Golden Dawn is atmost ontirely based on the English and Enochian texls of the Enochtan Feys, along with a curious compound version inf the four wiochtowers arranged in the paturn they
form on the Geat Table of Raphat. The Black Cross is not used hy che Golden Dawn to join the Watelatowers logether into a single Greal Table. Trstead, she Watch towess are lrtand as separate entities, and the lemters in the Black Cross are gathered binto the small magic square that appeas in Casaubon, ${ }^{3}$ which is called in the Golden Davin the Tablet of Unicun.

The Keys are used to invoke or ewoke the ang guls whase names appear written on the font Wathowers The methods for extracting the names of these amgels, and tie mames of power that summon and comment the angels, are accurately peswentes [for the most parl] by the Golder Dawn. The mames of the Thirly Acthers, or Airs, also appear in the Orater papers, but not the names or sigils of the ninery-one geppraphical spirits, of Princes, whe rule the repions af the Farth. That omis sion is probably why Cmwley eroked the Athers, hou nol llet Iutelary genie of the Aethers,"

## What the System Omits

Omitted. fromes line Enochian magic of the Golden [7awn is any direcr mention of the morziliat heptatchy of plan ecary anpels, alour wish ineis tables and sigitls, wilich Form the underbine basis of all fomblainn rugic. No mention is made of lle Table ai Practice or the rest of Lle eilual famiture of the Table, which are derived from the heptarctical system. Not is anything said aboul. the central importance of a scriag store in Fhoctian magic. 蛹estcath does refer (o) the Sigillum Aemeth in passing when writing abour the seals of the Watchow ers. saying: "This 'Libee AFineth sive Sigillum Dei' that is the Book of 'listali, of the Seal of Cod, emereeth ncth into the knowledge of a Zelator Aheplas Minors (nor,

We may suspect, itho the knowledge of anyone alsie in Ife Goldem Dasw at that time, save posisibly Mathers and Westcott).

Less surprising is the silence of the Cotiden Dawn roncerning the Enochian Book oi Spirits, which is never learly destribet in Casaubon (probabiy the primary witme for Colden Dawn Enochian magic]. There is no whareness in Ila Golden Dawn of the rectssily for making initial ceatact with the augels at the Great Table thourh an efghleetimitay ritual that employs arlghed invecatlons composed by the magician. The angels are mply summoned by mitis of the Kevs.
$A$ nulable vaid in the Enochian nagice as bhe Order is He silence conceming Kelley's Great Vision of the Watchlowers, and the golden foljsman construded by Dee that dejuicts this vision. Neither is anyming mritten about the Yisjon of the Renand House, although this may be louglve en since the imponance of this vision is srill not undermood by Enochian schotats. It should also be miemticned that the Enochian alphatet used by fhe Golden Dawn is faulty in sereral respectio. LJafon'tuately, the inflance of He Order has been so profound over the last hundred years shat these defects are universally reproduced in hooks aboul Entochian magic. As 1 mentionel nather. I thene cormected the aphabet in the presem work.

In wiew of linge many omissions, the reade may the $\quad$ rongiven for wondering why Regardie was so umpressed whith !he Enochian system of the Golten [ ${ }^{2}$ wir, The great virtue of this system is its catosiscen-cy- Faced wjth many gaps in his knowledge of the Finochian matge received by Dee and Kolley, Wothers was forced to supply lis bwin material. It was also necessary for him to rully inregrate his personal system of Entorlian magic into the nagic of the Golden Dawn,
which he was undoubtedly in the process of creating at the time he reseathed Enpchiar magic.

## The Monel of the Pentacikam

The primary model used by Mathers to structure the Enochiana system of the Golden Dawn was the relationsship between the four elements and the four lower pwints of the prenragram, which is used in Colden Dawn magic to invoke or banish elemental forces. The assignment of the dememts. to the pentagram, in turn, was conditioned by the elemental associations of the four Fixed signs of the zodiac. These zodiac associa. lions are very ancient, and serwed as the basis for the Colden Dawn understandirng of the elements. If the lower points of the pentagram are imagined to form at square, this may be daid over the wheel of the zodiac to achieve the followitig Golden Dawn arrangement.


Mothery Mutal of the Jentagram
Walhers ant his associates made the fundamental mistake of linking the four Watchlowers to the four cle. ments in the relationship that appeats on the four lower
prints of the Colden Dawn pentagram and in the Fixed igus of the zodiac. He close the ordering of the Watchinwers ugon the Revised Giean Table of Raphael as hits, sharting point and simply laid the square of the ele ments on tar of the Walchtowers.
'The existence bi a secorad, eatlier version of the Great hable, where the Watchnowers octupy differemil quarters, was never mentioned in the Golden Dawn documents. Wathers musil have known about the Original Table, since he gathered atl the letter wariations that appeat in the live extanl ecamples of the Greal Table and incorpoFated them into thir Golden Dawn Creal Tahle. As a result, same cells of the Gilden Dawil Table have two lehers, some bave thres, and some have fous.

Tho version of the Golden Dawni Watchtowers (they cannol really be called a Great Table since they are unconnected) presented on pages 290-291 is what appars in Regardie's Golden Dawr. I have allowed the inaccuratice in letlering and capitalization ro stand, it 19 Inseresting (i) speculate what the original menters os the Golden Dawu made of the appacenlly randon cupilal letters in the tables. The ninetry one spirits of The Aethers, whose seven-letter names are capitalized by the angels on the Watchotowers, are never enumerated. Westcott merely writes: "Or the letters on the Tables, some be written as capitals, These are the indhab letters oi certain Angels" natmes drawn forth by another method, nol now explained, and the offices of these do pot consern a Z[plator] Aldeptus] M[inor]. "n

There is also no nolice made hy Mathers of letters on the Whatchtowers that ate inverted righo to left in Dee's transcript. These held the highest importance for the anpels, but exactly what that importance was is never charly stated (except thal the inverted letters an the ends

## The Seals of THf Watchtowers

The Golden Dawn devcloped the iour seals of the quarters of the Great Table, described ly Kelley Jus prior to thee reception of the Watchtowers, into stylized, multicolored emblems for the Watchtowers, whille retainiog the essential features of the symbols. This was a usefut and perceptive innowation. These seals art paibled large just above the sequarale tables of the watchtomers Nhal adoned Colden Dawn temples, each WFatchilower in its Colden Dawn elemental colors. ${ }^{12}$

The outer tim and central $T$ on the seal of the Golden Dawn Watchower of Air is colored yellow; the background is mawe. The outer rim and central cross, along with the letters and numbers around the cross. on the seal of the Watchtower of Water is blue; the


background is orange. The outtr rim on the seal of the Watchtower of rire is red; mowing from IJe center outWari the concentric citcles of ble: iigore are colored green, Ied, green, red, great, clockwise fram the top be fortlve flimes around the figure are red, yellow, Haluwe, red, yollow, maver, ret, vellow, mawc, fed, yellow, maluve; the background is greth. The outer cim on the seal of the Whatchtower of Earth is black; clockwise fron the top the arms of the cross art colored citribe, olive, black, rusget: the center of the crows and the lackground are both white.

## "Elfmental Kings of the Entre Tablet"

From the patlern of each of these seals, a blame of power was oxtracted from she outermasil letter ring on Une's wax Sirilluan Acmerh. Each name begins an the capital T' wilh the small A Ahove it at the fore of Sigillum Aemerth and proweds by jumps, bither clockwise or counterclockwise, with odd letters simply inserted where this mas found hecessury. Fugandic wrote: "I'he Natnes yielded thy the analysis of the sipits ate to be considered as the Fifemental Kingas af the emtire Tifhet."I" He added that each King who bears one of these names is "purefy atifi intinsically an clemental force" and should be reated will cantion.

The elemental King of lise Colden [7won Watchtowen uf Alr is Tahatelog. The actual lether formation of his name is shown lyece.

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
4 & 22 & 20 & 18 & 1 & 0 g \\
\text { Th } & \text { h } & \text { it } & 0 & 8 & 0 g
\end{array}
$$

Chtis is extracted simply by beginning an the top of the circle of letuers and numbers atound the rim of Sigillum

Aemeth and counling four spaces clockwist for eth letter or letter group. Notice that vownels have liter inserted into the name to make it easier to pronouncm

The Kiag of the Wacchtower of Whater is Tluatath obeatannun. The extraction of this name is not neal so simple as the last, but I will give the Goluen Lyw explination, tor what it is worth:

From tuil.5.h grouped athour a croas, mote that T equale
 them G.by, and concinue f:
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}4 & 22 & b & y & 6 & 6 & \text { d } & 4 & 14 \\ \text { Th } & h & 4 & 14 & \text { h } & \text { A } & 5 & 9 & 7 & m\end{array}$
yielaing the name Thafirfyobenareman for the Whaler Tathlet.
(Four moves from T gives 22, h, b,4, is spectally phat ys. 14 moves to 22 from t. Then n, b, is special, from s.b, it ts all plain moving hy fito right [Wynn Westootf]! ${ }^{\text {at }}$
The Erst pat bi Westeotis explatathon fis cle enouph. However I'm not sure what he means by " $\gamma$. 1
 ally 21 spaces from the uppermost $4 /$ T. The " $6 . b_{0}$." apparemtly just insertech. Howewer, frum the sumare coul taining $6 / A$, the rest proceed clockwise by jumps of sha

The King of the Wiatchtowee of Earlh is Thahason The letrers that make up his nanme ate given in this order

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
4 & 22 & \text { II } & a & 0 & t & h \\
\text { Tht } & \text { in } & \text { A } & 5 & 10 & 11 & h
\end{array}
$$

If is not so obrious lach this name is extractect. 77 Golden Dawn text says: "Fram the plain Cooss, whin ectuals th4, proceed counting in each case lorward by mumbers given." The meaning, pordy expressed. that you count 4 ctockwise from the uppermost capl
\{which is regarded 35 lh \}, This plates \}ouk at the quare that contans $22 / \mathrm{h}$. Yous then count 22 clock wise from this square, which places you at the square conhining $11 / \mathrm{M}$ : You tount 11 from thes square, which phaces you dis the square containing a/5. Then you must hend back to awoid erossims the uppermost $T$ and count from this square counterclockwise 5 squares, which places you at o/10. Count 10 squares toursirchackwhe, inul you mach t/ill. Then court II squares counterJockwise to reach the b.

The Kirug of the: Watchuww of Fire is Ohooohalag. The letters in his rame are represented in this wity:

$$
\begin{array}{llllllll}
6 & & 0 & 0 & 22 & H & G & 1 \\
w_{1} & 1 & 8 & 17 & n & 12 & A & 9 \\
n
\end{array}
$$

hise wit under the 6 is not really a $W$ at all, but is intended to represent the Greek letter Omegh, which appeats inst to the feft of the uppermosit wapitat Ton che outer ring of the Sigillum Aemeth. You proceed clockwise by lumps of twelve in each case to reach the following let eer-number combibation. The rationale for this is that the Colden Dawn seal of the Watchower of Fire has Iwtlve rays radialing guta from it (Dee's scal has eleven ar nine rays). This time there is no taboy aloun cromsing the b/w that began the name.

## Enochian Chess in tie Golden Dawn

The most interesting idivsyncrasy of Gblden Dawn thwechian magic was the iuvention of Enochian chess. It was probably a purely theoretical exercise, Regardie isseits in The: Golden Down that he never encoumered a nember who was willing to play a garue with bim,
allowaeh sume adepts made "fulsome praises of um remarkable divinamry capatily."s He furl her saysy dhal the chess pieces he saw were unmounted, and that chis was "a dean findication Hal Hey had never and coult rever have been emploged."

The thont was formed of the sisteen squares of the good angele in each subquatter al a generice Watchum er, 'The supares of the Breat Cross and Jesser crosses were sinply remowed. This mesulleqt if a lugatl of sixty four sojuares, the same number is on a regular chess bonad. Fach of those supures was eliwided with a cross into four triangles, and each tringle painted its assoch ated clemernal color (yetlow, blue, black and red).

The pieces are Egypian god forms. A full sel rumit threst twenty men and sixteen pawns (the tour kinum had no pawn\}. The game was no be plityed by fout playess seated on the four sides of the boand. Fach received a quech, baight, 160 k , bishopr and king, ins well as four pawns to stand before them. The kinf necupred the eartee sumare, which he shared with him bishop. The elemental association of each set af formes is indichtow by colored bases. The forces oi the king al air have yeldow bases, those of the king ai waler blum bases, those oi the king of earth black bases, and those of the king of fise red bases.
the men move the same way they do in magulat checs, with a fow ichosymasies, The cjueen onn movi only three squares in ary direction, but she may jump oner inhrventug pileces like the kniph. There is mo casting. There is no use of en passart for the piwn which meve conty a single squace (they do not have the option of a two square mowe all ohe stard). Whem a dawl reathes the end of its rank, it is promoted to the rank on


partner continues to play in in effort to free him fiom the checkinate, When tholl players pn a team are check mated simultareously, they joge and the game is ower-

I have simplitied the description of Enochian chess that is given in the Golden Danm, [1 last mumerous weind litule querks which, 1 am quite certain, would make it impossithe to nclually play is anty salisfactory ntanner. Since it has nothing whatabever to do willh genuine Enachian magic, exoren by its name, there is no point in dewotins much space to it.

## True Enochian Chess

The Enochian chess (ye to be invented) would be thred-dimensional and would play or the fous Watch towers arranged at four hevels. It would enploy the Enorhian angels whose names appear on hac Gebat Table as men. Each fomee shlould probably consist of the King, six Seniors, and sixtecn Dispositors, with the sixleen goon aragels serving as pawns. The Great Table would have to be conceived as though it wire wrapped lhack upun íbelf into a sphere, so that a player could move off the left edge of the easkern cluarter and onto the right ectge of the southern quadrant, or off the bottom edge of the bortherth tuarter and onta the top edpe of the eastern quarter

Whe are inwiled to fill in ulue rest of the rules. I witn you, however, this will be no easy rask. II is a 「aitly simple maller to devise a concept for a board game such as chess. This is all the Enochian shess of the Goldent thaw is-a concept. It is a far mote difiticult chatlenge to come up with a seb of riles that allowers the gane to be played as an equal contest to asatisfoy ing conclusion within an agreeable lengith of time.

## Appendix A

## Enochian Book of Spirits

## A Reconstructed Enochilan Book of Spritis

In this appeondix, I have altemeted to reconstruct the Brove of Spints that is to the used to summots and establish a communication with the angels of the Greal Tahle luring the initial eiphleen-day working. I have used the atructure of tle Original Great Taible of the Watchtowers 13 the bastis for these invocations because I am presentMig the oripinal Emochian magic of Dee and Kelley, Anyone who has understood the exposition of the Great Talile previously given can, with lifle difficulty, alter the text and entering of the invocations and the spelling wif the spirit names to veflect the structure of my own Restored Great Table or (though I de not recormmend it) the stnucture of the Gital Table of Raplael.

In this work, I have placed the luind cycle of the Tispositurs and good angels on the nonthem sulbpuarters. It would seem more rational to place the cycles successively in a circle clockwise, east, south, west, north. Howewer, it is clear from the Oripginal Table and the Wision of the Round House liat the angels intended the cycles of the subquarters to be uranged in rwo rows in the order east, south, north, wess. This in spite of the fact that the indiwidual subquarters of each cycle amund the Greal Table are unfoldect in che order east. sousth, wesl, north.

This contradiction between the way the cycles are turfoldedl around the Great lable (east, south, north. west) and the way the indiwidual subquaters in each cycle are minfolded (east, south, west, north) makes no sense to me. However, I have decifed not to socond guess the angels on this matter. The amangement of the sulbquaters alsd thele four cycles of four art presented as they were delivered by Ave to Dee. For a better undersilanding of this distinction, see the diagrana of the four cycles of the Keys in Clapter Fourteen, which shows the sane atrangement.

It should be noted that the Emochian letter Want stands for both $U$ and $v$ in Enplish. Therefore these Eng" lish letters may be interthangert in the names of the angels where this aids the pronunciation of the names. If pou compare the names of the angets leftow with the levters on the Oripinal Great Table (which I have not altered, sacepl to enrsect errurs) you will see when I have made this substimtion. Generally, I have substitufed $U$ in place of $v$ when there is no adjacent wowel or when the ease of vibrating the name is greatly impluwed.

These inwocations should be written or typed out by the magician on clean praper, and then bound into the form of a book. Alternatively, they may be written by hand in a new bound jourrat of tank pages. II is also a good idea to include a table conraining all che names of God ant the angels ins each invocation before the text of that invocation, as Dee did in his own version of liee Book of Spirits. One of the reasons is that it allowa the joclusion in the hook of the names of the evil angels, or cacodemons, formed of three Jetters. These names are compased of two leflers from turder the left arms of the lesser crosses coupled with a prefatory letwel' from the wack Cross on the same line of the Great

Table. The names of these demons ate nat to be voiced in the invocations, but the augels do not expressly forbid that they be written in the book. Dee included them in bis lalyles.

It is usually the practice in ritual magit Io memarize the text of lewocations prior to the ritual in which they are to be used. This is always the best course. However, these Enochian invocations are quite complex. Since the Book of Spirits obviously was inlemiled taplay a central role in the invocations, it will be acceptable ton the angels if the magician reads the text from the book he ar she has made. In either case, the book should always he present during the invocations, Each invocation is read three times on its own day: moce al sumbie, outce at mom, ancel ance at sumset.

These readings must he tone in a lroly place, a ylace that lias been ritually cleansed and consecrated to its purpose. A bame should the kept burning on the Table of Practice during the inpocations. The Tatble may fie used as an aluar duriug rilual as well as a support for the scrying stone. The magicjan should be dresself is clean white liner, and be physically and mentaily pure in the magical sense. A cleansing prayer is recommented before each speaking of an invocation.

A large representation of the Groal lable wi the Watchtowers that conesponds with the structure of the invocations shoulid also be presems. You may wish to athopt the Golden Dawn practice of dividitg the Great Table into individual Watchlowers and hanpinp, these on the walls of the rimal chamber in the fotr directions, Or you may prifer to use my own Enochiar cube, a cubic representation of the Great Table that I suggested for Geratal anal Helty Schueler's The Angels" Messagan to Humanity. See the Scherefers thenok for a description of
its making, If the cube is employed, in should be placed on the Table of Practice during the invocations.

It may be that the Ehok of Sphrits is mbe used only duting the eighteen days of the initial invocation. Its primary pupose is to call forth the angels so that they call bes intuced an write thelr sigils or signatures in the Book of silyered Leaves, using the bocty of the ofagician as their writing instrmone On this subject the agge Ave tells Dee:

Abs" Yau minst never mae the [linen| Garmmon after, bul that ance onelt, neither the baok.

Keiley: Tin what end is the trook made then, of it be wol to he used after.

Hee: It is matre for ta be used that day ontely?
Notice mat it is Dee who says the book is so be ueted only on the nineleutlh day or itse working, not Ave. The angel shas ahe book and the special linen frament are to be used only once, but this nay mean only duing che ferivo of the working- Certainly it would seem necessury to refer to the invocations in the Hook of spirils oil successive liays, Berhatis blie linen garment that is worn on the day of consummation may also be worn on lhe eighteen days oil invotalion, foul mever aiter the workiog is conlicluded.

Nor it is completely clear whith book Ave refors to, allowigh [yee and kelley seen to assume that the angel is tulking about the Book of Spirits, here riay mean thal the fouk of Silverind Leaves is to be used only once, al the time the invoked angels imprint their sigils npon in, If this is 50 , then not restriecron Is phaced by the angels on the use of the Book of Spirits.
rou will find it easier to comprehend nac owerall pattern of the Esook of Spitias in this appendix if you refer
to the table near the bepinning of Chapter Thirtem, which shows the ofitues of the various classes of angels on a Watchower. These groups and their works are the satae on all bur watchtowsery, but the angels of each
 ar the E.arth.

Some Neopagan practitimers may alipect to the overtly Christian concent of these invocacions. They are free to compose their own set bl invecalions that do not mention the Hebrew rames of God or the name of Clirisl. However Wney whould consider that Enochian magie functions within the context of Christianty and Jrakes expensive ube of Christian, Gnostic, and Kabbaljstic symbolism. Indeed, in is scarcely possible to muderstand Enochian magic without a knowredge of the myths and magic of the Old and New 'lestaments, ass 1 have demonstrated in my book Tetragrimmoton. I used ath my thatels Dec's own invoulions in Liber Scientiae and the prayer of Enoch deliwered to Dee by the angel Awe, which $]$ ducted in full in Chapter Sixteen. These paradigms are responsible for the Chrisulan torte-

In corcoposing the followine oripinal invocations, I hope that $T$ have managed io ato a betper job thean [lee, and that Ave would not tell mee, as be wold Dee, "Wyr bomber, I see thou dosi not umterstand the rnystery of this Book." Howewer, only time and EQpeated nse will powe lie worth, br lack of worlf, of these invocations.

| ANGFLS OF THE FIRST DAY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Ruling Name | Nimus of Coml |
| East | Mdonail Salualli | ORO, JEAH. AOTIPT |

## Invocaton of the First Day: Banners of the EAST

Mlonai Sabaoth, Lord pi Itosis, ilhe fountain of true wiss dom. who opens the mysteries of being and mot being. who knows the imperfections and inner darkness of men, !, $\qquad$ .a frapile wessel of the making of your hands, stand here before you and call upon your name, I am less than the sand before your mounlain. I am less than the toments in the springtime before the womiterful and unknown waves of your shat, Yet 1 call upon your name, and in your name I am beconve miglty.

Light my soul and make me a seer of wisions, thal I may see your creatures who ate the glory of your coumtenance. I will plaise your names and magnify wour works anong them. Those who lift beir bearts to you in the east ascend by one gate, and through that gats destend your appointed messengers, for we have all one God, all one beginming from you, and all ackocowl edge you the sole Creato:

I offer ancl dedicate this cutble of the Walchlower of the East unto you, and waito your holy angels whose nambs appear inscribed upon this tahle and written in this book. desiring their presence in and through your loly names of the east, ORO, IBAH, MOZPI, and yous other names having domimion in the east. Lel it please your angels to dwell wish me, that I may dwell with chem; to rejoice with mee, that 1 may rejoice with them; 10 rminisler unto me, thas I may magniify your mames among thenn.

As you ate the light and comfor to your angets, so are they my lipht and comfort in your bames; as it plases then ta teceive what you offer, so also 1 reveive with pleasure what they offer unto me: even as they pryscribe no laws unto yon, 0 Lord, so shall I prescribe no liws unto thens.

Betoold, when I call upon then in wour names that are in the Watchuower of the East, lee it he unto me in mercy 15 unto the true servant of the Highest. Let them manifest to me in the enstern regious at whatever time or circumstance, and by whatever words. I call them. So alsa len thera depart when 1 bid ibers depart. Let them do for me as for the servant of the Lord.

Betoold, O Lord, the true lipht and comfort of the wortd, the riter of the heavens, T affer this tathe of the Watchower of the East unto you. Command it acconding to wour pleasure, By the Father, lie Sous, and the Holy Chost. Amen. Amen. Amen.

| ARGELS OF THE SFCOND Daj |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Fuling Nama | Names ai Cod |
| South | Atonsi Malekh | MOR, DIAL FICTGA |

## Invocation of the Second Day: Banners OF THE SOUTH

Alonai Matekh, Lord and King, the fountaira of true wisdom, whe ppens the mysteries of being and not beinge who knows the imprerlections and inner darkness
of men, $1_{2}$ $\qquad$ a fragile wessel of the making of your hands, stand here before you and call upon your name. I am less than the sand before your mowntain, I am less Itan the toments in the spriuglme hefore the wonderful and unknowit wavee of your sea. Yet I tall upon your name, and in yout name I amt hecome mighry:

Light my soul and make me a seer of visions, that 1 may see your creatures who are the ghory of your coun tenance. I will prase your names alsd magnify four works anong them. Those who lift their hearts 10 youl in the south ascend bry one gate, and llirough that gate descend your appointed messengers, for we have all one Cod, all one heginning from you, and all acknowledge you the sole Creator.

1 offer and dedicate this table of the Watchower of the South unto you, and unte your hely angels whoge names appear inseribedt upon this table and written in this book, desiring their presence in and through your holy names of the south. MOR, DAAL, HCTGA, and yous other narnes having dominion in the south. Ler it please your angels to dwell willy me, that I may dwell willi them; to refoice with me, that I may rejoice with thera; to minister unto me, thal 1 may magnify your names among them.

As you are the light and combor to your angels, so are they my ligh ant comfort in your names; as it pleases them to receive what you ofler, so also I receive with pleasure what they oifer unto me; even as they prescribe no laws unta you, O Lord, so shall I prescribe no laws unto them.

Behold, whein I call upon them in your mames that ate in the Watchtower of the Soulh, ler it be unto me in mercy 15 unto the Lrut servant of the Highest, Ift hlem mandifest to me in the southern regions, at whatever time
or circumstance, and by whatever words, I call them. So also let thern depart when I bid them depart. Let them tho for me as for the serwant of the Lond.

Behold, O Lord, the tree light and comfor of the work, the rulerof the lieavens, I oifer this talle of hise Watchtawer of the Souch unto you. Command it according to your pleasure. By the father, the Son, anch hee Toly Ghost. Amen, Amen, Amen.


| ANGELS GF THE THRRI DMy |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Qпапा⿺𠃊 | Ruling Mame | Ninots of Glul |
| West | Elohtim Sahaoth | MPH. ARSL. GALOL |

## Invucation of the Third Das: Banners of THE WEST

Elohim Sabaoth, God of Hosts, the fountain of true wisdom, who opens the mysteries of being and not being. who knows the imperfections and inner darkness of methe, I. $\qquad$ a Fragile westid of the making of your hands, stand here before you and call upon your name. I am less thand the sand thefore your momain, I am less than the warrents in the springlime betore the wonderial and unknown waves of pous sea. Yet I call upoll your name, and in your tame I am become mighty.

Light my soul and make me a seer of visions, that I may see your crearnes who are the glory of wour cours. tenance. I will praise your names and magnify your warks anong them. Those who lifg their heats io you
in the west ascemil ly ane gate, and through that gate descend your appointed messengers, for we bave all one Codt, all one beginning from yous, and all dckogwledge you the sole Creator.

I offer and dedicate this lable of the Watchtowar of the khest unto gon, and unto your hely angels whose names appear inectibed upen this table and writen in this book, tesijitug thait presence in and through your holy bames of the west, MPH, $A R S L$, MAlOL, and youl other hannes laving itominion in the west. Let it please your angels to dwell with me, that I may dwell with thenis; [a rejoice with me, that I may rejoice with them; to minis-


As you are the lipht and emion lo goar angels, so are they ray ligle and comfort in your names; as it fleases them to receive what you ofter, so also T receive with pleasure wilat lhey afre unto me: even as they prescribe no laws unto Trol, O Lord, se shall | prescrilye no liverg unto theita.
fielublid, when t call upor thern in wour gannes that are in the Watchtower of the West, len it he toto me in meng' הs mola the rowe servant of the Highest. Let them manifest to me jn the western regions al whatever time or circumbilanter, and ly whatever words, [ call them, so also ler them depurt when I bid therm deparl. Les them do for nue as ier the serwant of the Lord.

Bohont. O Lord, the true lesthe and comifor of the prorld, the ruler of the lecavens, I offer rbis table of the Walchorwer of the Whest unto yous. Command it accorclitg to your pleasure, By the Father, the Son, and the Holy Glansi- Amben. Amelt. Armen.

| ANGEJS OF THE FOURIH DAY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Furing Nanie | Ninnes of God |
| North | Elowh Va-Lath | OIP, TEAA, PDOCE |

## Invocation of the Fourth Dax: Banners of The North

Eloah Va-Daath, Manifest God, the fountain of true wisdom, who opens the raysteries of teing and hou being, who knows the imperfections and inner darkness of men, $\mathrm{J}_{\text {. }}$ $\qquad$ a fragite vessel of the making of your hauds, stand here before yon dand call upon your name. I an less than tie sand before your mourtain. I an less than the korcents in the springtime betore the wandernul and unknowill waves of your sea. Yet f call upon your name, and in yout matree I an become mighty.

Lightu my soul and make me a seer of visions, that I may see your creatures who are the glory of your countenance. I will prase your hatues and magnity your works amtong thern. Those who lift their hearts to you in the north ascend by one eate, and through that gate descend your appointed messengers, for we have all one God, all one hegiming from you, and all acknowledge you the sole Creator.

1 offer and defficate this table of the Watchtower of the Norith whto you, and undo your holy angels whose names appear inscribed upon this table and writen in this book, desiring their presente in and through your holy names of the roorth, OIP, TEAA, PDOCE, and your other names having tominum in the north. Let it please your angels 10 diwell with me, that I may dwell with thern; (k) rejpice with me, that 1 nay rejoice widh chent; 10 mainister unto me, that 1 may magnify your manes among them.

As you are the light and comfort to your angels, wo are they my light and comfort in your names; as il pleases then to receive what you offer, so also I receiwe with pleasure what they oifer nato me; even as they prescribe wo laws unto you. O Lerd, so shall 1 prescring no luws unto them.

Behold, wheil if call upor them in your names that are in the Watchtower of the North, let it be note met in mercy as unto the true servant of the Highest. Let them manifest to me in the northern regions at whal aver timp or circumstance, and by whatever words, I call then. 5u also lea them depar when I bid thern depart, Let l hem do for me as for the servant of the Lard.

Behold, 0 Lord, the true light and comforl of the would, the ruler of the heavens, I affer this table of the Watchtower of the North unto you. Command it accord ing to your pleasure. By the Father, the Soni, and the Holy Chost. Amen. Amen. Amen.

| ANCEIS DF THE FIFTH DAY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Publing Nanas | Sendar |
| Eusc | Prataiva <br> Bataivh | Abloro Н. $\boldsymbol{7}$ 亿jom |
| South | lczhtica Terhhel | ALLtom Laidrom |
| 109434 | Ralipios Ranagiol | Srahhom Lsiahpm |
| North | Elutprita EAlpros | Aeppio Aactpig |

## Invocaton of the Fifth Dat: Senors of Sprifi, Left

You four Seniors who stand in the Walchtowers upon the line of Spirit to the left side of the pillar of the Son and the Father, in the name of God who is buth one and three, 1 $\qquad$ call upor you to manilest yourselver. Yisa in the wizchtower of the East whe are Alsiom, the minister of mercy hy God the \$ors, I rall upon in the name of mercy Bataiva; fut when you are Habiori, the minister oi sevelify by God the Falher, I call upot you by the name of severity Ralaivh.

You in the Walchtower of the Sourth who are Aidrum, the minister of mercy by God the Son, L call upon in the name of merey Iczhhica; but wheth you are Laidrout, the minister of severily ly God the Father, 1 call upon you by the name of severity lezhlicl.

You in the Watchtower of the West who ate Srahprn, die' menister of mercy by God the Son, I call upon in the name of mercy Raagios; but when you are Lstahpm, the minister of scverity by God the Facher, I call upost yous by the rame of severily Ragiol.

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You in the Whatolower of the North who are Aergion, the mwinister of mercy by God the Son, I call upen in the name of mercy Eldpma; butl when you are Aatpio, tho minister of severity by God the Father, I call upon you by the name of severity Edlproa,

I say Lo youl all, descend throuph the gates I bave prepared for your passae and dwell wih me. Be manitest unto me m what natmel, and byr what mords, ant at what time I call you, so that I may magnity the name of Cod among yru. Be my teachers and guides in the knowletge of all luman affairs, and execute failtofully and in a pertect manner whatever task I revime of yeu that falls wilkin four office. Be a light and comtort whto me, for $I$ am the true gervant of the Hiphest, who is the light of heaven assd the comfort of the world. Anen. Amen. Anen.

| Cumer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANGELS OF THE SIXTH DAY |  |  |
| Quarter | Fuling Name | Senjor |
| East | Bataiva | Asoknif |
| Sould | Iczatitha | Aczinor |
| West | Rasgius | Suineut |
| Narli | Eldpma | Adopet |

## Invocation of the Sixth Dar: Seniors of the Son, Above

You fout Semiors who stand in the Watchowers upon the [ine of the son allowe the libe of holy spiril, in the narme of hod who is both one and three, I $\qquad$
call upoi you to manifest yourselves.
You in the Watchower of the East who are Aacraif, the miniser of mercy by God the Son. I call upon in the name of mercy Bataiva.

You in the Watchtower of the South who are Accinor, the minisier bl mexy by God the Son, 1 call upor in the name of mercy lezhhea.
tou th the whathower of the west who are siditnous, the minister of mercy by Gond the Sont, I call upon in the name of mercy Ratyios

You in the Watchtowes of the North who are Atoevet, the minister of mercy by God the Sont. I call upon in the name of mincy Platprua.

Isay to you all, descend through the gales 1 have prepared for your passage and chwell with me. Be manifest unto me in what mannex, and by what words, anch at what sime I call you, bo that 1 may mapnity the name of cont amone you. Be my teachers and guiles in the knowfecter oif all human alfais, and execute faithfully and in a perfect, manner whatever task I rex luite of you that talls within yentr office. Be a lipht and camfort unto me, fort I ars che true serwant of the Highest, whe is the light of beaven and the comfort of the world. Amen. Amen, Amen.

| ANGLLS OL HLE SLUENTI DAY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Qumerer | Ruling Name | Steniar |
| İSt | Hatajuta | Htrmosda |
| South | lezhhol | Lzj刀口ря |
| Wesc | Rasajiol | Lataxip |
| Noutlt | Lilputam | Alodod |

## Invocation of the Seventh Day: Seniors of THE FATHER, ABOVE

You tour Seniors who stand in the Watchtowery upon the line of the Father ahowe the line of haty Spirit, in the name of God who is both one and three, I
$\qquad$ call upon you to manifest yourselwes.
Wou in the watchfower of the East who are fftmorda, the minister of severe judgement by God the Falther, I call upon in the bame of judgement Bataiph.

You in the Watchower of the South whe are I, inopu, the miluster af severe judgement by Got the Father, I call upon in the name of judement lezhhel.

You jol the Walchower of the West who are Laoaxp. the minister of severe judgement by Cod the Father, I call upon in the nanae of judgentem Raagin.

You in the Wathtower of the North who are Alndoad, the minister of sewere judgement by God the Father. I call unom in the name of judgement Edpena.

I say to you all, descend through the gates I have prepared for your pasage aud dwell with me. Be manifest unto me in what manner, and by what words, and at what time I vall you, so that 1 may magnify the name of God among you. Be my teachers and guides in the knowletge of all human affairs, and execute faillifully
and in à perfect manner whatever lask I require of you that falls within your office. Fie a light and combert tento me, for 1 and the rue servant of che Highest, who is the light of haven and the comfort of the world. Aman. Amer. Amen.


| ANGLLS OF THE EIGEITE DAY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quareer | Huling Name | Suniar |
| F.ast | buwivh | Hacisyi |
|  | Biataiva | Aluagzp |
| Siputh | [czl]] $\mathrm{c}_{\text {d }}$ | Lherga |
|  | \|cahtica | stluctpat |
| Phest | Renajol | Lgaiol |
|  | Huag ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Styaid] |
| NOIth | Extprana | Apuloce |
|  | ELdjumel | Aapmoce |

## Invocation of the Eighth Day: Seniors of Spieit, RIGHIT

You four Senions who stand in the Watchnowers upon the line of Spinit to the riph side of the pillar of the Son and the Father, in the name of God who is boch one and Lhreet, T $\qquad$ call upori you to manifest youtselwes. Fou in the Watchtower of the East who are Haozpi, the minister of severity by God the Father, I call upon in the tame of severity Balaivh: but when you are Ahzozpi, the minister oif mercy by God the son, I call upon you by the name of mercy Falaiwa.

You in the Watchrower of the South who ate Lhetga, the minister of severity by God the Father, I call upos in the mane of severify lexhimel; but when you are Alluctgan the minister of mercy by God the Son, I call upor you by the name of mercy teduhea.

You in the Warchtower of the West who are Iqaial, the minister of severity by God the fanther, I tall unon in the name of severity Ragiol; but when you ate Sigaiol, the minister of mercy by God the Son. I call upon you ly the name of mercy Ratgins.

You in the Watchtower of the North who ane Appoce, the rthinister of severily hy God the Father, 1 call upon in the name of severity Edlprna; but when you ate Aapdoce, the minister of mercy by Got the Som, If call upon yous by the bame of mercy Eldprna.

I say to you all, descend through the gates I have prepared foa your passage and dwell with me. Be noank fest unto me in what manner, and by what words, and al what titue I call you, so that 1 nay magnify the namp of God among you. Be my teachers and guides in the knowledge of all human affairs, and exectate failhinlly and in a perfect manner whatever task I require of you that falls within your office, Be a light and comfort umn me, for $I$ am the true servant of the Highest, who is the tight of heaven and the comfort of the world. A파en Amen Amen.

| ANCFLS DF THE NIMII LhEL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wuarter | Holige Namb: |  |
| Esst | Framivh | Hipursa |
| Smuth | \|Latatucl | Lhan刀sal |
| WLSL | Knogiol | Ligedisa |
| Narth | Enlpiona | AL安 |

## LNwOCATION OF THE NINTH DAY: SRNTORS OF the Father, Below

You four Seniors whu) siand in the Watchtowers bpon the line of the Farber below the line ui holy spisit, in the same of Cod who is bolk bue and three, I $\qquad$ call upor yon to manifest wourselves.

You in the Watchtower of che Jast who are Hipotga, the minister of severe judgement by Goil Itt: Father, 1 tall unon in the name of judgement Bataiwh.

You in the Walchower of the South whe are Thiallia, the minister of severe jullgement by cod the Father, I call upon in the name of judgement Icaluw,

You fon the Watchtower of the West who are Ligdisa, the minister of severe judgemeut by Cod the Fallher, I call upon ins the bame of fudgement Raagiol.

You in the Wachtowet of the North who are Arinnap, the cainister of severe judgement by bind the Fabher, I call upon in the mane of jutgriment Edprna.

I say to you atl, descend throuph the gates I have prepared for your passage and dwell with me. Be manifest unto me in whal manmer, and by what words, and at what lime I call you, so that 1 may matrify the name of God amone yout. He my twachers and guides in the knowledge of all human affairs, and execull faithfully and in a perfect manner whatever task I require of you
that falls within youl ofice, Bea light and combort Unito me, for II an the true servant of the Highest, who is the fight of heaven and the comborl of the warld, Amen. Ament, AJtien.

| ANGELS OF THE TENTH DAY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Ruling Name | Semper |
| Fast | Balaiva | Aulotar |
| South | Ecanlica | Acmbicu |
| Weet | Rangios | 5 majam |
| North | 1-Jdprata | Alodoir |

## Invocation of the Tenth Day: Senlors of the Son, Below

You four Seniors whor stand in ehe whatchtowors unon the line of the son below the line of haty spirit, in the name of Cod who is both one aud three. i $\qquad$ call upan you to manifest yourselves.

You in the Warctotower of the East who are Autotar the minister of mercy by God the Son, I call upon in llye lantre of mercy Halavi

You in the watchtermas of the Smallo who are Acrer buicu, the minisiler of mercy ly God the Son, I call upon in whe lame of mercy lozhbca.

You in lie Watchower of the West who are Soaizn, the mindster of marcy by God the son, I call ujpan in the ratme of mery Raagios.

You in the Watchtuwer of the Nosth whis ate Anodoin, the minster of mercy by God the son, I call upora in the natue of meroy Eldproma.

T say to you all, descend through the gates I hawe prepared for your passage and dwell with me. Be manifest into me in what matner, and by what wonts, and at what time I call you, so that I may mapnify the name of God armonty you, Pe my teachers, and gurdes in the knawletge of all human adfairs, and exectare faithfully and in a perfect matncer whatever task I reciuire of you that falls wilhuin your office. Be a light and comfort unto me, for I am the true servant of the Highese, who is the hight of heaven and the contiont of the world. Amen. Amen. Amen.

| ANGEIS OF THE ETFVENTH DAY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Qilamer | Ruling Name | Lisprositars | From the Cross |  |
|  |  |  |  | Diame |
| F-15t | F.rzia | Rula <br> Zlar' <br> TaTR <br> Aral | 1 | IMON |
| Sould | Lbozel | Boza <br> Ozaht <br> Zabo <br> Aboz | A | AOWI |
| West | Ataad | Taad <br> Adt <br> Adta <br> Llad | 0 | ONIA |
| Fiorth | Adopu | Topa <br> Opad <br> Pudo <br> Adop | N | N/MO |

## Invocation of the Eleventh Day: Disfositons of Joning

you sixteen Dispositors who stant above the arms of rhe costern lesger crossee of the four Watchtowers and are potent and skilleil in the folming Ingenter and destruction of natural substances, in the name of God who is both one and three, I ___ call apon yitu it manifes yourselwes.

You four lights of understanding and truth who dwell) ins ble Wath hither of the East, stanting ahove the atms of the lesser cross of the east, and have your office in the
eastem part of the world, Rzla, Zlar, Larz and Arzl, I call upen You in the fourfold name of the crose fion and in the tame of God particular to your office, Erzla.
kou four lights of anterstanding and truth who dwell in the Watchtower of the South, standing above the amms of the lesser cross of the east, ant have your offite in the Gioutherlu part af the world, Boza, Ozab, Zabo and Aboz, I call upon you in the fourfold name of the cross AOND, amm in the name of Goft particular to your oftice, Eboza.

You four lights of underytand and truth who dwell in Lhe Wanctrower of the Whes, standing above the arms of the lesser cross of the east, and have your office in the western part of the wortd, Taad, Aadt, Adta and Dtaa, I call upon you in the fourfold name of the ctoss ONIA, and in the name of God particular to your cilfice. Mantil.

You four lights of understanding and truth who dwell in the Watchtower of the North, standing alowe the annts of the lestert cross of the cast, and have your office in the nonthem part of the world, Dopar Opad, Pado and Molup, I call upon you in the forerfold name of the cooss NHAO, and in the name of God particular to your office, Adopa.

I say to you all, descend through ibe gates I have prepared for your passage and dwell with me in harmony. Be manieest unto nuy senses io what manner, and with whan wards, and ar what time I call wou, so that I may mapnify the name of God annong yon: Be my reachees and guides in the ants of foining and loosing. and discharge faithtully and in a periect manner whatever service I requile of you thal falles withen your appointed office. Be a light and comfort unto me, for I am the true servant of the Highest, wion is the light wir heaven and the comfort of the world. Amen, Armen. Amen.

| ANGFLS OF THE TWELFTH DAY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ruting Name | Dispkesitors | From lue Cross |  |
|  |  |  | Jetter | тsame |
| Fast | Lutpa | UTEA <br> T「аוリ <br> Faut <br> Autp | 1. | 14 NW |
| Soubl | Fphra | Phira <br> Hrap <br> Raph <br> Apils | A | ANLIL. |
| Wegt | Aldinas | Tdim Djıา Imud Midī | N | NLLA |
| Nardj | Maman | Altua <br> Nada <br> Aann <br> ANut | U | ULAN |

## Inyocation of the Thelith Day: Dispositors of Transporting

Fou sixuen Dispositors who stand abowe the arms of the souchern lesser crosses of the four Wateluowers and are potent and s.killed in transporting from place to place. in llie name of God who is both one and three. I call tupon you to nanjifest yourselves.
Fou four lights of taverstanding and truth who dwell in the Watchtower of the Enst, slanding above the anims of the Jebser cross of the south, and have your office in the eastern paft of the world. Htpa, Tpau, Pout and Autp,
call upon you in the fourfold mane of the cross LANLI, and tin the name of Cod particular' to your office, Eutpa.

You four lighes of unalerstanding and truth who dwell in the Watchtower of the South, slanting above the arms of the lesser crass of the south, and have wour office in the youlhern part of the world, Plera, Hrap, Raph and Aphr, I call upon you in the fourfold name of the cross ANDL, and in the name of God particular to your office. Ephica.

You fous lights of understand and trulth who dwell in the Watchtower of the West, standine above the arms of the lesser cross of the south, and have your office in the westem parn of the world, Tdims, Dimt, Jond and Midfi, 1 call upon you in the fourfold nanne of the cross NuLs, aud in the nante of God particular ta your office stdim.

You four lights of undersiancling and truth who dwell in the Warchtower of the North, standing aluowe the arms of the lesser cross of the soullh, and have your office in the: morthern part of the world, Allan, Naaa, Aaill and Anna, I call upon you in the fourfold name of the cross $\mathrm{UJ} / \mathrm{AN}$, and in lle name of God particular to your office, Aanal.

I say to you all, descend through the gales I have prepared ior your passage and dwell with me in harmomy. Be utanifest unto my senses in what mantuer, and with what words, antil at what time I call you, so that I may magnify the name of cod among you. Be my teachers and gaides in the arts of transporting from filate to place, and discharge faithfulty and in a pertect manner whatever serwice I require of you that falls wilhin your appointed offee, bie a light and comfort unto me, for I ann the true servant of the Highest, who is the light of heaven and the comfort of the world, Amen, Airlient Amen.

| ANGEIS OF THE THIHTELENTH DAY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quanter | Huling Natre | Disposilurs | Fiom the Cross |  |
|  |  |  | lettei | name. |
| Lias | Неппт | Cubr <br> Nbre <br> Bris <br> Econ | A | ACML |
| Scuith | H1OM | Roan <br> Gam' <br> Anro <br> Nroa | C | CMUA |
| West | PTnag | Mal <br> Aglm <br> Gilctib <br> Lmag | M | MUAC |
| North | Ppsac | Psac <br> Sucp <br> Acps <br> Cps:a | 4 | UACM |

## Invocation of the Thirteenth Day: Dispositors of the Sciences

Fou sixteen Disposilors who stand above the arms of the northen hesser crosses of the four watchtowers and are phent and skilled in the mechanical arts and scilences, in the mamis of Cod who is both on and three. 1 cala upon you to mabifest yourselves.
You four lighls on understandina, and lrully who dwell in the Whatchower of the Eask, standing alowe the ams of the lesser cross of the north, and hawe your office in the eastern parl of the world, Cnbr, Nbrc, Firch and Ranb, II
call upous you in the fourfold ramer of the cross $A C M E$, and in the name gl God particular to your ocjice. Hentor.

You four lights of understanding and truth who swell in the WFachower of the Soutl, slanding aloowe the ams aif the lesser conss of the rwoth, and have your offioe in the southern port of the world, Roan, Oanr, Agre and Nroa, call upon you th the fourfolt name of the cross CMLA, and in the name of Got porticula no your office, Froan.

You four kights of understand and trath who dunell in the Watch1ower of the Wiest, stascling above the arms of the lesser cross of the north, and have your affice in the wascern par ar the world, Magl, Aghl, Glma and Intag. I call unon you in the fourfold name of the moss MUAC, and in the nanm of God particular to your otfice, I'magl.

You four lights wi understanding and trath who dwell in the Watchuwer of the Norch, standirng abowe the ams. of the lesser cross of the noth, and have your office in the noriles part of Lhe world, l'sac, Sucp, Acps and Cpsa, I call upon you in the fonmiold name ar the cross UACM, and in the rame of God particular to your office, Ppsac,

I say to you all, debend through the pates I have prepared for your piasisage and dwell witll me in hasmonyr. Be manifest unto moy senses im what manner, and with what words, and at what time I call yous, so that I miay mupnify the Jome of God among you, Be my teathe ers and zaldes in the mechanical arts and sciences, and discharge fiathlulty and in a perfect mathev' whatever service I wipume of you that falls whinin your appoimed office- Be a ligtst and comfort unto me, for I am the true servant of the Eighere, who is the linght of heaven and the combor of the wiorld. Amen, Amen. Amen.

| ANCELS OIF TIIE FOURL'ELNIH DAY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarte: | Rullag Name | Dispusilura | Frona the Cross |  |
|  |  |  | letter | mame |
| Eas 1 | Hxgrad | XBzd <br> Gzd. <br> Zdxg <br> 7r m ? | A | ASIR |
| South | [11.103 | law <br> Aomi <br> Omia <br> Mtau | 5 | SIRA |
| Whesi | Prulrix | NITX <br> Lrxn <br> Bxnl <br> Xnir | I | IRAS |
| North | Pziza | $\begin{aligned} & Z i z a \\ & I z a z, \\ & Z a: \geq i \\ & A z i z \end{aligned}$ | k | RASI |

## Invocaton uf the Fourteenth Day: Dispositors of Seckets

Fou sixteen Dispositorc whe shand abowe the armas of the wesleri lesser cuasses of the dour Wotchtowers and art potent and skilled in ant disurdery of human secrets. in Hele nane of God who is both one and three, I $\qquad$ call tpon yon to manifes yourselves.

Yout four lights of underscanding atid lrullo whe dhetl in the Wavchtower of the East, standine above the arms of the lesser cross of the west, amithave your office in the eatim'll parl of the wordd, Xpzd, Gzdx Zdxg and Dxgz., I
call upon you in the frudold rame of the cross ASIR, and in the bathe of Goul particular to your office, Hzpad.

You four lights of understanding and truth who dmell in the Watetower of the South, standing abowe the ams of the desser cress of the wasi, antil hawe your office in the soulhern parl uf the world, laom, Aerni, Dmis and Milao, I call upon you in the formold manme dif tite crobs sifa anct in the name of cod particular to your office Hianm.

You four lights al unferstand and truth who dwell in the Watchtower ot the West, standing abowe the arms al the lesser cross of the west, and have your oftice in the mestern pare of the world, NDLx, Lixn, Rxmi and Xnlr, I call upon you in the fourfold name of the cross $1 R A S$, and in the name af God particular to your alfies, Prulex.

You four lights of understanding and trath who dwell in the Watchatower of the Worth, shanding abowe the arms of the lesser cross of the west, and hawe your affice in the norihern fart af the world, Ziza, Izax, zazi and Aziz, 1 call upon you in the foutold nome of the cross Rasi, and in the atome ar Gul particular to your office. Pziza.

1 say to you all, descend thongh the gates 1 bitwe prepared for your passage and dwell with me in hamony. Be manifest unto my smstas in whal manmer, and with what words, and at what time I call you, so rhat I may magrify the same of Gow ambung you. He my teachers and guides in the ants of discowering fuman scercts, and dishatge faillinuly and in a perfect manner whatever serrice I requite of wal thar falls within your appointed office. The a lighl and comiont unto me, for I am the tue serrant of the 1 lighest. who it the ligh ivi heauen ancl the arisforl of the world. Amen. Amen. Amen.

| ANCELS OF THF FIFTEENTH DAY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Intwokitug \＆ Coramanding | Gooct <br> Angut | Inwoking \＆ C．anumanding | Evil A몀린 |
| East | 10OTEO <br> ARDZA |  | GGIODI <br> AZD凡A | Kcz <br> An <br> Rel <br> Pf⿴囗十⿴囗十 |
| Suaty | ANGPO <br> UNNAK | Ailglen <br> $\operatorname{Or}(p)$ tut <br> Rg（0）ni <br> Tx（i） | IOTGNA <br> XANNL | Xai <br> A 0 C <br> RTg <br> Piz |
| Wegr | O1.6DTA <br> DAlC0 | 7a／Bico <br> Nh（o） $\mathrm{d} d \mathrm{~d}$ <br> Pa（t）ax <br> Salializ | $A 1 O G L O$ <br> OCl．AO | MLa <br> ［inlı <br> Cpu <br> Hsa |
| North | NOALMR <br> OLOAG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Op(a)mn } \\ & A p(\Pi) s t \\ & 5 c(m) i o n \\ & V a(J) s ; \end{aligned}$ | RMLMON CADHE | Mop <br> Oap <br> Esc <br> Hua |

## Invocation of the Flfteenth Day：Angels of Medicins：

You sixteer good angels who stad belleath the arms of the eastern lesser crosses of the four Watchtowers and are potent and skilled in the teaching of medicine and the curing of diserses，in the name of God who is both one and three，I $\qquad$ call upon you to manifest yourselves．

You 「our good angels of light who dwell in the Watchtower of the East，serving the lesser cross of the east，and lave your wfice in the castern pant of the
world，Cenns，Tott，sias and Fmend，I call upon you in the sixfold name of the pillat of your crois，Idoiga，that your show yourselves and manieest percepribly to my aware－ ness；I command you in the fivefold same of the beam of your cross，Ardza，io fulfill all myy shaned purposes that fall within the function of your office．And when the need for your services is extreme，your harins shath be expressed Czons，Toitt，Sigas and Tmond．

You four gewl angets of light who dwell in the watch－ tower of the South，serwing the lesser cross of the east，and haye your office in the southern part of the world，sira， Ornue，Renj ane lens，I call upor you in the sixfold name of the pilliar of your cross，Angpod，that you show your－ selves and manilest puceptibly to my awareness；I com－ mand you in the fivefold name of the beam of your cross， Uninias，to fulfill all my salext murposies that fall within the function of your pefice．And when the need for your ser－ vices is extreme，your fanctes shall be expressed higra， Orpmon，Esoni and laiar．

You four good angels of light who dwell in the Watchower of the Whes，serving the tesser crose of the east，and have your office in the wesienn part of the wonld，Taco，Nhide，Paax ant Salk，I wall apon you in the sixfold name of the pillar of your cross，Olgota，that you show yoursefves and mantest perceptithly to my awareness：I command you in the fivetold name of the hearm of your tross，otalco，to fulfill all ray stated pur－ poses that fafl within the function of your office．And when the geed for your serwices is extreme，your names slaall lye expressed Tagco，Nhotit，Patax and Saliz．

You four pood anpels of light who dwell in the Watchnower of the North，serving the lesser cross of the east，and have your office in the northern part of the world，Opun，Apst，scio and Yast，I call upon you in

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the sixfold name of the pillar of your cross, Noalmer, that you show yorarselves and manifest perceptibly to my awareness; 1 cormand you in the fivefold name of the beam of your cross, Oloag, to fulfill all my sitated purposes leat fall within the function of your office. And when the need for your services is exatrme, your names shall be expressed Opamin, Aplst, Scmio and Warsg.

I say to you all, descend through the gates I have prepared for your passage and dwell with me in harmony. Fie manifest mito try serses in what manner, and with what words, and at what time $T$ call wou, $s 0$ than it may magnify the name of God amone you. Be my teachers and guides in the practice of caring diseases, injuries and infirnities, and discharge faithfulty and in a perfect manner whatever service I mequire of you that falls writhin your appointed office. Be a light and comfort unto me, firs I an the true servant wi the Highest, who is the light of heaven and the comfort of the world, Amen. Amba, Amen.

| ANGELS OF THE SlXTELVTH DAH |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | Invoking 豦 Comimaniting | Choul Angels | Invaking A Commanding | Ewil <br> Angrel: |
| East | LLACZA <br> PALh | Oy[a]ub <br> 「alcloc <br> $\mathrm{Eb}(2) \mathrm{n}$ ) <br>  | A.7CALI, <br> MALAF | Xay <br> Apa <br> Rrh <br> Put |
| South | ANRFM 80 NDN | Oun (d) <br> Cble\}al <br> Rl(f) m ( <br> la | MELANA <br> NDNOS | Kom <br> Ag <br> Rirl <br> Pis |
| Wes | NELAFTG <br> ONEBL | Ma(l)gm <br> Lefa)uc <br> U 1 (p) 5 <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RPAJ.EN } \\ & \text { RBFMO } \end{aligned}$ | Mettal <br> Dle <br> Cus <br> 11г |
| North | WADAL <br> ORAMAM | Guldim <br> Ectalop <br> Mrulthex <br> Bion | ILALTH <br> $A \cup A B O$ | Mgm <br> Oec <br> Cann <br> Hhr |

## INvocation of the Sixtenth Day: Angel.s OF METALS AND STONES

You sixtern groll angels who scand beneath the amms of the southern lesser crosses of the four wealchrowess and are potent and skilles in the finding and working of metals and precious stones, in the rame of God who is both one andit three, 1 $\qquad$ call upon you to manifest yourselves.

You four good angels of ligigh whit dwell in the Watchlower of the Fasi, serving the lesser cross of the south, and have your pffice in the easteres part of the
world, Oyub, Panc, Rlonh anci Diri, I call upon you in the sixtold name of the pillar of your cross, Llacza, ilat yout show yourselbes and matnifest perceptibly to my awareness: I commond you in the fivefold flame of llate betum il your cross, Iralam, to fullill all my stated pur: poses that tall within the [umction ol your office, And wherd the need for your services is extreme, wour names shall be cxpressed thyant, Pacel, pleantu and Diani.
you four pood anpels of light who dwell its the Watchower bl the South, serving the lesser cross of the soutb, and have your office in the southem pati of lke whill, Grige, Ghal, RJitus and latal, 1 call upen yrau in the sixfold nane of the pilldr of your eross, Antaex.n. that you show yourselves and manifest perceptihly to nay awareness; T command you in the fivefolk name of the beam of your cross, Sond $n$, to fultill all my stated purpeses than fall within llee function of your office, And when the need for your gerwices is exmente, your names shall he exprossel Othats, Gbeal, Rlenu and lamhl.
you four good sagels of light who dwell in the Watchlower of the West, serving the lesser cross of the sauth, and have yrour office in the wesmern parl of lije world, Wagr, Leoc. Nesn and Ruoi, 1 call upon you in the sixfold name bis the prillar of your croses, Nelapr, that you show yourselves and manifest perceptibly to my dwarences; I command you in the fivefold name of the bean of your cross, Drebb, to fultill all my stater phrinproses that ratl wilhic the fucxction of your office. And when the need for your services is extremb, yout names shall her expressed Malgor, Leace, Uspen and Reroi.

You four good angels of light who atuell in Itse Watchlower of the North, serving the lesser cross of the south, and have your alfice fir Hes nothern para of the world, Cmmm, Ecop, Amox and Brap. 1 call upody you in
the sjxfold name of the jillar of your moss, Wathati, that you show yourselves and manifest perceptibly to my awareness; I commanuly yot in the fivelold mante of the beam of your cross, Obala, to fultill all my stated purnoosis that iall within the function of your office. And when the geed for your serices is exmeme, your names shall he expressed Grmdnrn, Eoapp, Amlos and Briap.

I say to wou all, descent ihraugh the gales I liave дrepared for your passaze and dwell with me in harmony. Be manilest unto my senses in what manner, and with what words, and at what time I call you, so rhar I may magnify the name of Gou atuone your. Be my teachers and guides in the discorrer and use of metals Ano prewious slones, and discharge faithinlly and in a peffect manner whaterer scrrice I roquite of you that Falls wilhin your afrpinted office. Be a light and comfort unto me. for I am the 1 me servant of the Highest, who is the light of heaven and the cocntort of the world. Amen. Atmen, Alleth,

| ANGELS OF THE SLVENTEENTH DAR |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quanter | Inuwking \& commanding | Com Antgels | myoking \& Cocymandias | Euil Auricis |
| Eas | AAOA <br> OIIT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Abla]mo } \\ & \text { Na }(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{cc} \\ & \mathrm{Oc}(\mathrm{a}) \mathrm{nm} \\ & \mathrm{Sh}(\mathrm{i}) \mathrm{al} \end{aligned}$ | A AOALA <br> T1HO | Catr <br> Ona <br> Moc <br> Asl. |
| Smuth | CBRALPT <br> ARBIZ | Oplalua <br> Dolllop <br> Rx[y]ac <br> Axithir | TPLABC <br> 2 ABRA | CaI <br> OUlo <br> MIX <br> Aax |
| West | MALAMI <br> OLABL | Fallaco <br> N.d.(a) Cr <br> ii(d)po <br>  | [DALAM <br> [14月0 | Rpa <br> And <br> Yii <br> Exr |
| Wnrih | VOLXIDO <br> SHODA |  | ODTLOY <br> ALHIS | R(da <br> MUI <br> Xoo <br> Eef |

## Inyocation of the Seventeenth Dai: Angels of Transformation

You sixteen good angels who stand heneath the arms of Lle northern lesser crosses of the four Watehtowers and are potent and skilled in the transiormation of forms, in the patine of God who is both one and three, I call upon you to manifest yourselves.
You four good angels of light who dwell in the Watchtower of the East, serwing the lesser cross of the north, and have your office in the castern part of the work, Abmo. Naco, Ocnm and Shal, 1 call upon you in
the sixfold mame of the piallar of your cross, Aiaoai, that gou show yourselves and manifest perceptitioly wh my awareness; I commanch you in the fivctold name of the heam of your cross. Oiit, to fulfill all my stalect purposes that fall within the fuation of your office. And whluen the new for your services is estreme, your names shall be expressed Abamo, Naocar Ocaum and Shial.

You four good angels of light who dwell in the Watchtower of the South, serwing the lesper choss of the north, and tawe your office in thr sonthern part of the world, Opha, Doop, Rxal and Axir, I call uphon you in the sixfold name of the pillar of your cross, Cbalpt, that you show yourselves and manifest perceptibly to ayy awareness; 1 command you in the fiwerold hame of the beara of your moss, Arbiz, to íulfill all my stated purposes that fall within the function of your office. And when the need for your services is extreme, your names shall be expressed Opana, Dolop, Rxpao and Axim.

You four grod angels af light who dwell in the Whathower of the West. serving the lesser cross of the north, and have your office in the westem part of the warla, Paco, Ndzn, tipo and Xinh, I call upon you iu the sixfold name of the pillar of your cross, Maladi, that you show yourselves and manifest perceptibly to my awareness: 1 command you in the fivefold name of the beam of your cross, olatact, ta Fulfill all my stated purpolses that fall within the function of your office. And when the need for your services is exreme, your names shall be expecssed Palco, Ndazn, Iidpo and Xrinth.

You tour grod angels of hight who dwell in the Watchlower of the North. secwing the lesser cross of the north, and bave your office in the norliern part of the world, Datt, thion, Oopzand Rgan, I call upon you in the sixfold name of the pillar of your cress, Wolxalo, that

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Appendix A: Enochian Howk of Spirits +347
you show yourselves and manitest perceptibly lar nny awareness; I command you in the fivefold name of the beam of your cross, Sioda, to fulfill all my stated purgoses that fall mrithin the function of your office. And when the seed for your services is extreme, your names standl bee expressed Dalct, Djxom, Oodpz and Rgoan.
[ say to gha all, descend through liee gates I have prepared tor your flassage and dwell with me ia larmony. Ee fianilest unto my senseg fin what manner, and with what words, and at what time I call you, so lhat I may ungrify the name of hod amons you. Be my teachers and guldes in the transformation of forms, and clischarge faithfully and in a perfect manner whatcwor service I require of you that falls within your appointed affice. Bie a light and comfort onto me, for I am the trae servant of the Highest, who is the light of heaven and the comfort of the world. Amen. Amen. Amen.


| ANGELS OF THE LICLITEENTH DAY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quater | Invakiry \& Commanding | Cumpl Angels | linwoktng : Commanting | Evil Angels |
| Eas | AOUERZ <br> ALOd | Actujea <br> Npirlat <br> Otrjol <br> Pm(z) | ZRRDOA <br> LAOLA | Сac <br> Ont <br> Mnt <br> Apul |
| Soun | SPNNIR <br> IL.FIZ | Ms [m] ml <br> Latorba <br> 「z(i) $\times$ p <br> Sulillm | RINMFS <br> ZIIPLI | Cms <br> Oia <br> Miz <br> Ast |
| West | LAMSD <br> AABA | xpisicn <br> Vala) sa <br>  <br> Rnudjil | DSAAd <br> AFATA | Rx y <br> Ard <br> Yda <br> Elll |
| Nouth | R2IONE <br> NR7.FM | Adilite <br> SLin) $x^{2}$ <br> $\mathrm{Pa}[\mathrm{Jij}] \mathrm{li}$ <br> Actriat | RNOIZR <br> MFZRN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rad } \\ & \text { Asj } \\ & \text { Xpa } \\ & \text { F.ac } \end{aligned}$ |

## Invocation of the Eightenth Das: Angels of the Elements

Wous sixteen good angels who stand berteath thee arms of the western lesser erosses of the four Whatchtowers and are fotent and stailled in the knowledere and use of the four elements arat the elernegtals hat dwell in them, in the mane of fod who is both one and lloret? I
$\qquad$ call upon you to manifest yourselwes.
You fobir good angels of light who dwell in the Watchower of the East, serwing the lesser cmoss of the

Whyl, and have your office in the eastern parl of the world, Acca who inhabis the air and moderstands the qualities and uses oi the ait and its Sylphes, Npat math inhabils the waler and uthterstands lfie quatitus and uses of the water ant its Undines, Owi who jnhabis the earti and understands the quadities and uses of the earth alnd its Cnomes, and Pmox who inleabies the liwjog 「ire and amberstands the qualilies and usies of niom and its Salamanders, I call upon you in the sixfold mame of life pillar of your cross, Aourcz, that you slow your gelves and manliest percoptibly to my awarestess; I command you in the fivelold name of the lmanm of your cooss, Aloai, to fultill all any stated purposes lhat fall within the lenction of your office. And when the need fol your strwices is extreme, your manaes shall be expressed Acuca, Nigrat, Otrol and Pmzox

You four good angels of Jigh who dwell in the Watchtiwer of the south, serving the lenser cross of the whest, and hawe your milice in the southerin part of the wollt, Msal who juhabits tle air and understands the qualities abd uses of the air and its Sylphs, laba who inhabids the water and materstands phe qualitiey and cises of the water and jts Undites, [zxp who inhatyils the earth and unuterstands the qualities and uses of die earth and jts Gnomes, and Stimy who inhabits the liwing fire and uniterstands the qualities and asce of the nire and its Salamanders, [ald dipere you in the sixfold rame or the piltir of your cross, Spnanir, that you slow yourselves and maniest perceptibly mo ity awajentss; [ cummand you in the fivetold mame of the leman of wour cooss, Ilpiz, co fulfill all נny stated purposes Ifat fall within the function of your office. And when the need for your semices is cemene, Your names shall be expresged Msmal, lanba, Izixp and Selim.

You fout good angels ai light who dwell in the whatchtower of the West, serving the lesser cross of the west, and have yote office in the western part of the world, Xpen who inhabits the sir and understands the qualities and uses of thee air and ils Syphos, Wasa who inhabits the water and understands the qualities and uses of the water ancl its Umdines, Dapi who inhabila the earth and understande she qualities and uges of the parth and its Gnomes, and knil who inhabits the living Fre and tuderstands ibe qualitles ant uges af the fire and its Salamanders, I call upon you in che sixfold name of the pillar of yout cross, fanasd, that you show yourselves and manifest perceptibly to my awareness; I conmand you in the fiwefold rame of the beam of your cross, Atapa, to lultill all my staced purposes that fatl within tie function of your office. And when the need tor your services is extreme, your names sthall be expressed Xpacn, Yasa, Daspi and Rodil.

You 「out goond angels br tight who dwell in the Watchtowrer of the North, serwing the lesser cross of the west, and liave your oflice in the nombuent part of the world, Adte wrag inhabits ilse ain and understands the qualities and uses of the air and its Sylphs. Sisp who inluabits the water and understands the qualities and nases of the water and its Undines; Pali who inhabits the basth and understands the qutalities and uses of the eanth and its Gnomes, and Acar who inhabite the living fire and undrstand the qualities anch uses of the fue and its Sallamanders, I call upon wou in the sixfold name of the pillar of your dross, Kzioni, that you show yourselves and manites perceptibly to my awareness; I command you in the fivefold name of the bean of your cross, Nezim, to fulfill all my sated purposes that fall within the function of your office. And when the need
for your servidet is extreme, your rames shall be expressed Adire, Siosp, Fanli and Accat,

1 say to you all, descend through the gates 1 have prepared for your passage and dwell with ane in lialmony. Be manifest unto miy senses in what manner, and with what whods, and at what time 1 call you, wo thal \| may magnify the name of Goul anong you. Be my teachers anul geildes in the knowledge, command and usc of the four elements and the fous clased of clemem tal creatures, and discharge faithrully and in a perfect manner whatever service I require of you that falls within your appointed office. We a lighe and comfort unto me; Fol l am the true servant of the Highest, who is the light of heaver and the corrvart of the world. Ament: Ament. Amen.

## Cosen wirn

## Orison of the Nineteenth Day

O Loril oi Hosts, is there any creature that measures the heavens, that is mortall Can a frail and fiarfult wessel of Ilesh lift itself up, heave upp its hands, or gather the Sun is irs bosom? ltow shall I therefore ascend into the spheres? The air will not carry me, but mocks my folly. 1 fall dowill, for I am the clay of the earth. How, therefore, can the light oi heaven enter into man's imagination?

Notwilhstanding, I am comborted. In your mame! am become mighty. You who are the light of truth and sawior of the worlid can, and shall, and do, commanul the heavens and all its hosts as it pleases you, I requite nothing but by you, and ihrough you. for your greater honor ant glowy. What it pleases you to offer me,
recrive. Behold, I pledge my possessions, my labor, my heart and soul for the fulfillment of this work.

These consecrated tables, glaped and prepared according to your will, 1 offer up to you and to your boly angels, desiturg their atlendance in and through your mames of power. Command them as you will, 0 Lorll. May it please your angels to dwell with nle, that 1 may dwell with them; to rejoice with me, that I may rejoice with thenis to ninister unto me, that I mas majnify your mame. As you are theje tight and comfort, so they will be my light and comfort; as they receive what it pileases you to offer, so I wifl receive what in pleases them to offer: as they prescribe no luws to you, so shall 1 prescribe no laws to them. Yet when I call upon theith in your name, O Lord, be it unto me in mercy as tunto the servant of the Highest.

I am become a seer in the light of your countenance. I see your shining angels and magnify your name ambing chem. Atonal Sahaoth, I $\qquad$ call upon the power of yous name. In the power of your mighty name this work of invecation js well and louly tulfilled. Amen. Amen. Amen.

## Aprendix B

## The Vision of the Round House

Montay, January 14, 1585, at Pkagul
Koldey: Here is, Dus, cone with a Wail afore his fater as it were, a Hair Clohl of Ashcolurr: 1 know Jion subl frel: 1 sux a Garden full of fruil, of diwera sorts. In doe eridst uf it je a
 Elusec, it badj four curesra 〔within〕 and 4 Wituluws: aml every hatinduw is Jurnd, and jach 4 rownd patiliods, rowal also It hall 4 Duroses, and al We East Dour is one ster, at the Suuthe 2 ateper, atel at the North 3 , and it deve hest Door 4 sheps: The first Dour is white, Ithe Clarystal, Lrambangent:


 South Door like a Rully, The Devures be all phain. The Fuuse
 selouelt to bue white, and emply.

He flat Itath Lis face torered, openell die East Door
 fre wishire doth weve, and anowe abuel the House, itud by
 appeareth as if all the luwse were a foumaial full of water





Whald．The nexi streana，wither wat，gowell from the \＆ siffer ward，and make（in manner］ 4 Triangles，of ralther Cones，of water，whose werlices rese cul off（as it were）by the middle stream of watcr whith occupie－h die riddle ol Center of the House，and is in circular form invirched．

An other masner of streana here is，which commeth
 diumerruliter or contrudtarie wise，toward that cimedal middele stream．

The middle stream stenech to issue ont an the very Center
 movese，doth seem to lall circuluriter in oure circuminerence．

Fowley：The fire also had divireity iat it．
Dee： 1 woold pou had noled nle diversity of the firte also．
Levinael－Thase that leary Lruly，learn by parts．
Reilicy：The colatr of the water in 山e Genter，is most pure white．

The waiers of that Sainl Ahturnw Erosse，are like a water semewhat Saffonish coliuned．Ite waters of die Tis－ angles，are somewhat like a watrisla blew，which appearell mast，in the top of tex arcloce of their towing：

For all epring chberwizs．
The utermost water，is of Quelsesilver shitew is it it were somenthat mortifivi．

Dee：In the fegure following you tay gather a better and mine easie tunderstanditle of this Descriptien of the water stieames．

Casautuas Marginal Note：ifere is a blank or mod spoce in the Oririnal Copie：but no figure．＂1 have inserted my own illestrations imo tie volds in Tlee＇s manuscript－D．T． ）


Cayent of beber in the Sourd Fouse
Welley：Now he opencth the Fise Door apaine：And the fule appuareth in a square place．And there appeare 4 fres filliug de whole place，Jeaving nothing vaccuum．

One of these fires secmeth to rise from the Center of the plate；and to go ir low arches to the 4 carners of the House．

The Lowse sumenth thater 14 fout fone in every side，
The arches of theso fires sebm to come from a crunk of fire，which riselld from atrout the center：and seemeth to be 4 foot orer in lic Diatuerer．

This Truak seemeds to be high three quarters of the height of the place；The place seemeth to be as high as it is broad．

Ont the top of this 症ry truak，seemath the fire to be it form of a liery Clebe，having 6 foot，his Diamater，which fire reperberateth and rolleth in it self．

Prom the sides of 山ict Trumk（betwern the said Ghohe and the foressid Arctus，pocth up tire Triangerlarly，filling all］；路vine that which remaincth filled，by the flames of flre，which arigett form the Glote to the if comers oit the House，filling all lope plact above the Glabe

Lhe．As by lue fieure annexed，more plainly may appear．
Casabbon＇s Marginal Note：Here is a blank，or woid space in the Original Copie．bum no 「gum


TOP MFN


Cursints of Nite in the Romed Souse
Kelley: Note The colous of the nee of the 4 arches, is wery red; The rest are wery pure, Aerial, candent, cte.

The Motiden of the Lumbe five is swiftest.
The Original Ceuter of all these fizes, seemeth tu tee very litle,

Now he openvblu the red lonor.
The Houst secmech darkish, af colour af the swork of a Whax Candle brijeg put out,

Kelley: It hatly a motions in is also: ewery ontie moving mate swiftly Uren the other: All from the midulle of the Hoctse. Three of theish move arch-wige to the sides.

The first and swortl alise to half the height of the place.
The thind actupisth the othet half.
The fourtio goult uptlight is the sop of the House,
The sexond his space thot he striketh ayainst on the Whall is southad to the space of the Wall, abaintsh which the first smuteth.

Casambon's Marginal Note: Here is a biank ar wort space th the Drgimal Copves unt no figure.


TQP Мル上W


Kellen; Now he geciech the black brieht boor: and the House there steutull full of black dust, like Gun-powder colowe, ne somewhat of l, e, digh colew

Now he seccueth to goe down, faje and soffyry from the LLouse, fown the lithe Hill, and from wence goeth by a water side, to a Rackish Mountain.

He speatccth.
Lemartaze Ascend, 1 . 3 m गaw meady for won: Bitime oul Vour Mattacks. Spacles, and Showels. Enig en weri eti.

Kphey: Now cone out of that Rouk, sewen leans nutw, whib hpades, and 5howets, and Materks, etco

Leminice: Follow me.
Kelry: Now dhey be come up to the foreanid Hill.

Meney: Every oue starnieah distinetly ont form anothers and ther dif on the foresaid Hill, which hefore sceumed copered sith Earllu and CTasse: Ful Low in appeareth to bet it Fook, and they dig than the Fire Ilielh out again of dueir siforiber, and sueme hape hroken their Mathocks, some their Sparles, all except who ome writh a Slowed, ar other with at Pickax,

Whrkmert: O Loud we latbout in vaila.
Lemprafl: So you ate gare ta do, valesse you have bettel 7noler.

Workmear Alas we labpout in wain.
Orte of thent This is long of you.
Levandel' a had you prowite Instruments ta labour witth, but youl asked not roe, wherein you should labour. Therefore have yout dlgged waray that which you saw, and have repulse with bat you know not.

A dark man thou arr, and hidden away from men, and so me thy donngs.

Keltey: They stood gazing one on anather.
Latandel; Have you not better Instruments? Ga, provide your selves, and return.

Felley: They rume a great pace to the foresaid Rocky Cave from whence they cime out firat. Now they come againe with great Fiedles of Tron, and Whedpes. They kenck their Whatges (is we use in Whond) and no break ofe great Shates of Stone, like Slate, and thoow it down the Hill.

One of them: What at thing is this, that this Wede is brokent

Anorher: We ale in worse case then ever we were.
Kchley: Thejr Wedges ane broken, the most part, and the Fhe fliech out of the stone in great abundance.

Lemulad: The nature of this Stone is not to cleave: Therecore if you have no pther Insitruments you must cease.

Kuthey: They are in great disquietness among themselves,

Lewnatl' Thome that go a Joursey, prowide them choathes against all weathers: He that is worthy of the Name of a Conqueror, catrieth with him all Engines: Where the Bridges be broken fown, he stayeth not. because be is prepared; Behalit, he hath wictuals tor time to come, and his Sthdy is as well the event as is the mean. So should true Labourers do: cansidering what they worle tin. Hor the Eanh is a Monster with many faces: and the receptacle of all varietry, Go home, gand not idle. Provide by Als for the handinsse of Nature, for the one Sifter weepeth without the neher,

Kelley; They go away speedily.
Lemamael; They hawe their Tioles to handen, and their

Steces to temper. It will be mate that ant how space before they retum. Therefore may you spend the situe iu your mucessity, and use the rime of dily as you are
 their labaer will be without fruit.

Kelicy: Now he is grome.
Dee's uote; The same day, after diuther we metirrien to our former purase for God his Service. to his Honlour and Giory

Fothty: Ae [s llere. Now the Labousers he comming onf; They have Wedges made long and sharp- and Pickases with there pilkes wery shant.

Herkers: Our Lrust is, that these tonl will serve.
kithy: They fall to work. They make like square holes. and put in their wedges, and break up, the rock or hinckish slone (liku ywum-cnise, or Magnes atane) in roumdish hunips as bile as a two pecty toaf, about two ar three inches theck, TJey pick or lig oound about the hole first, ind so aftet use theil wodges. The Pickaxes hawe shrep teants, parh plek therwal higust then the other. The first is as hig as one Finger: the securud as two: the third ast hroad as frue fingers. Aud ag atter the tires digping they fetch three or four calkes or piuces unt of one bole, and then they go 10 amother. Now one of them is faln anto the ground, inp to the amm pits. Now another is Ealn in, to the knees. Now the buise standiug theroon teximeth to ghake, and waver from one side to the ather. Now the men be gatem num af the hale dey stuck in.
Letwitad: Maku an end of your lahour.
Ohe of the fiverknart to 效e Guade: It hehoverh yon to find at tentedy, of to let us understand what remedy we shall fittete, that you may deacend thence: for to, the perif you stand ius, is ertal: for this Rock was nothine else hut a shell, whose kernel is a bottomlasse lake, and a myte quickened widh sonse shut up water.

Lentridel: You corne hither as Labourets, therefore malke an end of your work, and stand not jide. If the house, finte, nod is sith, then is yuur labour at an end. For the emit of

## 360 - Encehian Magic for Beginners

yout lathon is the fulfilliag of my will, and the promise which you have made me.

One of thans: The are ready to do our pmomise; but we are mote Jeady to providt that you may he amomgat us; $s$ you may he free from danger.

Letarthei: D you of fitale wil; whe you not aghamed? which of you have dwell withitio the secretg of this E[ill? yed, which ai you inkensude to fultil his promise? Judye not a lhing whereot yau have ne skill, neithat be slack in Lhat youl hawe ro da: for die bue hath hise reward of idle uesse, and the other is cumbemmed of rashaesse: For whys [s spingeth on her mother iznorance.

Whey say. If we work, it is ngainst reasmm, Neither do uut tools answer to this lahour. Therefore we had rather tre idle, then to lathour about nothing: for to laboser in wain, is to do nothiag.
\|f we were determined to work hou shanld we perforcu out determination, sisce the lustroments of working want?

Leodand: thather up the piowes of rout spades, that is
 bises they are, the fitter they dre 10 turn up such saile.
 nails,

One 时 them in che Sruitr: Whan hash thou there? Sputin: Nails.
Koller: They be like Horilnoot-Mails.
Loungel: Thau cam"al jan eood time, leave thy clails behthot thee, and at thy returil I will patit thee for them. Ses, Goul bsol unmindful of us, for matls are the fittest thinus to further wonr work. Jupn berefore your spades and shov. els Lugerher, atud labour.

Kifay: Fow they are mendine their shates and showels, die lono of them being all oll asd broken.

Now they work, asid Luuw away the earth like durty sand, and the skurt of the earih sticketh to their spader and shovels.

One gaeth hełindg, ald waketh a trench to ket the waler mat innot the sand.

One of therri- How now! Have we pound harwest in the midst af winter?

Levanal: why: what have yous thete?
One of them: Marry, either Alablaster or sald,
Felley: Now nne of them knocketh a plece off wilh his showel-end, and reacherh it up tn his Culde-

Lerganarer Did E not tell yons, that the Earth hath many laces?

Kelley: They work now easily, and cut up like salt ar Alataster.

Now they have dipged all the hill sway, even to rhe house. Niow the house seemeth brilident upon that white stuff.

One of themi [f we dig any fiothet, we shall undernine the house.

Levarasi: Go ta your hasiness.
Felley: They work.
Levinaed. Suft. sofi. Now dahnut with ymur hands as sadtly as may he. Scand asine.

Felley: Now he taketh one of the Ironts of thels spades and secmeth himseli to pare the sides oit the Foundation under the house, and it seemeth to he a wessel of minnsparEnt 민asse, and hawing fire within it.

Levanaer. The fear of the Lond is a burming fire, consumeth not, but rectifieth che handes the cld Aross if wipeth away, and the daily influxion or the flesh and sin in sepat rateth from the soull.

Bethold \{I say) he liweth mof, hur usto whom life is given: nesther is their any foy, hot it in asceandings for the end of juy js glory: but plory is the consummation of tesire, and the beginning of felicity. No man entereth truo foy, hut by life- neither is there amy life, but in the feas of Gond.

Whosoever therefore hath the fear oif Gnd ler him draw necer, and come hither. Number exceedechan mor, but by uniLess. Neither [5 there any' maltiplicatinn but by arder, I'ror the root of mumber is one. And things that ancensi are digalfied by order. Gut of this weasel go four ventr ascending jnto that Rock, which is the Roor, which is this building.

If is snid, Rehold: let my appirit ealer In, het there be Separation thate writhin the luouse of the North, that the carth may be divided into her membels, Gursed be that body, Lhat is not divided, accorclity to phonortions, answerime to the Division, For she bade yel not cast off the slaape of dalinesge.

Fellay: There runawh upire lato the hnuse, irogst out ol the mumd glasse vessel umber the foundation of the houste And that fire maketh a gred nolse dthmugh the black butgh or mathle door to be' hard gmiy, Now that North door is mightily thrown upen, and there appeas in the house like kernels of applet, and slime appearedj, and waler thinner then slime, and there appareth. pure water else. Now thete commacth together stuff like yellow earth, which the fire wrought out of the black earth: Ausd tue pure water minneth inta tyat gellow stuff.

Leknnarl. Of that lake a parl.
Nelley: The fire returneth back again among the stull in what fouge, and there zppeser of all Creatures same.

Letumael: Here [s Cruation, and Is is the first.
 whech was thrown up, aud he breakenth it into six pieces Like romat Balles.

He takerth a thing like at wespel of [ron, and puttelth [utw it chat mixture of yellow teatl and water. And it lookets bone like grasse minalyed with water.
Lethnael: Thow an slroug, and will heget a stroug child.
Repry: Wow he putuly uld the parth which le pul int and it is a lume of gold. He elweth it him that standecth by Jermamed So are the secels of the earth.
Kikny: Now he takela the seoond, and purtekly il ith.
 of thy begt Ornaments, lor thou an weaker in the swoul. Kelley: He taketh it unt, and it is as jof it were pure silver:
lethaninel: Where were is douhle theft, paverth insueth. But, motwrithstanditus, Thou art trae; for thou eivest unto every thing as much as lie desireth: Thou openest the
greatest hahility and strengelt of thy puwer, not such as it hath been, hut such as it is.

Ferley: Now the pucterth tio die third Ball.
Levaraer: Thoul must tary, for dou an of an harder digestion, since thou ant the Elitut, Coment thy self, for thow are not an Inherifoir

Kelley: He taketh It olft, ady yivith unato one of them that standeth by, that is a acd wetial Jike copper.

Now he taketh up athother of due Balle, and holdeth it in his trand.

Letaraci: Hehold, thy mother, Hisal js gone, and the enemy of life entreth, for he thist passubh his suifdle age, decayeth, and draweth to an end.

Behord, thou shollt fimb at Step-mbluer, for thou' cam'st out of time.

Feiley: Now he putteth in intu the vessed.
Ievartapi: Lat rold cover thy fare, let the North maly beget thee, for thont att ant enejny lo risy predeceshars. But bhou are of grear wertue, for of the excrement shall werthe receive dignity- And thy vertue stiall he a garland to Natuse; for thou shall he wisib]e whetu the other are gilent: the Seas shall mat hinder thy wertue, notwithstanding. thy wertue shall differ with the Seas: Pior is they differ, so shalt thene.

Redrey: Nows he taketh it out, it is a ragged thine tike Souths cynder of iron, whed in brily holes jas il. as if it were spongy.

Now he taketh ep anather Hall of due carll: he putteth it in.

Leminnel: Thou ate tractable adudike untw an obedien dauglter: But thou shatt be the Liflt jom the second and an Lustruntent to the first.

Ketey: Wow he taketh it out, it is like unto a white whetsone, as he shaperi it at the putbise in, it is like Tyпнe
Now he taketh up another foall, and pulle山it in.
Leturact: Thou art Ehe lasy that hou in kimecly and by himeself tis being: Behold thy fice is likut unto wax, but thy
inwand bowels are like unto the anger of a serpent: Many shiall hawe thee, but shall wot know thee.

One of them ty said: Will you give me nothing?
Kinirep: A great cloud coverelh thent all, the stone and all. ${ }^{1}$

## Notes

## Chapter One

1. Casanhon, Meric: A Jrue \& Fathfur Relorion of What passed for many Yeers Bfamfen Dr, fotha Dee (A Maimerrattian of Great Fame in O. Eliz. and King Jomes their Reprtes] amw Some Srinds Iending (had it Stuceeded) To a Genctal Alteration of moni STATKS and RTNGDOMES in dre Morid. London: 1659. Reprinted in facsimile by The Antomine Pulbjsining Co. Glasgow, 1974, page 174.

This work is a reproduction ol a porkion ol Lleers magical aliarjes, along with plates of some of the more importanc Enochian symbols such as the Cable of Iractice and the Colden Talisman. It should be noted that the pagimatious in this work is fauter. The papes jump (fion no obvious reason) from 256 th 353 , and contigue at this ligher level. 1 have adhered to the page rumbering that appears in the original.
2. Ibid., p. 184.
3. Ibid., p. 145.
4. Jbid., P. 64.
5. Thid., PI, 155-160.
6. For an example of a rypical book of spirits, see Francols Bartett's The Mugtus (Lomston; 1801), the plate facing pasge 105 wi mook II.
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8. 1 bid .
9. Jbid. P. 189.
10. See references to the imporlance of Monday in the Endelian commomications in A The ond Fairhfor Redution, pp. 23 and 114.
11. Ikich., p3. 145-6.
12. Nid. p. 161.
13. lbiddr, $\mathrm{f}^{1,394 .}$

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13. Private Diary P. 11.
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15. Privata Diryy, p. 13.
16. Joht Dhe: 1527-1608, ppe 68-69.
17. Brime Ditury, p. 14
18. Ibid. pp. 14-15.

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2. Thid., [1, 30.

3. Ibid.
4. Ibid
5. True and Faithful Relation, p. 30.
6. Ibid. p. 31.
7. Ibid.. P. 231.
8. $113 \cos _{r 3}$ P. 396.
9. True and filithfin Relation, $P$. 396.
LI. Ibid. , p, 9 of the Actio Tertia section.
10. Jbid., p. 11.
11. Thid., p. 12
12. Thid. P. 13
13. Inid, p. 20
14. 1bide, ${ }^{\text {b. }} 21$.
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16. Wolim Dec: Scientist, Geographer, etc, p. 274,
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9. Ibid If. $^{\text {P. }} 18 \mathrm{~B}$
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11. Ibid.. p. 396.

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4. The and Fuithful Retation, 4th page in the Preface.
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31. Occud palosophy, p. 553.
32. The Enorator Mogick, P, 40.
33. Ibid. P. 32.
34. The Enachian Wagik, p. 29. See also Tumer, p. 40.
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37. Heptimehia Mystica, p. 44

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1. Trum and Faideril Relatione, pp. 92-93.
2. The? Erodrar Welgick, pp. 11-12.
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2. Heptanchis Mystra, P. 95-96,
3. Thid., [r. 81.
4. Thind, p. 103.
§. The Errochian Magick p. 184.
5. Heptarchia Mystica, p. 84.
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## Chapter Nine

1. Heptarchia Mystica, p. 59.
2. The Erachian Margick. p. 29.
3. Heptarchia Mystica. p. 50.
4. Ibid. p. 67. Dee is not explicit, saying only of this
spisis: "Ihou preservest me through the mercy of God) from the power of the wicked: and wast with mee in extremity. Thot wast with me thorouglity. ${ }^{\text {w }}$ The reference is perhaps to the events of September 23, 1583. When Dee and Kelley were disembarkidg from a Danish flyboat into a small fishing boat, the riging of the fishing byat became entangled with that of the flyboat and caused the lighter craft to take on water kelley bailed the boat using a gauntlet and was athe to keep ir from foudering in che rough sea until they made land at Queenborough, Kent (see Casaubont, p. 33j. Thes incident look place a year after the reception of the Heptuschia, but perhaps itse portion of Dee's mannscripu that contans the reference to the spirit Mares was written at a later date.

## Chapter Ten

1. The and Faithful Relation, p. 77.
2. Ibid. P. 145 .
3. Exodus 39
4. These diagrans of the tribes in relation to the gates are seproduced in Geoffey Janteg The Etoodian Magick of Dr. John Dee, Llewellyn Puhlications, 1994, p. 103. James has reproduced themis in a sliphtly modified form, foom Dee's manuscripl Liber Sotentiae Auxilii et Victoriae Terrestris, which forms British Liturary docurtem stome M.S 319 .
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9. Thid., p. 231,
10. Jhic.. p. 181.

## Chaidter Eleven

1. The and Firithrol Pelation, pp. 168-169
2. Ibid., pp. 170-171.
3. Ibid. P. 92

## Chafter Twelve

1. True amil Faithful Redation, p. 172.
2. Proctology and Alchenty, p. 127
3. The crad Faithfil Relator, p. 173.
4. These and Fatidrail Reintions, p. 173
5. Ibid., ply. 175-176,
6. Ibid. p. 177.
7. Tbid. p. 183
8. bid. . p. 355.
9. Ibid., P. 179
10. Thic., p. 144.
11. 1thild. pr. 179
12. Itial.
13. Ibid. pp. 13-16 of the "Actio Tertia" section

## Chapter Thirteen

1. 7hue am Faithfu Relation, p. 184.
2. |hich , p. 17.
3. The Ertocridu Magick. of. 120
4. True and faidful Reloxhm, p. 178.
5. Tetragrammatorn, pp, 223-224.
6. The and Faithfud Relation, p. 61.
$7_{r}$ Ibid.r p. 180.
7. Ibit., p. 18il.
8. Ibid. p. 179,
9. Ibid, $\mathrm{F}=181$.
10. Ibid., p. 180.
11. Ibid.
12. Jbja , p. 180-181.
13. Jhid., p. 188.
14. Thit., ㅍ. L84.
15. Thiti, p. 183.
16. Jbid. p. 184.
17. Ibidis P. 18.

## Chapter Fourteen

1. Truat ald Firithrad Relation, p. 76.
2. Ibid. ${ }^{17} .79$
3. lbid.
4. Thitl. . 1. 81,
5. Tit British Lilhary Slowne MS 3191. Dee has taken extreme care to reproduce both the Enochian langlatge version (in Latin chavaclerc) and the English แasalation of the Kers in a meticulous printed smiph.
6. Lomplyte Euchiar Dictionary, P- 35.
7. It is my stroug opinion that the direction in the Thirteenth Key should be west, not south. No mistake wat matle ly Dee and Kelicy in transcribing this word, beculuse the Enplish correctly matches the Erumbian, "Babuger" Does indeet man south. How. eper, as I bove shown in my boak Teragrammatar ( $p, 219$ ) this dierection viclales the seqnomere prowlously and suhsequenty adhered to in the Kevs.

Bepinning wath the lhird Key, each kiey is associaled wilh a divection in four cycles around the Earth that being in the east and muve clockwise: 3rd-wash,
 9th-wesc, 10th-morth; 11th-east, 12th-south, 13th-
 1 Fth-wesc, $18513-n$ noth.

I Adrise acyone working will the weys for thathe "Sworde bil the sounh" ro "Swords of the north," and "bibipen" to "sobel,"

## Chapter Fifteen


2. Denninas Melita \& Ostorne Phillips. Mysteric Megioa,

St, Patal; Lewatlyn Publications, 1981, p. 177.
3. The and Forlator Relalion, 10. 183.
4. Ibtis F. 18t.
5. Erochian Magits, p. 116.
6. The and Faikfid Fielation, p. 153.
7. Ibid, P. 154.
8. Ibid.r PP. $156-157$
9. Ibid. pp. 156-159.
10. Oxad Phitomphy. p. 97.

## Chafter Sixtein

1. The and Faithful Relation, pp. 188-189.
2. Ibid. P. 184.
3. Tbia, P. 182.

4, Jbid., p. 189.
5. lbik.
6. [hid.. pp. 196-7.
7. There Booke wf Occult Philosophy. P. 300 .

## Chalter Seventeen

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2. Ibid., p. 625.
3. The and Faithtur Refarion, P. 179.

4, See Crowley, Aleiscer. The Vision and the Voice. Edited
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5. The Godern Dhave, 歫. 657-558,
6. lbjul, p. 656 .
7. True and Faithfal Relaton, p, 181.
8. Golden Dourn Pp. 631-634,
9. Ibid., p. 638
10. Thid. . pp. 643-644.

11, Tbid., ए. 637.

384 - Enuchian Magic for Bepinnets
12. Wang Kotiert. The Secret Temple York Beach: Gamuel Weiser, 1980, the eighth plate and pages st8. This book is an excellent description of the ritual furniture and tools of the Golden Dawn. See also Golder Drawn, p. 657
13. Godan Duwn. p. 659
14. Jbid., p. 658.
15. Guder Dawn, p. 683.

## Apfendux A

1. Trese and Faithfud felarion, P. LB4.

## APPENDIX B

1. Thue and tomphat Ralmion, pp. 355-359

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[^0]:    hapsama: Find up togethet, 48 Jeaves; whose skin shal] bear silver. Whose Purimeter shatl be -30 inches: in lenght, \&: it bieadth 7 .

    Dixe: do you require it to be purchment, ot paper?
    Mapsuma. I have said.
    Fhe: What shill 1 , then, dor, ifler $T$ hive tausen 4 d leaves the be bound?

    Ahzposam: The fourteenth dily of your rest, even this Tablecloath. and nout wher shoill Le spreat for a Banket. Whereumbv, yous shell invite the Augese of the Lord: In the mittdest of the Table lay down the loots and go foutli; make also the doors after you. Than the Iteavens maty justifie your faill $\mathrm{l}_{1}$ and Youk נlay be cowforted. For, mant is not worthy to write that shall be written: Jeither shall there he found meny worthy to upen chat book.s

[^1]:    Sow of Prince Brisdon

[^2]:    
     Whe the dings shoeth lue ontered ancording to the order af the tilnge,
    
    
    
    

[^3]:    The Digmatare on the Origitul Gred Toblt

